

**B25115: TENURE BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND PRESENCE AND AGE OF OWN CHILDREN**

Universe: Occupied housing units

2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

Label	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	252 199	±3,658
Owner occupied:	163 272	±3,761
Family households:	118 368	±3,680
Married-couple family:	99 412	±3,174
With own children of the householder under 18 years	36 879	±2,681
No own children of the householder under 18 years	62 533	±2,758
Other family:	18 956	±1,915
Male householder, no spouse present:	6 980	±1,127
With own children of the householder under 18 years	3 094	±737
No own children of the householder under 18 years	3 886	±898
Female householder, no spouse present:	11 976	±1,600
With own children of the householder under 18 years	5 409	±1,103
No own children of the householder under 18 years	6 567	±1,154
Nonfamily households	44 904	±2,602
Renter occupied:	88 927	±2,868
Family households:	44 766	±2,859
Married-couple family:	25 196	±2,073
With own children of the householder under 18 years	14 902	±1,868
No own children of the householder under 18 years	10 294	±1,588
Other family:	19 570	±2,372
Male householder, no spouse present:	5 753	±1,296
With own children of the householder under 18 years	3 915	±1,166
No own children of the householder under 18 years	1 838	±663
Female householder, no spouse present:	13 817	±2,105
With own children of the householder under 18 years	8 478	±1,698
No own children of the householder under 18 years	5 339	±1,661
Nonfamily households	44 161	±2,926

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The categories for relationship to householder were revised in 2019. For more information see Revisions to the Relationship to Household item.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: \* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

\* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

\* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

\* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.