

**B27003: PUBLIC HEALTH INSURANCE STATUS BY SEX BY AGE**  
**Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population**  
**2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates**

	Alaska	
Label	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	705 772	±2,037
Male:	359 167	±2,922
Under 6 years:	30 603	±1,964
With public coverage	12 866	±1,727
No public coverage	17 737	±1,975
6 to 18 years:	67 971	±2,067
With public coverage	24 816	±2,807
No public coverage	43 155	±2,901
19 to 25 years:	32 386	±2,390
With public coverage	4 969	±1,274
No public coverage	27 417	±2,503
26 to 34 years:	48 011	±2,754
With public coverage	10 619	±1,867
No public coverage	37 392	±2,622
35 to 44 years:	43 357	±1,724
With public coverage	8 159	±1,319
No public coverage	35 198	±1,820
45 to 54 years:	44 974	±2,279
With public coverage	8 899	±1,492
No public coverage	36 075	±2,350
55 to 64 years:	47 777	±1,305
With public coverage	13 378	±1,692
No public coverage	34 399	±1,938
65 to 74 years:	31 796	±1,545
With public coverage	29 233	±1,412
No public coverage	2 563	±830
75 years and over:	12 292	±593
With public coverage	12 277	±595
No public coverage	15	±27
Female:	346 605	±2,327
Under 6 years:	31 301	±1,811
With public coverage	12 968	±1,841
No public coverage	18 333	±1,901
6 to 18 years:	60 127	±1,903
With public coverage	22 874	±2,250
No public coverage	37 253	±2,139
19 to 25 years:	29 329	±2,197
With public coverage	6 165	±1,207
No public coverage	23 164	±2,001
26 to 34 years:	48 164	±2,134
With public coverage	11 129	±1,386
No public coverage	37 035	±2,060
35 to 44 years:	45 001	±1,509
With public coverage	8 290	±1,344
No public coverage	36 711	±1,652
45 to 54 years:	41 504	±1,751
With public coverage	7 393	±1,136
No public coverage	34 111	±1,826
55 to 64 years:	46 332	±1,371
With public coverage	11 111	±1,401
No public coverage	35 221	±1,418
65 to 74 years:	29 640	±1,151
With public coverage	28 163	±1,343
No public coverage	1 477	±679
75 years and over:	15 207	±1,053
With public coverage	15 103	±1,074
No public coverage	104	±120

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see [https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage\\_edits\\_final.html](https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html) for more details. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at <https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html>. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See [https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par\\_textimage\\_18](https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18) for a list of the insurance type definitions.

Beginning in 2017, selected variable categories were updated, including age-categories, income-to-poverty ratio (IPR) categories, and the age universe for certain employment and education variables. See user note entitled "Health Insurance Table Updates" for further details.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: \* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

\* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

\* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

\* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.