## Household low-income status by household type, Data Tables, 2021 Universe: Private households in occupied private dwellings, 2021 Census — 100% data

	Division No. 11							
Household low-income status (1)	Total -	In low income	Not in low	Prevalence of	Total -	In low income	Not in low	Prevalence of
	Household low-	(LIM-AT)	income	low income	Household low-	(LIM-BT)	income	low income
	income status		(LIM-AT)	(LIM-AT)	income status		(LIM-BT)	(LIM-BT)
	based on low-			(%) (4)	based on low-			(%) (6)
	income measure,				income measure,			
	after tax (3)				before tax (5)			
Household type (2)								
Total - Household type (7)	780	185	595	23.7	780	230	550	29.5
One-person households	150	70	75	46.7	150	85	65	56.7
Two-or-more-person households	630	115	515	18.3	630	145	480	23.0
Households consisting of only one census family without additional persons	495	85	405	17.2	495	115	380	23.2
Other households of two or more persons (8)	140	30	105	21.4	140	30	110	21.4

## Abbreviation notes:

List of abbreviations and acronyms found within various Census products. (https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/ref/symb-ab-acr-eng.cfm)

Geography name: Division No. 11

Geographic area type: Census division

Geographic area type abbreviation: CDR

Geographic level: Census division

Province or territory abbreviation: N.L.

Dissemination Geography Unique Identifier (DGUID): 2021A00031011

Alternative geographic code: 1011 Province or territory geocode: 10 Short-form total non-response rate: 22.3

Data quality flag: 02020

Data quality note: ..."

Footnotes:

[1] Low-income status

Low-income status refers to the income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for low-income data is the calendar year 2020.

## [2] Household typ

'Household type' refers to the differentiation of households on the basis of whether they are census family households or non-census-family households. Census family households are those that contain at least one census family. Non-census-family households are either one person living alone or a group of two or more persons who live together but do not constitute a census family. Census family households may be differentiated based on the presence of additional persons (that is, persons not in a census family).

- [3] Low-income status refers to the income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for low income data is the calendar year 2020.
- [4] Prevalence of low income The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.
- [5] Low-income status refers to the income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for low income data is the calendar year 2020.
- [6] Prevalence of low income The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.
- [7] For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Household type
- [8] One-census-family households with additional persons, multiple-census-family households and two-or-more person non-census-family households.

How to cite: Statistics Canada. Table 98-10-0106-01 Household low-income status by household type: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions. https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tbl1/en/tv.action?pid=9810010601