Household low-income status by household type, Data Tables, 2021 Universe: Private households in occupied private dwellings, 2021 Census — 100% data

	Nunavut							
Household low-income status (1)	Total -	In low income	Not in low	Prevalence of	Total -	In low income	Not in low	Prevalence of
	Household low-	(LIM-AT)	income	low income	Household low-	(LIM-BT)	income	low income
	income status		(LIM-AT)	(LIM-AT)	income status		(LIM-BT)	(LIM-BT)
	based on low-			(%) (4)	based on low-			(%) (6)
	income measure,				income measure,			
	after tax (3)				before tax (5)			
Household type (2)								
Total - Household type (7)	9,925	1,665	8,260	16.8	9,925	2,085	7,845	21.0
One-person households	1,955	485	1,465	24.8	1,955	555	1,400	28.4
Two-or-more-person households	7,970	1,175	6,790	14.7	7,970	1,525	6,445	19.1
Households consisting of only one census family without additional persons	5,545	910	4,635	16.4	5,545	1,170	4,370	21.1
Other households of two or more persons (8)	2,425	265	2,160	10.9	2,425	350	2,070	14.4

List of abbreviations and acronyms found within various Census products. (https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/ref/symb-ab-acr-eng.cfm)

Geography name: Nunavut

Geographic area type: Territory

Geographic area type abbreviation: TERR

Geographic level: Province or territory

Province or territory abbreviation: Nvt.

Dissemination Geography Unique Identifier (DGUID): 2021A000262

Alternative geographic code: 62 Province or territory geocode: 62 Short-form total non-response rate: 20.2

Data quality flag: 02020 Data quality note: ..."

Footnotes:

[1] Low-income status

Low-income status refers to the income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for low-income data is the calendar year 2020.

'Household type' refers to the differentiation of households on the basis of whether they are census family households or non-census-family households. Census family households are those that contain at least one census family. Noncensus-family households are either one person living alone or a group of two or more persons who live together but do not constitute a census family. Census family households may be differentiated based on the presence of additional persons (that is, persons not in a census family).

- [3] Low-income status refers to the income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for low income data is the calendar year 2020.
- [4] Prevalence of low income The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.
- [5] Low-income status refers to the income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for low income data is the calendar year 2020.
- [6] Prevalence of low income The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.
- [7] For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Household type
- [8] One-census-family households with additional persons, multiple-census-family households and two-or-more person non-census-family households.

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