

**DP03: SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

**Universe: None**

**2019 American Community Survey. 1-Year Estimates**

Label	Estimate	Alaska		
		Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	569 699	±1,120	569 699	(X)
In labor force	377 728	±5,689	66.3%	±1.0
Civilian labor force	358 661	±5,662	63.0%	±1.0
Employed	338 011	±5,871	59.3%	±1.0
Unemployed	20 650	±2,390	3.6%	±0.4
Armed Forces	19 067	±2,045	3.3%	±0.4
Not in labor force	191 971	±5,726	33.7%	±1.0
Civilian labor force	358 661	±5,662	358 661	(X)
Unemployment Rate	(X)	(X)	5.8%	±0.7
Females 16 years and over	272 379	±1,656	272 379	(X)
In labor force	167 322	±4,120	61.4%	±1.5
Civilian labor force	164 232	±4,220	60.3%	±1.6
Employed	154 922	±3,993	56.9%	±1.5
Own children of the householder under 6 years	58 881	±2,154	58 881	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	33 140	±3,090	56.3%	±4.7
Own children of the householder 6 to 17 years	110 767	±2,114	110 767	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	76 901	±4,290	69.4%	±3.5
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	349 811	±5,936	349 811	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	244 725	±6,188	70.0%	±1.2
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	41 975	±3,746	12.0%	±1.0
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	3 373	±1,156	1.0%	±0.3
Walked	24 732	±2,142	7.1%	±0.6
Other means	19 865	±2,055	5.7%	±0.6
Worked from home	15 141	±1,862	4.3%	±0.5
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.2	±0.9	(X)	(X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	338 011	±5,871	338 011	(X)
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	129 589	±5,676	38.3%	±1.5
Service occupations	58 449	±4,336	17.3%	±1.2
Sales and office occupations	66 107	±4,366	19.6%	±1.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	38 578	±2,594	11.4%	±0.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	45 288	±3,464	13.4%	±1.1
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	338 011	±5,871	338 011	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	16 537	±1,885	4.9%	±0.6
Construction	22 264	±2,264	6.6%	±0.7
Manufacturing	14 085	±1,864	4.2%	±0.5
Wholesale trade	6 333	±1,364	1.9%	±0.4
Retail trade	34 999	±3,307	10.4%	±0.9
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	32 272	±3,107	9.5%	±0.9
Information	6 274	±1,381	1.9%	±0.4
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	14 616	±2,524	4.3%	±0.7
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	30 122	±2,676	8.9%	±0.8
Educational services, and health care and social assistance services	82 920	±4,932	24.5%	±1.3
Other services, except public administration	27 517	±3,060	8.1%	±0.9
Other services, except public administration	17 331	±2,678	5.1%	±0.8
Public administration	32 741	±3,043	9.7%	±0.9
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	338 011	±5,871	338 011	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	238 117	±7,257	70.4%	±1.5
Government workers	79 654	±4,200	23.6%	±1.3
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	19 562	±2,565	5.8%	±0.8
Unpaid family workers	678	±348	0.2%	±0.1
<b>INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2019 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>				
Total households	252 199	±3,658	252 199	(X)
Less than \$10,000	10 352	±1,539	4.1%	±0.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	8 180	±1,287	3.2%	±0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	16 595	±1,998	6.6%	±0.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	17 523	±2,048	6.9%	±0.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	27 082	±2,362	10.7%	±1.0
\$50,000 to \$74,999	45 717	±3,616	18.1%	±1.4

\$75,000 to \$99,999	33 863	±2,537	13.4%	±1.0
\$100,000 to \$149,999	45 904	±3,019	18.2%	±1.1
\$150,000 to \$199,999	23 597	±1,945	9.4%	±0.8
\$200,000 or more	23 386	±2,693	9.3%	±1.1
Median household income (dollars)	75 463	±2,694	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	98 504	±3,214	(X)	(X)
With earnings	205 857	±4,369	81.6%	±1.1
Mean earnings (dollars)	92 667	±3,204	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	62 750	±2,484	24.9%	±1.0
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	17 654	±657	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	61 415	±2,931	24.4%	±1.2
Mean retirement income (dollars)	39 214	±3,022	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	10 712	±1,612	4.2%	±0.6
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	11 633	±1,115	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	15 209	±1,695	6.0%	±0.7
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3 717	±449	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	25 988	±2,450	10.3%	±1.0
Families	163 134	±4,057	163 134	(X)
Less than \$10,000	3 287	±848	2.0%	±0.5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	3 006	±928	1.8%	±0.6
\$15,000 to \$24,999	5 994	±1,136	3.7%	±0.7
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9 172	±1,542	5.6%	±0.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	14 631	±1,523	9.0%	±0.9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	29 215	±3,506	17.9%	±2.0
\$75,000 to \$99,999	22 330	±2,094	13.7%	±1.2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	35 171	±2,527	21.6%	±1.6
\$150,000 to \$199,999	20 826	±1,874	12.8%	±1.1
\$200,000 or more	19 502	±2,455	12.0%	±1.5
Median family income (dollars)	91 971	±4,242	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	115 639	±4,770	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	36 978	±1,039	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	89 065	±3,194	89 065	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	47 508	±2,524	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	61 602	±3,112	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	40 334	±939	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	60 147	±2,519	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	50 832	±1,270	(X)	(X)
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE</b>				
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	705 772	±2,037	705 772	(X)
With health insurance coverage	619 585	±6,396	87.8%	±0.8
With private health insurance	457 403	±10,233	64.8%	±1.5
With public coverage	248 412	±9,576	35.2%	±1.3
No health insurance coverage	86 187	±5,742	12.2%	±0.8
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 19 years	190 002	±1,646	190 002	(X)
No health insurance coverage	17 859	±2,452	9.4%	±1.3
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 19 to 64 years	426 835	±3,260	426 835	(X)
In labor force:	326 089	±5,316	326 089	(X)
Employed:	308 208	±5,464	308 208	(X)
With health insurance coverage	264 649	±5,940	85.9%	±1.2
With private health insurance	235 009	±6,484	76.3%	±1.5
With public coverage	42 993	±4,011	13.9%	±1.3
No health insurance coverage	43 559	±3,797	14.1%	±1.2
Unemployed:	17 881	±2,234	17 881	(X)
With health insurance coverage	11 558	±1,974	64.6%	±6.3
With private health insurance	4 988	±1,215	27.9%	±5.4
With public coverage	8 000	±1,687	44.7%	±6.8
No health insurance coverage	6 323	±1,265	35.4%	±6.3
Not in labor force:	100 746	±4,948	100 746	(X)
With health insurance coverage	83 045	±4,488	82.4%	±1.7
With private health insurance	51 910	±4,227	51.5%	±2.9
With public coverage	39 119	±3,004	38.8%	±2.7
No health insurance coverage	17 701	±1,862	17.6%	±1.7
<b>PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
All families	(X)	(X)	6.6%	±1.0
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	10.4%	±1.8
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	9.8%	±2.8
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	3.3%	±0.7
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	4.5%	±1.2
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	4.4%	±3.2
Families with female householder, no spouse present	(X)	(X)	20.5%	±4.7

With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	28.9%	±6.4
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	27.6%	±11.3
All people	(X)	(X)	10.1%	±1.1
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	13.0%	±2.2
Related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	12.6%	±2.2
Related children of the householder under 5 years	(X)	(X)	17.2%	±3.4
Related children of the householder 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	10.8%	±2.0
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	9.1%	±1.0
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	9.5%	±1.0
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	6.9%	±1.7
People in families	(X)	(X)	7.6%	±1.2
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	19.1%	±2.2

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties. Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2017 North American Industry Classification System. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see [https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage\\_edits\\_final.html](https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html) for more details. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at <https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html>. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See [https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par\\_textimage\\_18](https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18) for a list of the insurance type definitions.

Beginning in 2017, selected variable categories were updated, including age-categories, income-to-poverty ratio (IPR) categories, and the age universe for certain employment and education variables. See user note entitled "Health Insurance Table Updates" for further details.

2019 ACS data products include updates to several categories of the existing means of transportation question. For more information, see: Change to Means of Transportation.

Between 2018 and 2019 the American Community Survey retirement income question changed. These changes resulted in an increase in both the number of households reporting retirement income and higher aggregate retirement income at the national level. For more information see Changes to the Retirement Income Question.

The categories for relationship to householder were revised in 2019. For more information see Revisions to the Relationship to Household item.

Beginning in data year 2019, respondents to the Weeks Worked question provided an integer value for the number of weeks worked. For data years 2008 through 2018, respondents selected a category corresponding to the number of weeks worked.

In 2019, methodological changes were made to the class of worker question. These changes involved modifications to the question wording, the category wording, and the visual format of the categories on the questionnaire. The format for the class of worker categories are now listed under the headings "Private Sector Employee," "Government Employee," and "Self-Employed or Other." Additionally, the category of Active Duty was added as one of the response categories under the "Government Employee" section for the mail questionnaire. For more detailed information about the 2019 changes, see the 2016 American Community Survey Content Test Report for Class of Worker located at [http://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2017/acs/2017\\_Martinez\\_01.html](http://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2017/acs/2017_Martinez_01.html).

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: \* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

\* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

\* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

\* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.