## **B01001: SEX BY AGE** Universe: Total population 2018 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

	Alaska	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Total:	737,438	****	
Male:	382,952	+/-1,441	
Under 5 years	26,424	+/-811	
5 to 9 years	26,760	+/-2,274	
10 to 14 years	25,225	+/-2,232	
15 to 17 years	14,777	+/-838	
18 and 19 years	10,021	+/-982	
20 years	6,331	+/-1,225	
21 years	5,314	+/-1,308	
22 to 24 years	16,476	+/-1,516	
25 to 29 years	34,127	+/-1,441	
30 to 34 years	28,444	+/-833	
35 to 39 years	27,350	+/-1,856	
40 to 44 years	21,886	+/-2,058	
45 to 49 years	22,497	+/-1,283	
50 to 54 years	24,912	+/-1,580	
55 to 59 years	24,338	+/-1,896	
60 and 61 years	10,300	+/-1,371	
62 to 64 years	13,453	+/-1,453	
65 and 66 years	9,264	+/-1,421	
67 to 69 years	10,947	+/-1,239	
70 to 74 years	10,766	+/-1,237	
75 to 79 years	6,407	+/-927	
80 to 84 years	3,497	+/-742	
85 years and over	3,436	+/-1,090	
Female:	354,486	+/-1,441	
Under 5 years	25,749	+/-657	
5 to 9 years	25,784	+/-1,487	
10 to 14 years	24,522	+/-1,613	
15 to 17 years	14,219	+/-749	
18 and 19 years	9,497	+/-1,183	
20 years	3,291	+/-914	
21 years	3,969	+/-1,101	
22 to 24 years	13,726	+/-1,192	
25 to 29 years	28,489	+/-1,089	
30 to 34 years	26,628	+/-1,046	
35 to 39 years	26,132	+/-1,772	
40 to 44 years	21,652	+/-1,988	
45 to 49 years	19,990	+/-1,311	
50 to 54 years	21,934	+/-1,015	
55 to 59 years	22,962	+/-1,576	
60 and 61 years	9,987	+/-1,319	
62 to 64 years	12,272	+/-1,552	
65 and 66 years	7,812	+/-1,061	
67 to 69 years	9,304	+/-1,165	
70 to 74 years	11,537	+/-1,353	
75 to 79 years	6,267	+/-960	
80 to 84 years	4,829	+/-1,050	
85 years and over	3,934	+/-824	

## Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation ). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

## Explanation of Symbols:

An "\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.