

**B12006: MARITAL STATUS BY SEX BY LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION**

Universe: Population 16 years and over

2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

Label	Alaska Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	569 699	±1,120
Never married:	183 983	±5,763
Male:	109 296	±4,073
In labor force:	72 108	±3,966
Employed or in Armed Forces	64 414	±3,787
Unemployed	7 694	±1,443
Not in labor force	37 188	±3,444
Female:	74 687	±3,287
In labor force:	52 710	±3,117
Employed or in Armed Forces	47 978	±3,049
Unemployed	4 732	±1,032
Not in labor force	21 977	±2,091
Now married (except separated):	285 642	±7,231
Male:	144 568	±4,251
In labor force:	111 669	±4,302
Employed or in Armed Forces	109 084	±4,248
Unemployed	2 585	±716
Not in labor force	32 899	±2,072
Female:	141 074	±4,326
In labor force:	84 817	±4,004
Employed or in Armed Forces	81 678	±3,731
Unemployed	3 139	±900
Not in labor force	56 257	±3,679
Separated:	10 004	±1,547
Male:	4 594	±1,139
In labor force:	3 622	±1,008
Employed or in Armed Forces	3 499	±999
Unemployed	123	±171
Not in labor force	972	±547
Female:	5 410	±1,141
In labor force:	3 760	±1,141
Employed or in Armed Forces	3 668	±1,145
Unemployed	92	±82
Not in labor force	1 650	±648
Widowed:	25 415	±2,048
Male:	7 380	±1,361
In labor force:	1 596	±548
Employed or in Armed Forces	1 557	±547
Unemployed	39	±38
Not in labor force	5 784	±1,240
Female:	18 035	±1,695
In labor force:	4 803	±972
Employed or in Armed Forces	4 582	±986
Unemployed	221	±150
Not in labor force	13 232	±1,395
Divorced:	64 655	±3,610
Male:	31 482	±2,315
In labor force:	21 411	±2,136
Employed or in Armed Forces	20 512	±2,118
Unemployed	899	±344
Not in labor force	10 071	±1,168
Female:	33 173	±2,923
In labor force:	21 232	±2,200
Employed or in Armed Forces	20 106	±2,141
Unemployed	1 126	±591
Not in labor force	11 941	±1,674

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: \* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

\* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

\* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

\* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.