S2302: EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES
Universe: None
2020 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates

	Total		Percent		Families with own children under 18 years		Percent Families with own children under 18 years	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Families	167 815	±1,899	167 815	±1,899	77 719	±1,464	77 719	±1,464
EMPLOYMENT STATUS CHARACTERISTICS								
Opposite-sex married-couple families	126 464	±1,919	126 464	±1,919	54 897	±1,352	54 897	±1,352
Both husband and wife in labor force	69 079	±1,609	54.6%	±0.9	35 179	±1,091	64.1%	±1.4
Husband in labor force, wife not in labor force	27 639	±1,073	21.9%	±0.8	15 543	±875	28.3%	±1.4
Wife in labor force, husband not in labor force	11 181	±630	8.8%	±0.5	3 139	±373	5.7%	±0.7
Both husband and wife not in labor force	18 565	±770	14.7%	±0.6	1 036	±184	1.9%	±0.3
Other families	40 503	±1,212	40 503	±1,212	22 692	±997	22 692	±997
Female householder, no spouse present	26 210	±1,003	64.7%	±1.5	14 880	±822	65.6%	±2.0
In labor force	19 112	±911	47.2%	±1.6	12 307	±791	54.2%	±2.2
Not in labor force	7 098	±587	17.5%	±1.4	2 573	±374	11.3%	±1.6
Male householder, no spouse present	14 293	±758	35.3%	±1.5	7 812	±562	34.4%	±2.0
In labor force	10 727	±608	26.5%	±1.3	6 800	±531	30.0%	±1.8
Not in labor force	3 566	±445	8.8%	±1.1	1 012	±255	4.5%	±1.1
WORK STATUS CHARACTERISTICS								
Families	167 815	±1,899	167 815	±1,899	77 719	±1,464	77 719	±1,464
No workers in the past 12 months	18 183	±873	10.8%	±0.5	2 572	±300	3.3%	±0.4
1 worker in the past 12 months	53 174	±1,307	31.7%	±0.7	30 183	±1,109	38.8%	±1.2
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	96 458	±1,679	57.5%	±0.8	44 964	±1,263	57.9%	±1.2
Married-couple families	127 312	±1,948	127 312	±1,948	55 027	±1,369	55 027	±1,369
Householder worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months:	66 193	±1,631	52.0%	±1.0	34 218	±1,220	62.2%	±1.4
Spouse worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	34 158	±1,237	26.8%	±0.9	16 601	±861	30.2%	±1.4
Spouse worked less than full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	17 252	±958	13.6%	±0.7	9 515	±641	17.3%	±1.1
Spouse did not work in the past 12 months	14 783	±845	11.6%	±0.6	8 102	±716	14.7%	±1.2
Householder worked less than full-time, year-round in the past 12 months:	31 738	±1,356	24.9%	±1.0	14 315	±834	26.0%	±1.3
Spouse worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	13 882	±902	10.9%	±0.7	7 484	±662	13.6%	±1.1
Spouse worked less than full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	11 105	±757	8.7%	±0.6	4 556	±413	8.3%	±0.7
Spouse did not work in the past 12 months	6 751	±516	5.3%	±0.4	2 275	±320	4.1%	±0.6
Householder did not work in the past 12 months:	29 381	±994	23.1%	±0.7	6 494	±548	11.8%	±1.0
Spouse worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	9 654	±681	7.6%	±0.5	4 650	±507	8.5%	±0.9
Spouse worked less than full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	4 322	±378	3.4%	±0.3	1 190	±175	2.2%	±0.3
Spouse did not work in the past 12 months	15 405	±721	12.1%	±0.5	654	±151	1.2%	±0.3

Alaska

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Starting with 2013 data products, same-sex married couples are shown along with all married couples. For more information, see: User Notes.

Selected labor force, employment, and work-status estimates for same- and opposite-sex married people using 2020 American Community Survey (ACS) 1-year data are available for the nation, states and the District of Columbia, and for selected metropolitan areas. At the national level, estimates are available by sex, race, and Hispanic origin. For more information, see the   Employment and Labor Force Characteristics for Same-Sex and Opposite-Sex Married Householders and their Spouses: 2020   table package on the Labor Force Statistics webpage.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.