B02014: AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE FOR SELECTED TRIBAL GROUPINGS Universe: People who are American Indian and Alaska Native alone and people with no tribe reported 2020 American Community Survey 5-Years Estimates

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Erro
Total:	107 298	$\pm 1,64$
American Indian tribes, specified:	5 887	±85
Apache	287	±20
Arapaho	114	±16
Blackfeet	73	±4
Canadian and French American Indian	202	±15
Central American Indian	104	±7
Cherokee	1118	±33
Cheyenne	18	±2
Chickasaw	44	±.
Chippewa	599	± 30
Choctaw	427	±20
Colville	48	±′
Comanche	46	±0
Cree	0	±2
Creek	21	±2
Crow	39	±4
Delaware	5	=
Норі	68	±10
Houma	69	±9
Iroquois	84	±;
Kiowa	0	±2
Lumbee	47	±:
Menominee	38	土
Mexican American Indian	142	±1
Navajo	96	土
Osage	4	=
Ottawa	4	=
Paiute	20	±
Pima	1	=
Potawatomi	72	±
Pueblo	108	±
Puget Sound Salish	130	± 1
Seminole	27	±
Shoshone	68	±1
Sioux	362	±2
South American Indian	75	±
Spanish American Indian	8	±
Tohono O'Odham	0	±
Ute	19	±
Yakama	15	±
Yaqui	58	±
Yuman	9	±
All other American Indian tribes (with only one tribe reported)	1 2 1 8	± 3
American Indian tribes, not specified	656	±2
Alaska Native tribes, specified:	87 870	±1,8
Alaskan Athabascan	13 113	±1,1
Aleut	8 653	±9
Inupiat	23 515	±1,1
Tlingit-Haida	7617	±5
Tsimshian	1 450	±1
Yup'ik	33 522	±1,3°
Alaska Native tribes, not specified	10 393	±90
American Indian or Alaska Native tribes, not specified	0	±2
Two or More American Indian or Alaska Native Tribes	2 492	±49

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Total includes people who reported American Indian or Alaska Native only, regardless of whether they reported one or more American Indian or Alaska Native tribes or tribal groupings.

All Other American Indian Tribes (with only one tribe reported). Includes respondents who provide a response of another American Indian tribe not shown separately, such as Abenaki, Catawba, Eastern Tribes, Kickapoo, Mattaponi, Quapaw, Shawnee, or Yuchi.

American Indian Tribes, not specified. Includes people who provide a generic term such as "American Indian" or tribal groupings not elsewhere classified.

Alaska Native Tribes, not specified. Includes people who provide a generic term such as "Alaska Indian" or "Alaska Native" or tribal groupings not elsewhere classified.

American Indian Tribes or Alaska Native Tribes, not specified. Includes respondents who checked the American Indian or Alaska Native response category on the ACS questionnaire and did not write in a specific group.

Two or more American Indian or Alaska Native Tribes. Includes respondents who provided multiple American Indian or Alaska Native Tribes responses such as Blackfeet and Pueblo; or Alaskan Athabascan and Tlingit-Haida; or Paiute and Aleut.

The Hispanic origin and race codes were updated in 2020. For more information on the Hispanic origin and race code changes, please visit the American Community Survey Technical Documentation website.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- -: The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- N: The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.
- (X): The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.
- median -: The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")
- median+: The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").
- **: The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations,
- ***: The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- ***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.