

Structural type of dwelling by tenure, Data Tables, 2021

Universe: Private households in occupied private dwellings, 2021 Census — 25% Sample data

Household size (1) Number of bedrooms (2) Statistics Tenure (3)	Total - Tenure	Nunavut			Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band
		Total - Household size Total - Number of bedrooms Number of private households Owner	Renter		
Structural type of dwelling (4)					
Total - Structural type of dwelling	9,930	1,905	8,020	0	
Single-detached house	4,275	1,465	2,810	0	
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	110	10	105	0	
Other attached dwelling (5)	5,525	435	5,095	0	
Apartment or flat in a duplex	190	10	180	0	
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	1,350	95	1,255	0	
Other single-attached house	10	0	10	0	
Row house	3,025	255	2,770	0	
Semi-detached house	960	80	880	0	
Movable dwelling (6)	0	0	10	0	

Abbreviation notes:

List of abbreviations and acronyms found within various Census products. (<https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/ref/symb-ab-acr-eng.cfm>)

Geography name: Nunavut

Dissemination Geography Unique Identifier (DGUID): 2021A000262

Alternative geographic code: 62

Province or territory geocode: 62

Long-form total non-response rate: 21.9

Data quality flag: 02020

Data quality note: ..."

Footnotes:

[1] Household size

'Household size' refers to the number of persons in a private household.

[2] Bedrooms

'Bedrooms' refers to rooms in a private dwelling that are designed mainly for sleeping purposes even if they are now used for other purposes, such as guest rooms and television rooms. Also included are rooms used as bedrooms now, even if they were not originally built as bedrooms, such as bedrooms in a finished basement. Bedrooms exclude rooms designed for another use during the day such as dining rooms and living rooms even if they may be used for sleeping purposes at night. By definition, one-room private dwellings such as bachelor or studio apartments have zero bedrooms.

[3] Tenure

Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling. The private dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium. A household is considered to own their dwelling if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for, for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim on it. A household is considered to rent their dwelling if no member of the household owns the dwelling. A household is considered to rent that dwelling even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent, or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative. For historical and statutory reasons, shelter occupancy on Indian reserves or settlements does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore, a special category, 'dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band,' has been created for census purposes.

[4] Structural type of dwelling

'Structural type' refers to the structural characteristics and/or dwelling configuration, that is, whether the dwelling is a single-detached house, an apartment in a high-rise building, a row house, a mobile home, etc.

[5] The category 'Other attached-dwelling' is a subtotal of the following categories: semi-detached house, row house, apartment or flat in a duplex, apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys and other single-attached house.

[6] The category 'Movable dwelling' includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.

How to cite: Statistics Canada. Table 98-10-0240-01 Structural type of dwelling by tenure: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions.

<https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tb11/en/tv.action?pid=9810024001>