

## Personal income and employment by major component, 2010-2019

Bureau of Economic Analysis

Description	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Income by place of residence										
Personal income (millions of dollars)	35452.0	37981.8	39266.0	38978.0	41210.0	42555.1	41837.4	42431.4	43981.2	45056.8
Nonfarm personal income [1]	35447.2	37977.6	39256.6	38970.2	41200.5	42545.4	41824.5	42423.1	43971.1	45046.6
Farm income [2]	4.8	4.1	9.4	7.9	9.4	9.7	12.9	8.3	10.1	10.2
Population (persons) [3]	714014	722511	731106	738057	737638	739127	743410	741949	737717	734823
Per capita personal income (dollars) [4]	49652	52569	53708	52812	55867	57575	56278	57189	59618	61316
Derivation of personal income										
Earnings by place of work	26980.2	28475.1	29655.7	29872.7	30607.6	31433.1	30583.2	30670.0	31614.7	32216.3
Less: Contributions for government social insurance [5]	2676.8	2545.5	2697.7	3119.8	3115.8	3164.1	3056.5	3082.3	3153.3	3274.5
Employee and self-employed contributions for government social insurance	1338.5	1101.1	1146.4	1514.9	1548.1	1587.0	1545.0	1572.7	1626.1	1710.7
Employer contributions for government social insurance	1338.3	1444.4	1551.3	1604.9	1567.7	1577.1	1511.4	1509.6	1527.2	1563.8
Plus: Adjustment for residence [6]	-179.8	-194.3	-205.4	-206.2	-219.8	-223.3	-194.4	-181.3	-191.2	-196.8
Equals: Net earnings by place of residence	24123.5	25735.2	26752.6	26546.7	27272.0	28045.6	27332.3	27406.4	28270.2	28745.0
Plus: Dividends, interest, and rent [7]	5992.5	6708.0	7111.1	7017.8	7457.9	7870.6	7945.9	8048.3	8151.2	8363.5
Plus: Personal current transfer receipts	5336.0	5538.5	5402.3	5413.6	6480.1	6638.9	6559.2	6976.7	7559.8	7948.3
Components of earnings by place of work (millions of dollars)										
Wages and salaries	17998.1	18772.3	19588.2	19949.1	20515.3	21225.8	20517.8	20396.7	21056.7	21846.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	5174.3	5696.1	6147.1	6409.2	6620.4	6595.8	6675.0	6758.7	7245.6	7181.9
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds [8]	3836.1	4251.7	4595.9	4804.3	5052.7	5018.7	5163.6	5249.1	5718.4	5618.0
Employer contributions for government social insurance	1338.3	1444.4	1551.3	1604.9	1567.7	1577.1	1511.4	1509.6	1527.2	1563.8
Proprietors' income [9]	3807.7	4006.6	3920.3	3514.4	3471.9	3611.5	3390.4	3514.6	3312.4	3188.3
Farm proprietors' income	-12.6	-12.6	-9.2	-10.5	-9.5	-7.9	-5.8	-14.5	-11.1	-11.0
Nonfarm proprietors' income	3820.3	4019.2	3929.5	3524.9	3481.4	3619.4	3396.2	3529.0	3323.5	3199.2
Employment (number of jobs)										
Total employment	443904	450364	459222	461110	461327	461649	457120	455499	454830	454785
Wage and salary employment	352399	358363	364972	365773	365894	367606	360916	357026	355974	358588
Proprietors employment	91505	92001	94250	95337	95433	94043	96204	98473	98856	96197

### Legend/Footnotes

[1] Nonfarm personal income is total personal income less farm income.

[2] Farm income is farm earnings less farm employer contributions for government social insurance.

[3] Census Bureau midyear population estimate. BEA produced intercensal annual state population statistics for 2010 to 2019 that are tied to the Census Bureau decennial counts for 2010 and 2020. BEA developed intercensal population statistics because this data was not published when Census released state population data for 2020 through 2022, which are based on the 2020 decennial counts. BEA used the Census Bureau Das Gupta method (see <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/popest/technical-documentation/methodology/intercensal/2000-2010-intercensal-estimates-methodology.pdf>), modified to account for an extra leap year day, to produce the intercensal population figures that will be used until Census releases its official intercensal population data.

[4] Per capita personal income is total personal income divided by total midyear population. BEA produced intercensal population figures for 2010 to 2019 that are tied to the Census Bureau decennial counts for 2010 and 2020 to create consistent time series that are used to prepare per capita personal income statistics. BEA used the Census Bureau Das Gupta method (see <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/popest/technical-documentation/methodology/intercensal/2000-2010-intercensal-estimates-methodology.pdf>), modified to account for an extra leap year day, to produce the intercensal population figures that will be used until Census releases its official intercensal population data.

[5] Employer contributions for government social insurance are included in earnings by industry and earnings by place of work, but they are excluded from net earnings by place of residence and personal income. Employee and self-employed contributions are subtractions in the calculation of net earnings by place of residence and all of the income measures.

[6] The adjustment for residence is the net inflow of the earnings of interarea commuters. For the United States, it consists of adjustments for border workers and US residents employed by international organizations and foreign embassies.

[7] Rental income of persons includes the capital consumption adjustment.

[8] Includes actual employer contributions and actuarially imputed employer contributions to reflect benefits accrued by defined benefit pension plan participants through service to employers in the current period.

[9] Proprietors' income includes the inventory valuation adjustment and the capital consumption adjustment.

\* Estimates prior to 1950 are not available for Alaska and Hawaii.

Note. All dollar estimates are in millions of current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). Calculations are performed on unrounded data.

(NA) Not available.

Last updated: March 31, 2023--new statistics for 2022; revised statistics for 2020-2021.