S1903: MEDIAN INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2018 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)
2018 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

	Alaska					
	Number		Percent Distribution		Median income (dollars)	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER						
Households	254,551	+/-3,266	254,551	+/-3,266	74,346	+/-2,288
One race--						
White	182,659	+/-3,040	71.8%	+/-0.9	82,967	+/-3,279
Black or African American	8,478	+/-1,065	3.3%	+/-0.4	63,198	+/-8,294
American Indian and Alaska Native	29,780	+/-1,584	11.7%	+/-0.6	49,727	+/-2,901
Asian	12,755	+/-1,255	5.0%	+/-0.5	63,248	+/-8,294
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N	N	N	N	90,330	+/-64,661
Some other race	N	N	N	N	74,423	+/-13,174
Two or more races	15,010	+/-2,067	5.9%	+/-0.8	66,114	+/-4,284
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	15,499	+/-1,608	6.1%	+/-0.6	63,921	+/-14,477
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	173,278	+/-2,978	68.1%	+/-0.9	83,245	+/-3,339
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER						
15 to 24 years	11,928	+/-1,534	4.7%	+/-0.6	52,141	+/-3,166
25 to 44 years	91,399	+/-3,109	35.9%	+/-1.0	79,972	+/-5,373
45 to 64 years	98,051	+/-2,627	38.5%	+/-1.1	88,791	+/-5,051
65 years and over	53,173	+/-2,024	20.9%	+/-0.8	59,339	+/-3,935
FAMILIES						
Families	167,527	+/-4,191	167,527	+/-4,191	89,847	+/-2,908
With own children of householder under 18 years	76,718	+/-3,398	45.8%	+/-1.7	90,087	+/-4,158
With no own children of householder under 18 years	90,809	+/-3,619	54.2%	+/-1.7	89,597	+/-3,561
Married-couple families	127,824	+/-3,685	76.3%	+/-1.6	102,840	+/-2,848
With own children under 18 years	55,431	+/-3,081	33.1%	+/-1.7	106,999	+/-3,880
Female householder, no husband present	24,090	+/-2,047	14.4%	+/-1.1	47,994	+/-6,203
With own children under 18 years	13,776	+/-1,791	8.2%	+/-1.0	36,134	+/-3,172
Male householder, no wife present	15,613	+/-1,896	9.3%	+/-1.1	63,484	+/-3,922
With own children under 18 years	7,511	+/-1,338	4.5%	+/-0.8	60,030	+/-12,861
FAMILY INCOME BY FAMILY SIZE						
2-person families	72,353	+/-3,827	43.2%	+/-2.1	76,208	+/-3,069
3-person families	38,592	+/-3,450	23.0%	+/-1.9	100,494	+/-5,293
4-person families	29,295	+/-2,838	17.5%	+/-1.6	101,221	+/-6,451
5-person families	15,597	+/-1,930	9.3%	+/-1.2	99,139	+/-14,820
6-person families	6,665	+/-1,188	4.0%	+/-0.7	93,533	+/-10,081
7-or-more person families	5,025	+/-830	3.0%	+/-0.5	79,964	+/-21,581
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF EARNERS						
No earners	18,642	+/-1,699	11.1%	+/-1.0	39,880	+/-5,895
1 earner	51,175	+/-3,180	30.5%	+/-1.7	62,858	+/-2,635
2 earners	78,308	+/-3,453	46.7%	+/-1.8	109,067	+/-4,299
3 or more earners	19,402	+/-1,965	11.6%	+/-1.1	131,547	+/-9,045
NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDS						
Nonfamily households	87,024	+/-3,673	87,024	+/-3,673	49,061	+/-3,318
Female householder	39,465	+/-2,718	45.3%	+/-2.2	45,325	+/-5,850
Living alone	31,372	+/-2,740	36.0%	+/-2.4	38,281	+/-2,919
Not living alone	8,093	+/-1,203	9.3%	+/-1.4	68,722	+/-7,625
Male householder	47,559	+/-2,580	54.7%	+/-2.2	51,621	+/-2,585
Living alone	34,881	+/-2,060	40.1%	+/-2.0	42,531	+/-3,692
Not living alone	12,678	+/-1,726	14.6%	+/-1.8	84,494	+/-14,408

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
An "**" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.