

B17001: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY SEX AND AGE
Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined
2020 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates Detailed Table

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	719 445	±500
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:	74 369	±3,007
Male:	35 939	±1,573
Under 5 years	4 037	±419
5 years	796	±176
6 to 11 years	4 248	±480
12 to 14 years	1 775	±298
15 years	698	±211
16 and 17 years	1 080	±189
18 to 24 years	4 494	±602
25 to 34 years	5 108	±451
35 to 44 years	3 788	±434
45 to 54 years	3 363	±317
55 to 64 years	4 358	±454
65 to 74 years	1 495	±241
75 years and over	699	±174
Female:	38 430	±1,838
Under 5 years	4 240	±513
5 years	617	±155
6 to 11 years	4 035	±440
12 to 14 years	1 615	±266
15 years	740	±196
16 and 17 years	983	±194
18 to 24 years	5 066	±481
25 to 34 years	6 742	±597
35 to 44 years	3 953	±482
45 to 54 years	3 457	±355
55 to 64 years	3 582	±445
65 to 74 years	2 033	±395
75 years and over	1 367	±263
Income in the past 12 months at or above poverty level:	645 076	±2,962
Male:	336 272	±1,598
Under 5 years	22 123	±477
5 years	4 044	±420
6 to 11 years	27 235	±857
12 to 14 years	13 419	±663
15 years	4 089	±419
16 and 17 years	8 951	±422
18 to 24 years	30 239	±638
25 to 34 years	55 156	±671
35 to 44 years	43 898	±605
45 to 54 years	42 746	±626
55 to 64 years	43 670	±614
65 to 74 years	28 918	±391
75 years and over	11 784	±227
Female:	308 804	±1,892
Under 5 years	20 730	±537
5 years	5 216	±592
6 to 11 years	25 359	±837
12 to 14 years	11 585	±635
15 years	4 204	±352
16 and 17 years	7 817	±464
18 to 24 years	23 971	±559
25 to 34 years	48 526	±712
35 to 44 years	41 399	±572
45 to 54 years	38 565	±487
55 to 64 years	41 661	±515
65 to 74 years	26 487	±480
75 years and over	13 284	±386

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

**** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.