B16004: AGE BY LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME BY ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH FOR THE POPULATION 5 YEARS AND OVER
Universe: Population 5 years and over
2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
Label	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	680 654	±1,153
5 to 17 years:	128 858	±1,161
Speak only English	111 575	±2,453
Speak Spanish:	4 410	±1,282
Speak English "very well"	3 874	±1,251
Speak English "well"	432	±242
Speak English "not well"	96	±173
Speak English "not at all"	8	±16
Speak other Indo-European languages:	1 893	±766
Speak English "very well"	1 456	±753
Speak English "well"	396	±283
Speak English "not well"	41	±69
Speak English "not at all"	0	±163
Speak Asian and Pacific Island languages:	5 710	±1,378
Speak English "very well"	4 351	±1,336
Speak English "well"	946	±671
Speak English "not well"	413	±460
Speak English "not at all"	0	±163
Speak other languages:	5 270	±1,078
Speak English "very well"	4 974	±1,084
Speak English "well"	229	±187
Speak English "not well"	67	±69
Speak English "not at all"	0	±163
18 to 64 years:	461 208	±1,963
Speak only English	381 610	±5,260
Speak Spanish:	20 612	±3,038
Speak English "very well"	15 124	±2,227
Speak English "well"	3 203	±1,129
Speak English "not well"	1 877	±745
Speak English "not at all"	408	±269
Speak other Indo-European languages:	8 065	±1,394
Speak English "very well"	6 712	±1,202
Speak English "well"	882	±473
Speak English "not well"	293	±281
Speak English "not at all"	178	±269
Speak Asian and Pacific Island languages:	27 346	±2,564
Speak English "very well"	16 008	±2,740
Speak English "well"	8 465	±1,614
Speak English "not well"	2 329	±698
Speak English "not at all"	544	±469
Speak other languages:	23 575	±2,223
Speak English "very well"	20 364	±2,030
Speak English "well"	2 767	±1,029
Speak English "not well"	423	±304
Speak English "not at all"	21	±24
65 years and over:	90 588	±1,976
Speak only English	76 745	±1,808
Speak Spanish:	2 116	±688
Speak English "very well"	1 444	±642
Speak English "well"	103	±122
Speak English "not well"	523	±507
Speak English "not at all"	46	±66
Speak other Indo-European languages:	1 668	±743
Speak English "very well"	1 062	±503
Speak English "well"	176	±170
Speak English "not well"	282	±237
Speak English "not at all"	148	±206
Speak Asian and Pacific Island languages:	5 215	±1,167
Speak English "very well"	1 784	±812
Speak English "well"	1 779	±706

Speak English "not well"	1 630	±995
Speak English "not at all"	22	±33
Speak other languages:	4 844	±625
Speak English "very well"	3 920	±509
Speak English "well"	704	±333
Speak English "not well"	201	±85
Speak English "not at all"	19	±22

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates
Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: * An "**" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  * An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
  * An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
  * An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
  * An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  * An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
  * An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
  * An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.