Overweight and obesity, men and women at military muster (C) - per of folkehelseinstituttet cent

Year			2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Geography	Weight category	Gender							
Nordland	overweight or obese (BMI above 25)	both genders	23.6	25.2	26.6	27.7	28.5	27.7	27.7
		men	23.8	27.4	27.8	30.6	31.7	29.4	28.2
		women	23.3	23.2	25.3	24.7	24.8	25.9	27.3
	overweight (BMI 25-29)	both genders	16.4	17.0	16.8	17.7	19.4	17.2	18.5
		men	15.2	16.6	15.5	18.7	20.1	17.1	18.4
		women	17.8	17.5	18.2	16.6	18.5	17.3	18.6
	obese (BMI above 30)	both genders	7.1	8.2	9.8	10.0	9.1	10.5	9.2
		men	8.6	10.8	12.3	11.9	11.6	12.2	9.8
		women	5.5	5.7	7.1	8.1	6.3	8.6	8.6
Troms	overweight or obese (BMI above 25)	both genders	25.7	25.5	27.1	25.1	27.5	27.9	26.2
		men	28.3	26.8	30.3	27.3	30.0	29.9	27.7
		women	22.6	24.1	23.9	22.7	24.7	25.8	24.7
	overweight (BMI 25-29)	both genders	17.9	16.0	18.2	15.4	18.2	17.4	16.7
		men	18.8	15.3	19.1	14.9	19.7	16.9	15.4
		women	16.8	16.8	17.4	15.8	16.6	17.9	18.0
	obese (BMI above 30)	both genders	7.8	9.5	8.9	9.7	9.3	10.6	9.5
		men	9.5	11.5	11.2	12.4	10.3	13.0	12.3
		women	5.8	7.3	6.5	6.9	8.1	7.9	6.7
Finnmark	overweight or obese (BMI above 25)	both genders	29.9	25.7	28.2	32.3	29.3	31.1	33.0
		men	33.6	25.2	32.9	40.2	31.7	34.5	34.6
		women	25.6	26.1	22.3	24.6	26.8	27.3	31.4
	overweight (BMI 25-29)	both genders	19.4	16.6	16.1	20.1	18.5	20.0	19.1
		men	22.4	15.5	16.5	21.8	16.9	21.9	17.2
		women	16.0	17.5	15.6	18.4	20.2	17.8	21.2
	obese (BMI above 30)	both genders	10.5	9.1	12.1	12.3	10.9	11.1	13.9
		men	11.2	9.7	16.5	18.4	14.8	12.5	17.4
		women	9.6	8.6	6.7	6.2	6.6	9.5	10.1

CellMark Legend

- .. Missing data
- . Not possible to calculate
- : Hidden value

Overweight and obesity, men and women at military muster (C) - per stillehelseinstituttet cent

Description

Percentage of boys and girls age 17 with overweight (i.e. BMI between 25-29,9 kg/m²), obesity (i.e. BMI above 30 kg/m²) or overweigt or obesity (i.e. BMI above 25 kg/m²) out of all persons who supplied height and weight in the internet based military muster (sesjon 1).

To change the table, open the "change selection of...".

Three measures are available. Use the Measure button to select:

1. Number = Number per year

2. Per cent = Percentage of all who have supplied height and weight at first military muster (sesjon 1).

3. Relative to the country value (Norway = 100) = Ratio between the county's rate and the national rate for a given year. Examples; ratio = 130 means that the county's rate is 30% higher than the national level. A ratio of 87 means that the county's rate is 13% lower than the national level.

Body mass index (BMI) is an expression for weight in relation to height and is used to measure and compare the health risks of e.g. overweight in a population.

WHO has set the following limits to classify overweight and obesity among adults over 18 years using BMI (kg / m²):

BMI between 25 and 29.9 = overweight

BMI of 30 and above = obesity

For children and young people under 18 years IOTF's age- and gender-specific threshold values are used to classify overweight and obesity. These values are used to calculate the proportion of overweight among 17 year olds.

Rationale for indicator

Overweight and obesity increase the risk of type 2 diabetes, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, osteoarthritis of the knees and hips and some cancers such as colon cancer. Overweight and obesity can also have serious mental health consequences. There is no clear BMI threshold for when disease risks increases or decreases, the transitions are sliding.

Prevention of obesity is of great importance. Measures that can affect food and activity habits will be of particular importance.

Source

Norwegian Defence personnel and conscript center

Collection

Data are self-reported height and weight supplied in the internet based military muster (sesjon 1) to the Norwegian Defence. BMI has been calculated based on height and weight.

Interpretation and sources of error

Regarding assessment of individuals' degree of overweight and obesity, BMI is not always suitable because several other factors come into play. A weakness of BMI is that it does not distinguish between fat and muscle mass. For health, it also matters how the fat is distributed on the body.

When numbers are missing

Statistics based on fewer than three cases are hidden for privacy reasons. When the population segment that the cases are collected from is smaller than 10, data are also hidden for privacy reasons. In addition, statistics for a subset are concealed, if the figure for this subgroup, with the figure for the group, could be used to derive a number that is hidden for privacy reasons.

If more than 20 per cent of the numbers in a time series are hidden for privacy reasons, the entire time series is concealed so as not to create a false impression of the situation. Time series are also hidden where more than 50 per cent of the numbers in the time series are based on 6 or fewer cases.

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fhi.no/norgeshelsa

cent

Time periods 2011-2017

Geographical level

Norway, health regions and counties

Gender Both genders, boys and girls

Age groups

17-year-olds

Last updated

27/04/18

Keywords

Click on a keyword to search for similar indicators.

- BMI
- Overweight
- Obesity

Fact sheets

Below are links to relevant fact sheets, articles and reports. These may describe trends over time in the Norwegian population or differences by sex, age group, geographical region or socioeconomic status:

- Overweight and obesity in Norway Public health report
- Body mass index and health (in Norwegian only)