

**S1601: LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME**  
**Universe: None**  
**2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates**

Label	Alaska											
	Total		Percent		Percent of specified language speakers							
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Speak English only or speak English "very well"	Margin of Error	Percent speak English only or speak English "very well"	Margin of Error	Speak English less than "very well"	Margin of Error	Percent speak English less than "very well"	Margin of Error
Population 5 years and over	680 654	±1,153	(X)	(X)	651 003	±3,289	95.6%	±0.5	29 651	±3,183	4.4%	±0.5
Speak only English	569 930	±6,685	83.7%	±1.0	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Speak a language other than English	110 724	±6,691	16.3%	±1.0	81 073	±6,088	73.2%	±2.6	29 651	±3,183	26.8%	±2.6
SPEAK A LANGUAGE OTHER THAN ENGLISH												
Spanish	27 138	±3,614	4.0%	±0.5	20 442	±2,868	75.3%	±4.6	6 696	±1,606	24.7%	±4.6
5 to 17 years old	4 410	±1,282	0.6%	±0.2	3 874	±1,251	87.8%	±6.6	536	±279	12.2%	±6.6
18 to 64 years old	20 612	±3,038	3.0%	±0.4	15 124	±2,227	73.4%	±4.6	5 488	±1,371	26.6%	±4.6
65 years old and over	2 116	±688	0.3%	±0.1	1 444	±642	68.2%	±22.5	672	±523	31.8%	±22.5
Other Indo-European languages	11 626	±2,062	1.7%	±0.3	9 230	±1,773	79.4%	±6.2	2 396	±839	20.6%	±6.2
5 to 17 years old	1 893	±766	0.3%	±0.1	1 456	±753	76.9%	±16.5	437	±288	23.1%	±16.5
18 to 64 years old	8 065	±1,394	1.2%	±0.2	6 712	±1,202	83.2%	±6.8	1 353	±628	16.8%	±6.8
65 years old and over	1 668	±743	0.2%	±0.1	1 062	±503	63.7%	±17.3	606	±424	36.3%	±17.3
Asian and Pacific Island languages	38 271	±3,926	5.6%	±0.6	22 143	±3,584	57.9%	±6.0	16 128	±2,493	42.1%	±6.0
5 to 17 years old	5 710	±1,378	0.8%	±0.2	4 351	±1,336	76.2%	±14.6	1 359	±893	23.8%	±14.6
18 to 64 years old	27 346	±2,564	4.0%	±0.4	16 008	±2,740	58.5%	±6.9	11 338	±1,880	41.5%	±6.9
65 years old and over	5 215	±1,167	0.8%	±0.2	1 784	±812	34.2%	±15.0	3 431	±1,199	65.8%	±15.0
Other languages	33 689	±2,843	4.9%	±0.4	29 258	±2,550	86.8%	±2.9	4 431	±1,101	13.2%	±2.9
5 to 17 years old	5 270	±1,078	0.8%	±0.2	4 974	±1,084	94.4%	±3.7	296	±188	5.6%	±3.7
18 to 64 years old	23 575	±2,223	3.5%	±0.3	20 364	±2,030	86.4%	±4.0	3 211	±1,015	13.6%	±4.0
65 years old and over	4 844	±625	0.7%	±0.1	3 920	±509	80.9%	±6.2	924	±359	19.1%	±6.2
CITIZENS 18 YEARS AND OVER												
All citizens 18 years old and over	533 151	±2,609	(X)	(X)	514 027	±3,507	96.4%	±0.5	19 124	±2,808	3.6%	±0.5
Speak only English	454 379	±5,354	85.2%	±1.0	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Speak a language other than English	78 772	±5,261	14.8%	±1.0	59 648	±4,522	75.7%	±3.1	19 124	±2,808	24.3%	±3.1
Spanish	19 366	±3,103	3.6%	±0.6	15 443	±2,351	79.7%	±4.9	3 923	±1,288	20.3%	±4.9
Other languages	59 406	±3,747	11.1%	±0.7	44 205	±3,557	74.4%	±4.0	15 201	±2,589	25.6%	±4.0

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: \* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

\* An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

\* An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\* An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

\* An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

\* An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.