B12002: SEX BY MARITAL STATUS BY AGE FOR THE POPULATION 15 YEARS AND OVER
Universe: Population 15 years and over
2020 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	582 468	±291
Male:	305 350	±478
Never married:	116 156	±1,922
15 to 17 years	14 917	±241
18 and 19 years	9 380	±337
20 to 24 years	25 733	±688
25 to 29 years	22 090	±823
30 to 34 years	13 320	±640
35 to 39 years	8 156	±646
40 to 44 years	4 856	±518
45 to 49 years	4 360	±455
50 to 54 years	4 151	±478
55 to 59 years	3 508	±414
60 to 64 years	2 572	±379
65 to 74 years	2 486	±315
75 to 84 years	540	±128
85 years and over	87	±65
Now married:	152 154	±2,187
Married, spouse present:	132 592	±2,200
15 to 17 years	15	±28
18 and 19 years	79	±67
20 to 24 years	3 638	±562
25 to 29 years	8 478	±754
30 to 34 years	13 043	±587
35 to 39 years	14 148	±754
40 to 44 years	12 514	±673
45 to 49 years	12 849	±586
50 to 54 years	13 207	±601
55 to 59 years	14 539	±846
60 to 64 years	14 028	±788
65 to 74 years	18 984	±649
75 to 84 years	5 798	±422
85 years and over	1 272	±236
Married, spouse absent:	19 562	±1,191
Separated:	5 035	±551
15 to 17 years	8	±13
18 and 19 years	0	±23
20 to 24 years	57	±43
25 to 29 years	244	±124
30 to 34 years	294	±87
35 to 39 years	612	±207
40 to 44 years	610	±244
45 to 49 years	421	±133
50 to 54 years	843	±192
55 to 59 years	666	±201
60 to 64 years	697	±287
65 to 74 years	466	±131
75 to 84 years	116	±80
85 years and over	1	±2
Other:	14 527	±1,094
15 to 17 years	24	±27
18 and 19 years	64	±45
20 to 24 years	643	±208
25 to 29 years	1 386	±294
30 to 34 years	1 464	±254
35 to 39 years	1 221	±265
40 to 44 years	1 177	±243
45 to 49 years	1 607	±279
50 to 54 years	1 351	±262
55 to 59 years	1 854	±345
60 to 64 years	1 436	±262
65 to 74 years	1 527	±380
75 to 84 years	629	±244
85 years and over	144	±64

Widowed:	6 804	±656
15 to 17 years	13	±24
18 and 19 years	0	±23
20 to 24 years	0	±23
25 to 29 years	46	±50
30 to 34 years	47	±47
35 to 39 years	270	±272
40 to 44 years	60	±44
45 to 49 years	187	±69
50 to 54 years	317	±110
55 to 59 years	677	±204
60 to 64 years	590	±189
65 to 74 years	2 101	±299
75 to 84 years	1 486	±240
85 years and over	1 010	±196
Divorced:	30 236	±1,230
15 to 17 years	13	±14
18 and 19 years	0	±23
20 to 24 years	384	±167
25 to 29 years	559	±181
30 to 34 years	1 780	±330
35 to 39 years	2 373	±325
40 to 44 years	2 779	±370
45 to 49 years	3 694	±364
50 to 54 years	3 921	±425
55 to 59 years	4 158	±439
60 to 64 years	3 769	±403
65 to 74 years	5 065	±505
75 to 84 years	1 508	±260
85 years and over	233	±118
Female:	277 118	±426
Never married:	79 899	±1,652
15 to 17 years	13 752	±206
18 and 19 years	7 526	±327
20 to 24 years	16 951	±568
25 to 29 years	14 401	±779
30 to 34 years	8 450	±654
35 to 39 years	5 973	±632
40 to 44 years	3 264	±437
45 to 49 years	2 343	±348
50 to 54 years	2 059	±312
55 to 59 years	1 825	±278
60 to 64 years	1 297	±271
65 to 74 years	1 456	±333
75 to 84 years	449	±134
85 years and over	153	±93
Now married:	144 595	±1,935
Married, spouse present:	129 185	±2,185
15 to 17 years	4	±4
18 and 19 years	263	±99
20 to 24 years	4 010	±436
25 to 29 years	10 744	±707
30 to 34 years	15 297	±726
35 to 39 years	14 481	±811
40 to 44 years	13 042	±670
45 to 49 years	12 655	±648
50 to 54 years	13 158	±536
55 to 59 years	14 359	±764
60 to 64 years	12 391	±646
65 to 74 years	14 382	±606
75 to 84 years	3 898	±322
85 years and over	501	±145
Married, spouse absent:	15 410	±1,066
Separated:	5 403	±703
15 to 17 years	11	±11
18 and 19 years	0	±23
20 to 24 years	91	±55
25 to 29 years	450	±150
30 to 34 years	746	±274

35 to 39 years	561	±145
40 to 44 years	468	±123
45 to 49 years	757	±232
50 to 54 years	724	±240
55 to 59 years	765	±304
60 to 64 years	451	±146
65 to 74 years	273	±103
75 to 84 years	106	±93
85 years and over	0	±23
Other:	10 007	±843
15 to 17 years	67	±58
18 and 19 years	106	±73
20 to 24 years	834	±192
25 to 29 years	1 038	±235
30 to 34 years	826	±200
35 to 39 years	1 267	±225
40 to 44 years	711	±243
45 to 49 years	840	±174
50 to 54 years	829	±209
55 to 59 years	1 137	±292
60 to 64 years	1 076	±312
65 to 74 years	824	±216
75 to 84 years	316	±101
85 years and over	136	±83
Widowed:	16 609	±734
15 to 17 years	13	±25
18 and 19 years	1	±3
20 to 24 years	10	±10
25 to 29 years	120	±71
30 to 34 years	96	±64
35 to 39 years	131	±57
40 to 44 years	164	±88
45 to 49 years	258	±76
50 to 54 years	688	±160
55 to 59 years	1 124	±210
60 to 64 years	1 589	±287
65 to 74 years	5 259	±484
75 to 84 years	4 317	±352
85 years and over	2 839	±269
Divorced:	36 015	±1,460
15 to 17 years	0	±23
18 and 19 years	1	±3
20 to 24 years	424	±169
25 to 29 years	1 772	±441
30 to 34 years	1 915	±290
35 to 39 years	2 454	±366
40 to 44 years	3 002	±377
45 to 49 years	3 865	±469
50 to 54 years	3 967	±460
55 to 59 years	4 512	±537
60 to 64 years	4 836	±484
65 to 74 years	6 521	±581
75 to 84 years	2 241	±321
85 years and over	505	±155

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.