

**Structural type of dwelling by tenure, Data Tables, 2021**

**Universe: Private households in occupied private dwellings, 2021 Census — 25% Sample data**

Household size (1) Number of bedrooms (2) Statistics Tenure (3)	Newfoundland and Labrador, Division No. 10				
	Total - Tenure	Total - Household size Total - Number of bedrooms Number of private households	Owner	Renter	Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band
Structural type of dwelling (4)					
Total - Structural type of dwelling	9,520	6,730	2,400	395	
Single-detached house	6,300	5,250	685	360	
Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys	105	0	100	0	
Other attached dwelling (5)	2,795	1,210	1,555	25	
Apartment or flat in a duplex	145	40	90	10	
Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys	540	15	520	0	
Other single-attached house	20	15	0	10	
Row house	950	400	545	10	
Semi-detached house	1,145	740	390	10	
Movable dwelling (6)	330	265	60	10	

**Abbreviation notes:**

List of abbreviations and acronyms found within various Census products. (<https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/ref/symb-ab-acr-eng.cfm>)

Geography name: Division No. 10

Dissemination Geography Unique Identifier (DGUID): 2021A00031010

Alternative geographic code: 1010

Province or territory geocode: 10

Long-form total non-response rate: 7.3

Data quality flag: 00000

Data quality note: "..."

**Footnotes:**

[1] Household size

'Household size' refers to the number of persons in a private household.

[2] Bedrooms

'Bedrooms' refers to rooms in a private dwelling that are designed mainly for sleeping purposes even if they are now used for other purposes, such as guest rooms and television rooms. Also included are rooms used as bedrooms now, even if they were not originally built as bedrooms, such as bedrooms in a finished basement. Bedrooms exclude rooms designed for another use during the day such as dining rooms and living rooms even if they may be used for sleeping purposes at night. By definition, one-room private dwellings such as bachelor or studio apartments have zero bedrooms.

[3] Tenure

Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling. The private dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium. A household is considered to own their dwelling if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for, for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim on it. A household is considered to rent their dwelling if no member of the household owns the dwelling. A household is considered to rent that dwelling even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent, or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative. For historical and statutory reasons, shelter occupancy on Indian reserves or settlements does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore, a special category, 'dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band,' has been created for census purposes.

[4] Structural type of dwelling

'Structural type' refers to the structural characteristics and/or dwelling configuration, that is, whether the dwelling is a single-detached house, an apartment in a high-rise building, a row house, a mobile home, etc.

[5] The category 'Other attached-dwelling' is a subtotal of the following categories: semi-detached house, row house, apartment or flat in a duplex, apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys and other single-attached house.

[6] The category 'Movable dwelling' includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats, recreational vehicles and railroad cars.

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<https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tb11/en/tv.action?pid=9810024001>