B27010: TYPES OF HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE BY AGE
Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population
2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

Label	Alaska Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	705 772	±2,037
Under 19 years:	190 002	±1,646
With one type of health insurance coverage:	151 819	±4,070
With employer-based health insurance only	70 290	±4,711
With direct-purchase health insurance only	4 801	±1,099
With Medicare coverage only	1 047	±1,236
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage only	59 644	±4,935
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	15 625	±3,297
With VA Health Care only	412	±434
With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	20 324	±3,438
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	1 398	±602
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	272	±335
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	501	±385
Other private only combinations	6 505	±2,533
Other public only combinations	6	±13
Other coverage combinations	11 642	±2,742
No health insurance coverage	17 859	±2,452
19 to 34 years:	157 890	±3,134
With one type of health insurance coverage:	108 499	±3,808
With employer-based health insurance only	71 363	±3,898
With direct-purchase health insurance only	5 858	±1,297
With Medicare coverage only	498	±394
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage only	22 443	±2,526
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	7 521	±1,682
With VA Health Care only	816	±589
With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	16 123	±2,264
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	2 566	±1,065
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	0	±163
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	1 352	±825
Other private only combinations	4 432	±1,121
Other public only combinations	186	±222
Other coverage combinations	7 587	±1,765
No health insurance coverage	33 268	±3,196
35 to 64 years:	268 945	±3,220
With one type of health insurance coverage:	205 468	±4,232
With employer-based health insurance only	147 956	±5,023
With direct-purchase health insurance only	13 347	±2,057
With Medicare coverage only	2 949	±878
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage only	32 525	±3,154
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	6 661	±1,466
With VA Health Care only	2 030	±726
With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	29 162	±2,715
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	4 059	±1,079
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	1 097	±456
With direct-purchase and Medicare coverage	225	±326
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3 526	±795
Other private only combinations	5 377	±1,642
Other public only combinations	1 020	±476
Other coverage combinations	13 858	±1,996
No health insurance coverage	34 315	±3,100
65 years and over:	88 935	±1,953
With one type of health insurance coverage:	25 160	±2,153
With employer-based health insurance only	2 966	±881
With direct-purchase health insurance only	252	±179
With Medicare coverage only	21 901	±1,931
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	33	±43
With VA Health Care only	8	±12

With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	63 030	±2,683
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	157	±184
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	25 866	±2,328
With direct-purchase and Medicare coverage	5 972	±1,038
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	8 628	±1,532
Other private only combinations	6	±12
Other public only combinations	2 690	±766
Other coverage combinations	19 711	±1,939
No health insurance coverage	745	±506

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html for more details. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18 for a list of the insurance type definitions.

Beginning in 2017, selected variable categories were updated, including age-categories, income-to-poverty ratio (IPR) categories, and the age universe for certain employment and education variables. See user note entitled "Health Insurance Table Updates" for further details.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: * An "**" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
* An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
* An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.