## B17001: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY SEX AND AGE

Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined

2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Table

	Alaska	
Label	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	713 725	±1,271
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:	71 938	$\pm 7,880$
Male:	33 577	±3,994
Under 5 years	4 049	±1,033
5 years	642	±356
6 to 11 years	4 387	$\pm 1,023$
12 to 14 years	1 116	±285
15 years	714	±390
16 and 17 years	658	±390
18 to 24 years	5 390	±2,424
25 to 34 years	3 664	$\pm 886$
35 to 44 years	3 813	±990
45 to 54 years	2 539	±684
55 to 64 years	4 058	±827
65 to 74 years	1 888	±608
75 years and over	659	±461
Female:	38 361	±5,313
Under 5 years	4 498	$\pm 1,180$
5 years	429	±269
6 to 11 years	3 243	$\pm 1,110$
12 to 14 years	1 325	±412
15 years	545	±394
16 and 17 years	1 315	±616
18 to 24 years	4 992	$\pm 1,158$
25 to 34 years	6 646	$\pm 1,495$
35 to 44 years	4 837	$\pm 1,009$
45 to 54 years	2 5 1 3	±774
55 to 64 years	4 405	$\pm 1,043$
65 to 74 years	2 146	$\pm 800$
75 years and over	1 467	$\pm 662$
Income in the past 12 months at or above poverty level:	641 787	$\pm 8,054$
Male:	333 749	$\pm 4,723$
Under 5 years	20 388	$\pm 1,333$
5 years	4 991	$\pm 1,120$
6 to 11 years	28 656	$\pm 2,268$
12 to 14 years	12 059	$\pm 1,643$
15 years	3 941	$\pm 1,075$
16 and 17 years	9 329	$\pm 1,199$
18 to 24 years	28 076	$\pm 2,907$
25 to 34 years	55 872	$\pm 2,692$
35 to 44 years	42 226	$\pm 1,645$
45 to 54 years	42 909	$\pm 2,226$
55 to 64 years	43 761	$\pm 1,493$
65 to 74 years	29 908	$\pm 1,704$
75 years and over	11 633	±735
Female:	308 038	$\pm 5,398$
Under 5 years	20 759	$\pm 1,623$
5 years	4 891	$\pm 1,119$
6 to 11 years	27 120	$\pm 1,760$
12 to 14 years	10 773	±1,384
15 years	3 326	±725
16 and 17 years	6 524	±830
18 to 24 years	22 854	±1,861
25 to 34 years	48 660	±1,979

35 to 44 years	40 784	±1,806
45 to 54 years	39 186	±1,812
55 to 64 years	41 927	$\pm 1,595$
65 to 74 years	27 494	±1,186
75 years and over	13 740	±1,182

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: \* An "\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

- \* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
- \* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- \* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- \* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- \* An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- \* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- \* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.