S2301: EMPLOYMENT STATUS
Universe: None
2019 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates

	Total		Alaska — Labor Force Participation Rate		Employment/ Population Ratio		Unemployment rate	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population 16 years and over	569 699	±1,120	66.3%	±1.0	59.3%	±1.0	5.8%	±0.7
AGE								
16 to 19 years	38 005	±2,189	42.7%	±4.6	32.8%	±4.5	16.5%	±6.0
20 to 24 years	47 636	±2,884	78.5%	±4.5	60.0%	±4.3	10.4%	±3.2
25 to 29 years	60 357	±2,371	79.1%	±2.8	66.3%	±3.3	8.4%	±2.1
30 to 34 years	57 621	±2,555	81.0%	±2.8	70.0%	±3.5	5.0%	±1.4
35 to 44 years	93 035	±2,246	82.1%	±2.1	75.5%	±2.6	4.0%	±1.0
45 to 54 years	87 687	±2,615	81.2%	±2.1	77.4%	±2.2	3.7%	±1.0
55 to 59 years	48 858	±2,878	71.1%	±2.9	68.2%	±2.9	4.0%	±1.5
60 to 64 years	45 912	±2,435	56.1%	±3.6	53.8%	±3.8	4.1%	±2.0
65 to 74 years	61 658	±2,041	31.7%	±3.4	29.9%	±3.2	5.6%	±2.4
75 years and over	28 930	±1,144	7.1%	±1.9	7.1%	±1.9	0.0%	±5.2
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN								
White alone	384 177	±3,103	66.9%	±1.3	60.3%	±1.3	4.1%	±0.7
Black or African American alone	18 753	±1,312	74.8%	±6.7	59.3%	±7.9	3.8%	±2.9
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	81 566	±2,732	55.3%	±2.4	46.7%	±2.3	15.2%	±2.8
Asian alone	36 142	±1,845	73.5%	±4.4	70.6%	±4.3	2.9%	±2.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Some other race alone	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Two or more races	32 645	±3,405	71.6%	±4.0	64.2%	±4.5	9.1%	±2.9
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	36 769	±416	76.3%	±3.9	66.5%	±4.7	5.9%	±2.7
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	361 061	±1,872	66.1%	±1.3	59.9%	±1.3	3.8%	±0.6
Population 20 to 64 years	441 106	±2,831	77.1%	±1.1	69.2%	±1.2	5.3%	±0.6
SEX								
Male	231 316	±2,426	81.4%	±1.6	71.0%	±1.5	5.3%	±0.8
Female	209 790	±1,895	72.3%	±1.7	67.2%	±1.8	5.3%	±1.0
With own children under 18 years	74 057	±3,215	68.2%	±3.3	63.2%	±3.0	5.2%	±1.6
With own children under 6 years only	17 863	±1,947	62.8%	±5.7	58.1%	±5.8	3.6%	±2.0
With own children under 6 years and 6 to 17 years	19 296	±2,373	57.9%	±7.4	50.5%	±6.8	9.0%	±4.9
With own children 6 to 17 years only	36 898	±2,657	76.2%	±3.7	72.3%	±3.5	4.4%	±2.0
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS								
Below poverty level	39 760	±4,215	43.7%	±5.2	32.6%	±4.8	23.6%	±5.0
At or above the poverty level	391 476	±5,243	81.1%	±1.0	74.5%	±1.1	4.3%	±0.6
DISABILITY STATUS								
With any disability	44 883	±3,134	49.0%	±3.4	43.1%	±3.4	9.6%	±2.8
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Population 25 to 64 years	393 470	±3,024	76.9%	±1.1	70.3%	±1.2	4.7%	±0.6
Less than high school graduate	24 260	±2,737	53.2%	±4.7	47.1%	±4.5	11.4%	±2.9
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	111 672	±5,416	71.9%	±2.1	65.9%	±2.2	7.8%	±1.4
Some college or associate's degree	139 242	±4,949	78.4%	±1.9	70.1%	±2.3	4.4%	±1.1
Bachelor's degree or higher	118 296	±4,894	84.7%	±1.5	79.4%	±2.0	1.7%	±0.7

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

The "Employed" and "Unemployment rate" columns refer to the civilian population. For more information, see the ACS Subject Definitions.

The 2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols: * An "**" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  * An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
  * An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
  * An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
  * An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  * An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
  * An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
  * An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.