B12006: MARITAL STATUS BY SEX BY LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION
Universe: Population 16 years and over
2018 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	572,880	+/-1,180
Never married:	185,544	+/-4,366
Male:	108,250	+/-3,422
In labor force:	77,492	+/-3,431
Employed or in Armed Forces	67,802	+/-3,372
Unemployed	9,690	+/-1,503
Not in labor force	30,758	+/-2,372
Female:	77,294	+/-2,676
In labor force:	52,984	+/-2,675
Employed or in Armed Forces	48,235	+/-2,690
Unemployed	4,749	+/-986
Not in labor force	24,310	+/-2,068
Now married (except separated):	290,016	+/-6,672
Male:	149,864	+/-4,543
In labor force:	113,998	+/-4,745
Employed or in Armed Forces	110,093	+/-4,521
Unemployed	3,905	+/-872
Not in labor force	35,866	+/-2,250
Female:	140,152	+/-3,627
In labor force:	89,592	+/-3,288
Employed or in Armed Forces	86,582	+/-3,240
Unemployed	3,010	+/-703
Not in labor force	50,560	+/-2,751
Separated:	8,941	+/-1,420
Male:	5,019	+/-1,202
In labor force:	3,325	+/-951
Employed or in Armed Forces	2,591	+/-762
Unemployed	734	+/-486
Not in labor force	1,694	+/-720
Female:	3,922	+/-773
In labor force:	2,939	+/-725
Employed or in Armed Forces	2,590	+/-652
Unemployed	349	+/-243
Not in labor force	983	+/-373
Widowed:	22,459	+/-1,920
Male:	6,086	+/-1,054
In labor force:	1,923	+/-685
Employed or in Armed Forces	1,798	+/-683
Unemployed	125	+/-75
Not in labor force	4,163	+/-846
Female:	16,373	+/-1,676
In labor force:	3,896	+/-871
Employed or in Armed Forces	3,849	+/-870
Unemployed	47	+/-37
Not in labor force	12,477	+/-1,422
Divorced:	65,920	+/-4,332
Male:	30,053	+/-2,851
In labor force:	18,893	+/-2,348
Employed or in Armed Forces	17,216	+/-2,208
Unemployed	1,677	+/-679
Not in labor force	11,160	+/-1,748
Female:	35,867	+/-2,931
In labor force:	23,843	+/-2,236
Employed or in Armed Forces	22,719	+/-2,211
Unemployed	1,124	+/-498
Not in labor force	12,024	+/-1,711

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
An "**" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.