

B14002: SEX BY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY LEVEL OF SCHOOL BY TYPE OF SCHOOL FOR THE POPULATION 3 YEARS AND OVER
Universe: Population 3 years and over
2020 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	706 079	±670
Male:	368 945	±635
Enrolled in school:	91 397	±1,241
Enrolled in nursery school, preschool:	4 831	±370
Public school	3 043	±335
Private school	1 788	±289
Enrolled in kindergarten:	4 816	±462
Public school	4 313	±446
Private school	503	±150
Enrolled in grade 1 to grade 4:	21 430	±707
Public school	19 228	±793
Private school	2 202	±412
Enrolled in grade 5 to grade 8:	19 985	±749
Public school	18 204	±778
Private school	1 781	±256
Enrolled in grade 9 to grade 12:	20 819	±540
Public school	19 083	±595
Private school	1 736	±266
Enrolled in college undergraduate years:	16 183	±967
Public school	13 301	±899
Private school	2 882	±443
Enrolled in graduate or professional school:	3 333	±474
Public school	2 346	±415
Private school	987	±247
Not enrolled in school	277 548	±1,337
Female:	337 134	±739
Enrolled in school:	89 390	±1,188
Enrolled in nursery school, preschool:	5 326	±506
Public school	3 523	±435
Private school	1 803	±273
Enrolled in kindergarten:	4 761	±546
Public school	4 217	±507
Private school	544	±216
Enrolled in grade 1 to grade 4:	19 488	±707
Public school	17 781	±730
Private school	1 707	±280
Enrolled in grade 5 to grade 8:	18 679	±850
Public school	16 986	±788
Private school	1 693	±308
Enrolled in grade 9 to grade 12:	18 294	±572
Public school	16 705	±590
Private school	1 589	±267
Enrolled in college undergraduate years:	17 450	±903
Public school	14 804	±800
Private school	2 646	±405
Enrolled in graduate or professional school:	5 392	±565
Public school	4 141	±491
Private school	1 251	±232
Not enrolled in school	247 744	±1,162

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.