

S1902: MEAN INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2018 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)
2018 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

	Number		Alaska Percent Distribution		Mean income (dollars)	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME						
All households	254,551	+/-3,266	254,551	+/-3,266	96,080	+/-2,597
With earnings	213,288	+/-3,455	83.8%	+/-0.9	93,438	+/-2,398
With wages or salary income	204,472	+/-3,655	80.3%	+/-1.1	91,317	+/-2,342
With self-employment income	35,369	+/-2,508	13.9%	+/-0.9	35,553	+/-4,372
With interest, dividends, or net rental income	114,858	+/-4,129	45.1%	+/-1.5	9,722	+/-1,427
With Social Security income	58,640	+/-2,398	23.0%	+/-0.9	17,648	+/-629
With Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	12,715	+/-1,697	5.0%	+/-0.7	9,584	+/-718
With cash public assistance income or Food Stamps/SNAP	34,249	+/-2,358	13.5%	+/-0.9	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance	15,789	+/-1,727	6.2%	+/-0.7	3,604	+/-289
With retirement income	50,923	+/-3,075	20.0%	+/-1.2	33,127	+/-2,896
With other types of income	98,308	+/-4,454	38.6%	+/-1.6	5,198	+/-365
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY						
All families	167,527	+/-4,191	167,527	+/-4,191	109,619	+/-3,025
No workers	18,589	+/-1,690	11.1%	+/-1.0	57,498	+/-6,697
1 worker	51,020	+/-3,207	30.5%	+/-1.7	83,480	+/-4,863
2 workers, husband and wife worked	60,605	+/-2,723	36.2%	+/-1.5	136,912	+/-5,768
2 workers, other	17,901	+/-1,909	10.7%	+/-1.1	104,022	+/-9,237
3 or more workers, husband and wife worked	14,986	+/-1,744	8.9%	+/-1.0	156,499	+/-13,526
3 or more workers, other	4,426	+/-802	2.6%	+/-0.5	120,026	+/-9,223
PER CAPITA INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN						
Total population	737,438	*****	737,438	*****	35,735	+/-936
One race--						
White	474,555	+/-3,233	64.4%	+/-0.4	42,849	+/-1,247
Black or African American	25,197	+/-1,976	3.4%	+/-0.3	32,468	+/-7,246
American Indian and Alaska Native	111,371	+/-3,747	15.1%	+/-0.5	19,230	+/-1,419
Asian	46,381	+/-2,635	6.3%	+/-0.4	24,251	+/-2,463
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	7,958	+/-1,583	1.1%	+/-0.2	26,025	+/-9,300
Some other race	9,780	+/-2,618	1.3%	+/-0.4	42,586	+/-12,644
Two or more races	62,196	+/-4,631	8.4%	+/-0.6	21,068	+/-2,102
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	53,069	+/-496	7.2%	+/-0.1	27,524	+/-3,491
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	443,304	+/-640	60.1%	+/-0.1	43,904	+/-1,364

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.