

B24032: SEX BY INDUSTRY AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2019 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings

2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

Label	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Male:	50 866	±1,226
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	76 821	±7,667
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	59 375	±19,160
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	82 106	±14,394
Construction	71 098	±2,507
Manufacturing	39 045	±15,175
Wholesale trade	50 803	±10,938
Retail trade	31 281	±2,493
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	60 947	±5,472
Transportation and warehousing	57 223	±7,858
Utilities	81 623	±14,783
Information	60 098	±15,309
Finance and insurance, and real estate, and rental and leasing:	55 563	±17,718
Finance and insurance	70 900	±5,401
Real estate and rental and leasing	49 652	±16,500
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative, and waste management services:	60 715	±8,418
Professional, scientific, and technical services	77 843	±14,414
Management of companies and enterprises	44 722	±77,208
Administrative and support and waste management services	50 251	±6,107
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	48 343	±4,226
Educational services	55 040	±15,057
Health care and social assistance	47 095	±5,215
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	22 410	±3,178
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	31 698	±15,084
Accommodation and food services	20 871	±3,865
Other services, except public administration	47 116	±5,966
Public administration	65 212	±3,542
Female:	37 032	±1,486
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	68 100	±11,024
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	37 083	±24,419
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	81 445	±51,074
Construction	39 394	±25,883
Manufacturing	33 988	±22,213
Wholesale trade	41 893	±17,522
Retail trade	21 575	±1,560
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	40 567	±11,817
Transportation and warehousing	30 963	±10,667
Utilities	69 051	±10,231
Information	57 270	±14,064
Finance and insurance, and real estate, and rental and leasing:	46 756	±4,490
Finance and insurance	47 079	±6,306
Real estate and rental and leasing	42 294	±16,754
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative, and waste management services:	46 283	±7,512
Professional, scientific, and technical services	51 250	±5,052
Management of companies and enterprises	42 405	±36,617
Administrative and support and waste management services	31 062	±10,174
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	42 132	±4,488
Educational services	40 235	±4,446
Health care and social assistance	45 185	±5,088
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	17 035	±3,891
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	16 877	±13,242

Accommodation and food services	17 123	±4,413
Other services, except public administration	23 795	±6,234
Public administration	50 315	±3,372

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2017 North American Industry Classification System. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: * An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

* An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

* An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.