## B24012: SEX BY OCCUPATION AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2019 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings 2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
Label	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	45 015	±3,086
Male:	50 866	±1,226
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	71 715	±3,267
Management, business, and financial occupations:	79 212	±5,339
Management occupations	81 358	±5,718
Business and financial operations occupations	76 305	±3,919
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	81 268	±2,068
Computer and mathematical occupations	77 054	±9,699
Architecture and engineering occupations	84 250	±13,439
Life, physical, and social science occupations	67 131	±12,601
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	47 673	±2,942
Community and social service occupations	46 461	±2,348
Legal occupations	121 090	±30,887
Educational instruction, and library occupations	48 021	±20,966
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	32 378	±21,109
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	85 000	$\pm 18,692$
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	102 030	$\pm 16,530$
Health technologists and technicians	51 001	$\pm 27,948$
Service occupations:	27 905	$\pm 4,826$
Healthcare support occupations	22 075	$\pm 8,907$
Protective service occupations:	60 891	$\pm 13,570$
Firefighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	50 650	$\pm 6,993$
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	75 464	$\pm 38,874$
Food preparation and serving related occupations	19 371	$\pm 3,329$
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	30 268	$\pm 2,903$
Personal care and service occupations	21 858	$\pm 9,723$
Sales and office occupations:	40 031	$\pm 6,023$
Sales and related occupations	41 045	$\pm 10,726$
Office and administrative support occupations	37 187	$\pm 7,194$
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	60 254	±5,991
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	50 423	$\pm 37,083$
Construction and extraction occupations	61 630	$\pm 2,669$
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	53 907	$\pm 5{,}757$
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	40 685	$\pm 2,795$
Production occupations	40 950	$\pm 17,710$
Transportation occupations	52 265	$\pm 10,637$
Material moving occupations	26 246	$\pm 6,\!608$
Female:	37 032	$\pm 1,\!486$
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	53 831	$\pm 2,377$
Management, business, and financial occupations:	62 026	$\pm 4,577$
Management occupations	65 633	$\pm 4,565$
Business and financial operations occupations	56 968	$\pm 6{,}116$
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	67 405	$\pm 8,648$
Computer and mathematical occupations	80 509	$\pm 35,811$
Architecture and engineering occupations	53 750	$\pm 28,065$
Life, physical, and social science occupations	68 382	$\pm 16,\!234$
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	37 757	$\pm 5,242$
Community and social service occupations	47 188	$\pm 8,851$
Legal occupations	59 009	$\pm 29,547$
Educational instruction, and library occupations	35 940	$\pm 3,081$
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	33 955	$\pm 6,\!254$
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	70 451	$\pm 8,820$
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	81 066	$\pm 5,\!562$
Health technologists and technicians	35 670	$\pm 2,975$
Service occupations:	21 245	$\pm 1,240$
Healthcare support occupations	31 538	$\pm 4,028$
Protective service occupations:	22 790	$\pm 14,\!017$
Firefighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	21 729	$\pm 9{,}166$
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	51 875	$\pm 5,667$
Food preparation and serving related occupations	16 315	±4,346
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	20 701	$\pm 7,264$
Personal care and service occupations	20 054	$\pm 4,985$
Sales and office occupations:	36 169	$\pm 1,725$
Sales and related occupations	23 784	±5,224

Office and administrative support occupations	40 420	±2,015
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	41 392	$\pm 23,898$
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	40 385	$\pm 80,109$
Construction and extraction occupations	60 353	$\pm 34,631$
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	11 963	$\pm 32,865$
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	21 452	$\pm 2,210$
Production occupations	20 289	$\pm 1,587$
Transportation occupations	25 712	$\pm 8,267$
Material moving occupations	25 095	$\pm 15,033$

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Occupation titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2018 Standard Occupational Classification.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: \* An "\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

- \* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
- \* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- \* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- \* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- \* An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- \* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- $\ast$  An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.