B24010C: SEX BY OCCUPATION FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER (AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE)

Universe: Civilian employed American Indian and Alaska Native alone population 16 years and over

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	35.668	+/-2.217
Male:	17.099	+/-1.413
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	3.371	+/-72.6
Management, business, and financial occupations:	1.819	+/-453
Management occupations	1.471	+/-368
Business and financial operations occupations	348	+/-218
Computer engineering and science occupations	694	+/-520
Computer and mathematical occupations	237	+/-253
Architecture and engineering occupations	237	+/-228
Life physical and social science occupations	233	+/-233
Education legal community service arts and media occupations:	744	+/-207
Community and social service occupations	130	⊥/- 20 7
	150	+/-00
Educational instruction and library occupations	412	+/-157
Arts design entertainment sports and media occupations	202	+/-130
Healtheare practitioners and technical accurations:	114	+/ 126
Health diagnosing and treating prestitioners and other technical ecoupations	114	+/-100
Health technologists and technicists	107	+/-104
	2 276	+/-23
Service occupations:	3,270	+/-089
Healthcare support occupations	108	+/-63
Protective service occupations:	657	+/-319
Firefighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	302	+/-254
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	355	+/-178
Food preparation and serving related occupations	852	+/-416
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,227	+/-306
Personal care and service occupations	432	+/-272
Sales and office occupations:	2,791	+/-714
Sales and related occupations	1,270	+/-607
Office and administrative support occupations	1,521	+/-474
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	3,849	+/-772
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	542	+/-244
Construction and extraction occupations	2,133	+/-641
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	1,174	+/-405
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	3,812	+/-777
Production occupations	1,071	+/-323
Transportation occupations	1,627	+/-556
Material moving occupations	1,114	+/-354
Female:	18,569	+/-1,426
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	6,295	+/-878
Management, business, and financial occupations:	2.924	+/-721
Management occupations	2.051	+/-589
Business and financial operations occupations	873	+/-438
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	177	+/-103
Computer and mathematical occupations	52	+/-55
Architecture and engineering occupations	12	+/-19
Life physical and social science occupations	12	+/-1)
Education legal community service arts and media occupations:	2 490	⊥/_/102
Community and social service, acts, and media occupations.	655	+/-+/2
	12	+/-319
Educational instruction and library accurations	12	+/-23
Educational instruction, and indrary occupations	1,440	+/-323
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	383	+/-249
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	/04	+/-305
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	429	+/-252
Health technologists and technicians	275	+/-181
Service occupations:	5,630	+/-842
Healthcare support occupations	1,604	+/-448
Protective service occupations:	180	+/-86
Firefighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	138	+/-90
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	42	+/-41
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,814	+/-562
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	914	+/-304
Personal care and service occupations	1,118	+/-390
Sales and office occupations:	5,422	+/-795
Sales and related occupations	1,844	+/-472
Office and administrative support occupations	3,578	+/-629
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	146	+/-125
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	87	+/-102
Construction and extraction occupations	59	+/-75
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	0	+/-157

Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	1,076	+/-598
Production occupations	408	+/-201
Transportation occupations	198	+/-157
Material moving occupations	470	+/-507

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2017. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

An "**" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small. An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.