

**Income statistics for broad income sources in 2019 and 2020 by age and gender, Data Tables, 2021**

**Universe: Population aged 15 years and over in private households, 2021 Census — 25% Sample Data and 100% Data**

Gender (1, 2) Age (3) Income statistics	Total -		Median amount (\$ (4))	Division No. 11 Total - Gender Total - Age		Average amount (\$ (5))	Aggregate amount (\$'000)	As a share of total income (%)
	Population aged 15 years and over with an amount - 100% data	Percentage with an amount (%) - 100% data		Population aged 15 years and over with an amount - 25% sample data	Percentage with an amount (%) - 25% sample data			
Income sources and taxes								
Total income in 2020 (6)	1,615	94.4	35,600	1,620	94.7	43,480	70,400	100.0
Total income in 2019 (7)	1,600	93.6	30,200	1,600	93.6	40,520	64,800	100.0
Market income in 2020 (8)	1,305	76.3	31,600	1,305	76.3	39,840	52,000	74.0
Market income in 2019 (9)	1,295	75.7	26,000	1,300	76.0	39,480	51,200	79.0
Employment income in 2020 (10)	1,205	70.5	32,400	1,205	70.5	40,200	48,400	68.8
Employment income in 2019 (11)	1,210	70.8	28,400	1,210	70.8	40,000	48,400	74.4
Wages, salaries and commissions in 2020 (12)	1,160	67.8	32,400	1,160	67.8	40,500	46,800	66.8
Wages, salaries and commissions in 2019 (13)	1,175	68.7	26,200	1,175	68.7	37,400	43,800	67.6
Government transfers in 2020 (14)	1,335	78.1	13,000	1,330	77.8	13,740	18,320	26.1
Government transfers in 2019 (15)	1,305	76.3	9,200	1,305	76.3	10,490	13,680	21.1
Earning replacement benefits in 2020 (16)	740	43.3	12,000	740	43.3	12,240	9,040	12.9
Earning replacement benefits in 2019 (17)	505	29.5	10,000	505	29.5	10,640	5,360	8.3
After-tax income in 2020 (18)	1,615	94.4	32,400	1,620	94.7	37,520	60,700	86.4
After-tax income in 2019 (19)	1,600	93.6	28,400	1,600	93.6	34,280	54,900	84.6
Income taxes in 2020 (20)	1,040	60.8	6,120	1,040	60.8	9,260	9,640	13.7
Income taxes in 2019 (21)	945	55.3	5,920	950	55.6	10,500	9,960	15.4

Symbol legend:

x : suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

List of abbreviations and acronyms found within various Census products. (<https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/ref/symb-ab-acr-eng.cfm>)

Geography name: Division No. 11

Data quality flag: 02020

Data quality note: ..."

Footnotes:

[1] Gender

Gender refers to an individual's personal and social identity as a man, woman or non-binary person (a person who is not exclusively a man or a woman). Gender includes the following concepts: gender identity, which refers to the gender that a person feels internally and individually

[2] Given that the non-binary population is small, data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases, individuals in the category "non-binary persons" are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the "+" symbol.

[3] Age

'Age' refers to the age of a person (or subject) of interest at last birthday (or relative to a specified, well-defined reference date).

[4] The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[5] Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[6] Total income refers to the sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between: – Statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families

[7] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[8] The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

[9] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[10] All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

[11] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[12] Gross wages and salaries before deductions for such items as income taxes, pension plan contributions and employment insurance premiums during the reference period. While other employee remuneration such as security options benefits, board and lodging and other taxable allowances and benefits are included in this source, employer's contributions to pension plans and employment insurance plans are excluded. Other receipts included in this source are military pay and allowances, tips, commissions and cash bonuses associated with paid employment, benefits from wage-loss replacement plans or income-maintenance insurance plans, supplementary unemployment benefits from an employer or union, research grants, royalties from a work or invention with no associated expenses and all types of casual earnings during the reference period.

[13] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[14] All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes: \* Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor

[15] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[16] Refers to the sum of payments received from COVID-19 - Emergency and recovery benefits and Employment Insurance (EI) benefits.

[17] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars. In 2019, earning replacement benefits is equal to Employment Insurance (EI) benefits.

[18] After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

[19] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[20] Income taxes on income received during the reference period. It is the sum of federal income tax, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes also include health care premiums and Yukon First Nations Tax in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

[21] The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

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<https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tb1/en/tv.action?pid=9810007301>