S1101: HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES

Universe: None

2020 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates

	Total		Married-couple family household		Alaska Male householder, no spouse present, family household		Female householder, no spouse present, family household		Nonfamily household	
		Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate Margin	Margin of Error	Estimate		Estimate	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLDS		2.1.0.1		2.1.01		2.1.01		2.1.01		21101
Total households	255 173	$\pm 1,326$	127 312	$\pm 1,948$	14 293	±758	26 210	$\pm 1,003$	87 358	$\pm 1,932$
Average household size	2.78	±0.01	3.47	±0.03	3.65	$\pm 0.11$	3.69	±0.09	1.36	±0.02
FAMILIES										
Total families	167 815	$\pm 1,899$	127 312	$\pm 1,948$	14 293	±758	26 210	$\pm 1,003$	(X)	(X)
Average family size	3.38	$\pm 0.03$	3.41	$\pm 0.03$	3.17	$\pm 0.09$	3.36	$\pm 0.08$	(X)	(X)
AGE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Households with own children of the householder under 18 years	77 719	$\pm 1,464$	55 027	$\pm 1,369$	7812	$\pm 562$	14 880	$\pm 822$	(X)	(X)
Under 6 years only	23.7%	$\pm 1.1$	24.1%	±1.5	22.2%	$\pm 3.3$	23.0%	$\pm 2.6$	(X)	(X)
Under 6 years and 6 to 17 years	23.2%	$\pm 1.1$	24.9%	$\pm 1.4$	17.9%	$\pm 3.3$	20.0%	$\pm 2.4$	(X)	(X)
6 to 17 years only	53.1%	$\pm 1.3$	51.0%	±1.5	59.9%	$\pm 3.9$	57.0%	$\pm 3.3$	(X)	(X)
Total households	255 173	$\pm 1,326$	127 312	$\pm 1,948$	14 293	±758	26 210	$\pm 1,003$	87 358	$\pm 1,932$
SELECTED HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE										
Households with one or more people under 18 years	34.1%	$\pm 0.6$	46.5%	$\pm 0.9$	63.5%	$\pm 3.2$	68.1%	$\pm 2.0$	1.0%	$\pm 0.2$
Households with one or more people 60 years and over	35.1%	$\pm 0.4$	34.7%	$\pm 0.7$	28.9%	$\pm 2.5$	25.9%	$\pm 1.8$	39.4%	$\pm 1.1$
Householder living alone	26.3%	$\pm 0.6$	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	76.7%	$\pm 1.0$
65 years and over	8.7%	$\pm 0.4$	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	25.5%	$\pm 1.0$
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1-unit structures	70.5%	$\pm 0.7$	83.3%	$\pm 1.0$	69.6%	±3.3	61.2%	±2.2	54.7%	$\pm 1.1$
2-or-more-unit structures	25.2%	$\pm 0.6$	13.6%	$\pm 0.8$	24.3%	±3.1	32.7%	±2.3	40.0%	$\pm 1.0$
Mobile homes and all other types of units	4.4%	$\pm 0.3$	3.2%	$\pm 0.3$	6.1%	$\pm 1.2$	6.1%	$\pm 1.0$	5.3%	$\pm 0.6$
HOUSING TENURE										
Owner-occupied housing units	64.8%	$\pm 0.7$	77.0%	$\pm 0.9$	57.2%	±3.0	51.6%	$\pm 2.0$	52.3%	±1.2
Renter-occupied housing units	35.2%	$\pm 0.7$	23.0%	$\pm 0.9$	42.8%	±3.0	48.4%	$\pm 2.0$	47.7%	±1.2

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Average family size is derived by dividing the number of related people in households by the number of family households.

Housing unit weight is used throughout this table (only exception is the average household and family size cells).

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

## Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.
- (X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.
- median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")
- median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").
- \*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.
- \*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- \*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.