

Income inequality indicators by year, type of income, region and observations, 2011-2020

		Västerbotten county						Norrbotten county					
		Median value, SEK thousands	Mean value, SEK thousands	Gini coefficient	At-risk-of-poverty rate, percent	High economic standard, percent	Median at-risk-of-poverty gap, percent	Median value, SEK thousands	Mean value, SEK thousands	Gini coefficient	At-risk-of-poverty rate, percent	High economic standard, percent	Median at-risk-of-poverty gap, percent
2011	equivalised primary income including capital gains	216,8	233,2	0,461	..	..	..	219,7	232,3	0,464	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	213,3	222,7	0,448	..	..	..	216,8	225,1	0,458	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	217,8	239,9	0,251	13,4	3,4	17,0	224,8	243,6	0,240	12,1	3,3	16,3
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	216,2	232,2	0,231	12,9	2,5	16,8	223,0	238,4	0,227	11,6	2,7	16,0
2012	equivalised primary income including capital gains	223,5	237,8	0,452	..	..	..	228,6	240,5	0,458	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	219,5	228,6	0,444	..	..	..	225,5	233,6	0,453	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	224,6	245,4	0,245	13,3	3,4	16,7	232,5	251,4	0,238	11,8	3,4	15,9
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	222,7	238,6	0,229	12,9	2,6	16,5	230,8	246,4	0,226	11,3	2,8	15,6
2013	equivalised primary income including capital gains	226,8	243,5	0,458	..	..	..	234,8	248,2	0,464	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	222,0	231,8	0,450	..	..	..	230,6	239,2	0,459	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	228,9	251,8	0,250	13,3	3,6	16,7	238,1	259,4	0,242	11,5	3,7	16,2
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	226,4	243,1	0,230	12,9	2,6	16,5	236,1	252,8	0,228	11,0	3,0	16,0
2014	equivalised primary income including capital gains	234,5	255,1	0,465	..	..	..	242,4	259,6	0,469	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	228,3	240,0	0,455	..	..	..	236,7	247,9	0,463	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	235,2	262,0	0,260	14,2	4,0	16,6	245,8	270,3	0,252	12,3	4,2	15,6
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	232,0	250,8	0,237	13,5	2,7	16,6	242,9	261,6	0,235	11,6	3,2	15,6
2015	equivalised primary income including capital gains	242,7	267,6	0,470	..	..	..	249,8	268,4	0,469	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	234,5	246,4	0,457	..	..	..	242,4	253,1	0,462	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	244,0	274,8	0,267	14,4	4,5	15,9	253,6	279,9	0,254	12,7	4,4	14,8
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	239,6	259,0	0,237	13,8	2,8	15,6	249,8	268,6	0,233	11,9	3,1	14,7
2016	equivalised primary income including capital gains	245,3	273,2	0,475	..	..	..	251,9	272,9	0,475	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	238,1	254,1	0,461	..	..	..	246,0	259,6	0,468	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	245,7	278,5	0,269	14,0	4,3	15,7	253,1	280,5	0,256	12,8	3,9	14,9
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	242,0	264,0	0,240	13,4	2,7	15,6	250,0	270,5	0,237	12,2	2,8	14,7
2017	equivalised primary income including capital gains	247,8	278,4	0,479	..	..	..	254,1	280,0	0,484	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	239,6	256,6	0,463	..	..	..	247,7	263,1	0,473	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	246,2	280,6	0,276	14,8	4,6	16,4	254,0	285,6	0,267	13,4	4,2	15,2
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	242,3	264,1	0,244	14,2	2,8	16,4	250,6	272,8	0,243	12,7	2,9	15,1
2018	equivalised primary income including capital gains	248,8	274,5	0,470	..	..	..	255,7	274,9	0,471	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	241,9	255,9	0,456	..	..	..	249,9	261,6	0,464	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	248,2	278,4	0,263	14,5	4,0	16,4	255,9	282,4	0,252	12,9	3,8	15,6
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	244,7	264,4	0,236	14,0	2,5	16,2	252,9	272,3	0,232	12,4	2,7	15,4
2019	equivalised primary income including capital gains	250,2	277,6	0,473	..	..	..	256,5	277,1	0,474	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	243,6	258,9	0,458	..	..	..	251,4	264,2	0,467	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	250,4	282,1	0,268	14,8	4,0	16,3	258,3	285,7	0,256	13,4	4,0	16,0
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	247,0	268,1	0,240	14,2	2,6	16,2	255,3	276,0	0,237	12,9	3,0	15,7
2020	equivalised primary income including capital gains	247,8	281,1	0,489	..	..	..	254,9	278,8	0,484	..	..	..
	equivalised primary income excluding capital gains	241,5	258,7	0,468	..	..	..	249,3	265,4	0,476	..	..	..
	equivalised disposable income including capital gains	253,2	289,6	0,277	14,0	4,1	16,9	262,3	292,1	0,259	12,4	4,2	15,7
	equivalised disposable income excluding capital gains	250,0	272,7	0,243	13,6	2,8	16,7	259,4	282,0	0,240	12,0	3,2	15,6

Type of income :

Disposable income is the sum of all taxable and tax-free income minus taxes and negative transfers.

Primary income is the sum of income from employment and property income (income from capital, interest receipts and dividends).

Income is both including and excluding capital gains/losses, that is, the gain/loss arising from a sale (realization) of assets, for example, stocks, mutual funds or real estate.

Incomes are equivalised, which means that the household disposable income is adjusted for household size by using a weight system. The unit of measurement is equivalised disposable income for persons.

Gini coefficient :

The Gini coefficient measures the extent to which the distribution of income within a population deviates from a perfectly equal distribution. A coefficient of 0 expresses perfect equality where everyone has the same income, while a coefficient of 1 expresses full inequality where only one person has all the income.

At-risk-of-poverty rate :

The at-risk-of-poverty rate is the share of people with an equivalised disposable income below the at-risk-of-poverty threshold, which is set at 60 % of the national median equivalised disposable income.

High economic standard :

The high economic standard rate is the share of people with an equivalised disposable income higher than 200 % of the national median equivalised disposable income.

Relative median at-risk-risk-of-poverty gap :

The relative median at-risk-of-poverty gap is calculated as the difference between the median equivalised disposable income of people below the at-risk-of-poverty threshold and the at-risk-of-poverty threshold, expressed as a percentage of the at-risk-of-poverty threshold (cut-off point: 60 % of national median equivalised disposable income).

The population is delimited to so-called full-year households, which refers to households where the adults have been registered in Sweden at both the beginning and the end of the year. Read more about the delimitations in the statistics quality declaration on the Statistics Sweden website.

Income from wages, salaries and pensions from the Nordic countries is included for people who are registered in Sweden. As of the publication of the income year 2020, the statistics for the years 2011-2019 have been revised.

.. = Data not available

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Source: Statistics Sweden

Units: Median value, SEK thousands: SEK thousands

Units: Mean value, SEK thousands: SEK thousands

Units: Gini coefficient: coefficient

Units: At-risk-of-poverty rate, percent: percent

Units: High economic standard, percent: percent

Units: Median at-risk-of-poverty gap, percent: percent

Data type: Stock

Reference period: Calendar year

Median value, SEK thousands: last updated year

Mean value, SEK thousands: last updated year

Median value, SEK thousands: Fixed prices

Mean value, SEK thousands: Fixed prices