

**S1501: EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT**  
**Universe: None**  
**2020 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates**

	Alaska											
	Total		Percent		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
<b>AGE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>												
Population 18 to 24 years	70 195	±400	(X)	(X)	39 978	±309	(X)	(X)	30 217	±234	(X)	(X)
Less than high school graduate	8 786	±482	12.5%	±0.7	5 337	±395	13.3%	±1.0	3 449	±306	11.4%	±1.0
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	29 696	±1,119	42.3%	±1.5	18 420	±824	46.1%	±2.0	11 276	±638	37.3%	±2.1
Some college or associate's degree	27 414	±975	39.1%	±1.4	14 290	±766	35.7%	±1.9	13 124	±678	43.4%	±2.2
Bachelor's degree or higher	4 299	±540	6.1%	±0.8	1 931	±355	4.8%	±0.9	2 368	±346	7.8%	±1.1
Population 25 years and over	483 436	±429	(X)	(X)	250 382	±503	(X)	(X)	233 054	±367	(X)	(X)
Less than 9th grade	11 513	±926	2.4%	±0.2	5 646	±519	2.3%	±0.2	5 867	±650	2.5%	±0.3
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	21 663	±1,227	4.5%	±0.3	12 313	±909	4.9%	±0.4	9 350	±676	4.0%	±0.3
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	137 486	±2,516	28.4%	±0.5	78 947	±1,608	31.5%	±0.6	58 539	±1,594	25.1%	±0.7
Some college, no degree	125 645	±2,268	26.0%	±0.5	66 565	±1,664	26.6%	±0.7	59 080	±1,662	25.4%	±0.7
Associate's degree	42 162	±1,577	8.7%	±0.3	20 857	±1,238	8.3%	±0.5	21 305	±986	9.1%	±0.4
Bachelor's degree	90 161	±2,021	18.7%	±0.4	40 942	±1,345	16.4%	±0.5	49 219	±1,290	21.1%	±0.6
Graduate or professional degree	54 806	±1,643	11.3%	±0.3	25 112	±1,211	10.0%	±0.5	29 694	±1,094	12.7%	±0.5
High school graduate or higher	450 260	±1,613	93.1%	±0.3	232 423	±1,093	92.8%	±0.4	217 837	±1,045	93.5%	±0.4
Bachelor's degree or higher	144 967	±2,489	30.0%	±0.5	66 054	±1,676	26.4%	±0.7	78 913	±1,448	33.9%	±0.6
Population 25 to 34 years	118 606	±528	(X)	(X)	62 751	±376	(X)	(X)	55 855	±361	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	110 700	±865	93.3%	±0.6	58 093	±641	92.6%	±0.8	52 607	±550	94.2%	±0.8
Bachelor's degree or higher	30 216	±1,232	25.5%	±1.0	12 404	±801	19.8%	±1.3	17 812	±777	31.9%	±1.4
Population 35 to 44 years	94 294	±718	(X)	(X)	48 776	±496	(X)	(X)	45 518	±357	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	89 560	±963	95.0%	±0.6	45 729	±682	93.8%	±0.9	43 831	±471	96.3%	±0.6
Bachelor's degree or higher	31 537	±1,201	33.4%	±1.3	13 418	±749	27.5%	±1.6	18 119	±697	39.8%	±1.4
Population 45 to 64 years	182 907	±706	(X)	(X)	95 402	±603	(X)	(X)	87 505	±401	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	170 716	±1,056	93.3%	±0.5	88 715	±836	93.0%	±0.7	82 001	±592	93.7%	±0.6
Bachelor's degree or higher	55 357	±1,575	30.3%	±0.9	25 744	±992	27.0%	±1.1	29 613	±1,063	33.8%	±1.2
Population 65 years and over	87 629	±417	(X)	(X)	43 453	±241	(X)	(X)	44 176	±283	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	79 284	±683	90.5%	±0.7	39 886	±371	91.8%	±0.7	39 398	±512	89.2%	±1.0
Bachelor's degree or higher	27 857	±971	31.8%	±1.1	14 488	±690	33.3%	±1.5	13 369	±650	30.3%	±1.5
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>												
White alone	332 424	±849	(X)	(X)	175 850	±583	(X)	(X)	156 574	±632	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	317 633	±1,191	95.6%	±0.3	167 006	±788	95.0%	±0.4	150 627	±831	96.2%	±0.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	119 184	±2,248	35.9%	±0.7	56 253	±1,515	32.0%	±0.8	62 931	±1,388	40.2%	±0.9
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	317 689	±498	(X)	(X)	168 159	±350	(X)	(X)	149 530	±442	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	304 614	±941	95.9%	±0.3	160 369	±641	95.4%	±0.4	144 245	±683	96.5%	±0.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	115 521	±2,171	36.4%	±0.7	54 868	±1,484	32.6%	±0.9	60 653	±1,386	40.6%	±0.9
Black alone	15 523	±483	(X)	(X)	8 879	±332	(X)	(X)	6 644	±338	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	14 483	±578	93.3%	±2.3	8 136	±400	91.6%	±2.7	6 347	±360	95.5%	±2.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	3 220	±438	20.7%	±2.7	1 220	±239	13.7%	±2.8	2 000	±355	30.1%	±5.0
American Indian or Alaska Native alone	61 030	±938	(X)	(X)	29 953	±565	(X)	(X)	31 077	±628	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	51 261	±1,006	84.0%	±1.0	25 101	±588	83.8%	±1.1	26 160	±726	84.2%	±1.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	4 546	±442	7.4%	±0.7	1 768	±323	5.9%	±1.1	2 778	±275	8.9%	±0.9
Asian alone	32 055	±775	(X)	(X)	14 032	±477	(X)	(X)	18 023	±547	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	27 961	±903	87.2%	±1.8	12 515	±530	89.2%	±2.3	15 446	±612	85.7%	±2.2
Bachelor's degree or higher	8 379	±597	26.1%	±1.8	2 879	±312	20.5%	±2.2	5 500	±477	30.5%	±2.6

Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	5 421	±189	(X)	(X)	2 774	±159	(X)	(X)	2 647	±155	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	4 896	±277	90.3%	±4.1	2 468	±215	89.0%	±6.3	2 428	±209	91.7%	±5.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	508	±203	9.4%	±3.7	131	±76	4.7%	±2.7	377	±183	14.2%	±6.9
Some other race alone	7 685	±753	(X)	(X)	3 879	±500	(X)	(X)	3 806	±446	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	6 592	±744	85.8%	±3.8	3 311	±474	85.4%	±4.0	3 281	±457	86.2%	±5.2
Bachelor's degree or higher	1 487	±396	19.3%	±5.0	627	±233	16.2%	±5.6	860	±304	22.6%	±7.4
Two or more races	29 298	±1,326	(X)	(X)	15 015	±778	(X)	(X)	14 283	±897	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	27 434	±1,331	93.6%	±1.3	13 886	±779	92.5%	±2.0	13 548	±861	94.9%	±1.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	7 643	±764	26.1%	±2.2	3 176	±480	21.2%	±3.0	4 467	±524	31.3%	±2.8
Hispanic or Latino Origin	27 792	±204	(X)	(X)	14 382	±208	(X)	(X)	13 410	±162	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	24 139	±653	86.9%	±2.2	12 399	±436	86.2%	±2.5	11 740	±367	87.5%	±2.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	5 952	±594	21.4%	±2.1	2 400	±337	16.7%	±2.3	3 552	±395	26.5%	±3.0

POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT LEVEL

Less than high school graduate	(X)	(X)	21.0%	±1.6	(X)	(X)	18.7%	±2.1	(X)	(X)	23.6%	±2.3
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	(X)	(X)	13.6%	±0.7	(X)	(X)	11.9%	±0.8	(X)	(X)	15.9%	±1.2
Some college or associate's degree	(X)	(X)	6.6%	±0.5	(X)	(X)	5.5%	±0.6	(X)	(X)	7.7%	±0.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	(X)	(X)	2.8%	±0.4	(X)	(X)	2.7%	±0.5	(X)	(X)	2.9%	±0.4

MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2020 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Population 25 years and over with earnings	47 999	±756	(X)	(X)	54 566	±860	(X)	(X)	39 883	±714	(X)	(X)
Less than high school graduate	26 100	±1,767	(X)	(X)	29 587	±1,854	(X)	(X)	21 363	±1,498	(X)	(X)
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	36 386	±1,011	(X)	(X)	41 993	±1,145	(X)	(X)	28 734	±2,136	(X)	(X)
Some college or associate's degree	45 907	±1,041	(X)	(X)	55 120	±1,488	(X)	(X)	36 812	±931	(X)	(X)
Bachelor's degree	58 169	±2,189	(X)	(X)	71 352	±2,737	(X)	(X)	49 034	±1,594	(X)	(X)
Graduate or professional degree	77 356	±2,205	(X)	(X)	89 752	±4,191	(X)	(X)	71 092	±1,592	(X)	(X)

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate.

Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.