S1903: MEDIAN INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2019 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)
Universe: None
2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

	Number		Alaska Percent Distribution		Median income (dollars)	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER						
Households	252 199	±3,658	252 199	±3,658	75 463	±2,694
One race--						
White	181 577	±3,181	72.0%	±0.9	82 171	±2,420
Black or African American	N	N	N	N	69 292	±6,786
American Indian and Alaska Native	32 800	±1,825	13.0%	±0.7	48 497	±5,029
Asian	10 872	±1,237	4.3%	±0.5	80 274	±13,957
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N	N	N	N	66 806	±24,291
Some other race	N	N	N	N	57 927	±13,637
Two or more races	13 546	±2,128	5.4%	±0.8	71 403	±7,446
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	14 799	±1,439	5.9%	±0.6	68 246	±13,093
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	171 506	±3,177	68.0%	±1.0	82 994	±2,414
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER						
15 to 24 years	10 448	±1,688	4.1%	±0.7	35 537	±6,715
25 to 44 years	88 368	±3,102	35.0%	±1.1	78 772	±4,415
45 to 64 years	98 716	±3,127	39.1%	±1.1	87 672	±4,782
65 years and over	54 667	±1,870	21.7%	±0.8	59 826	±4,330
FAMILIES						
Families	163 134	±4,057	163 134	±4,057	91 971	±4,242
With own children of householder under 18 years	72 677	±3,624	44.6%	±1.7	83 674	±4,939
With no own children of householder under 18 years	90 457	±3,165	55.4%	±1.7	98 986	±4,578
Married-couple families	124 608	±3,699	76.4%	±1.5	106 046	±2,381
With own children under 18 years	51 781	±3,197	31.7%	±1.7	104 781	±3,473
Female householder, no spouse present	25 793	±2,382	15.8%	±1.4	52 003	±7,248
With own children under 18 years	13 887	±2,009	8.5%	±1.2	37 218	±6,292
Male householder, no spouse present	12 733	±1,751	7.8%	±1.0	60 331	±10,215
With own children under 18 years	7 009	±1,303	4.3%	±0.8	56 083	±11,025
FAMILY INCOME BY FAMILY SIZE						
2-person families	72 429	±3,696	44.4%	±2.2	85 572	±4,465
3-person families	34 065	±2,829	20.9%	±1.6	101 965	±7,268
4-person families	29 408	±2,468	18.0%	±1.4	101 575	±8,820
5-person families	14 888	±1,934	9.1%	±1.2	97 738	±9,306
6-person families	7 116	±1,670	4.4%	±1.0	107 693	±34,106
7-or-more person families	5 228	±1,071	3.2%	±0.7	85 854	±1,155
FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF EARNERS						
No earners	19 439	±1,808	11.9%	±1.1	58 268	±9,258
1 earner	51 979	±3,306	31.9%	±1.8	63 223	±3,296
2 earners	71 237	±3,471	43.7%	±2.1	113 614	±6,529
3 or more earners	20 479	±2,458	12.6%	±1.4	156 265	±12,877
NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDS						
Nonfamily households	89 065	±3,194	89 065	±3,194	47 508	±2,524
Female householder	39 589	±2,585	44.4%	±2.1	45 415	±3,637
Living alone	31 833	±2,540	35.7%	±2.3	37 829	±3,538
Not living alone	7 756	±1,188	8.7%	±1.3	92 413	±12,640
Male householder	49 476	±2,288	55.6%	±2.1	49 381	±3,696
Living alone	37 276	±2,424	41.9%	±2.5	43 315	±4,985
Not living alone	12 200	±1,780	13.7%	±2.0	74 410	±16,492

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Between 2018 and 2019 the American Community Survey retirement income question changed. These changes resulted in an increase in both the number of households reporting retirement income and higher aggregate retirement income at the national level. For more information see Changes to the Retirement Income Question .

The categories for relationship to householder were revised in 2019. For more information see Revisions to the Relationship to Household item.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: * An "**" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

  * An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

  * An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

  * An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

  * An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

  * An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

  * An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

  * An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.