

**B19049: AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER BY HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2019 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)
(AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE HOUSEHOLDER)**

**Universe: Households with a householder who is American Indian and Alaska Native alone
2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables**

Label	Alaska Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	32 800	±1,825
Householder under 25 years:	1 085	±514
Less than \$10,000	203	±277
\$10,000 to \$14,999	41	±40
\$15,000 to \$19,999	94	±146
\$20,000 to \$24,999	81	±65
\$25,000 to \$29,999	14	±25
\$30,000 to \$34,999	18	±30
\$35,000 to \$39,999	49	±88
\$40,000 to \$44,999	41	±37
\$45,000 to \$49,999	250	±373
\$50,000 to \$59,999	39	±38
\$60,000 to \$74,999	70	±64
\$75,000 to \$99,999	179	±149
\$100,000 to \$124,999	6	±12
\$125,000 to \$149,999	0	±163
\$150,000 to \$199,999	0	±163
\$200,000 or more	0	±163
Householder 25 to 44 years:	11 685	±1,537
Less than \$10,000	1 355	±696
\$10,000 to \$14,999	318	±233
\$15,000 to \$19,999	554	±373
\$20,000 to \$24,999	672	±414
\$25,000 to \$29,999	926	±606
\$30,000 to \$34,999	338	±170
\$35,000 to \$39,999	432	±268
\$40,000 to \$44,999	785	±519
\$45,000 to \$49,999	317	±137
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1 013	±401
\$60,000 to \$74,999	833	±372
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 090	±375
\$100,000 to \$124,999	1 114	±611
\$125,000 to \$149,999	400	±269
\$150,000 to \$199,999	539	±407
\$200,000 or more	999	±846
Householder 45 to 64 years:	13 622	±1,279
Less than \$10,000	1 642	±512
\$10,000 to \$14,999	541	±291
\$15,000 to \$19,999	1 078	±508
\$20,000 to \$24,999	587	±216
\$25,000 to \$29,999	498	±185
\$30,000 to \$34,999	505	±253
\$35,000 to \$39,999	802	±395
\$40,000 to \$44,999	443	±156
\$45,000 to \$49,999	253	±108
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1 143	±463
\$60,000 to \$74,999	1 494	±478
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 226	±437
\$100,000 to \$124,999	1 192	±608
\$125,000 to \$149,999	772	±361
\$150,000 to \$199,999	739	±510
\$200,000 or more	707	±328
Householder 65 years and over:	6 408	±548
Less than \$10,000	65	±42
\$10,000 to \$14,999	967	±417
\$15,000 to \$19,999	826	±280
\$20,000 to \$24,999	489	±191
\$25,000 to \$29,999	411	±158
\$30,000 to \$34,999	397	±317
\$35,000 to \$39,999	321	±194
\$40,000 to \$44,999	144	±93
\$45,000 to \$49,999	407	±226
\$50,000 to \$59,999	404	±159
\$60,000 to \$74,999	495	±190

\$75,000 to \$99,999	511	±216
\$100,000 to \$124,999	278	±182
\$125,000 to \$149,999	416	±316
\$150,000 to \$199,999	200	±88
\$200,000 or more	77	±47

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Between 2018 and 2019 the American Community Survey retirement income question changed. These changes resulted in an increase in both the number of households reporting retirement income and higher aggregate retirement income at the national level. For more information see Changes to the Retirement Income Question .

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: * An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

* An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

* An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.