

Complete population profile, Census profile, 2021

Topic	Characteristic	Note	Yukon [Territory]			Rates		
			Counts	Men+	Women+	Total	Men+	Women+
Population and dwellings	Population, 2021	1	40232	...	...	...	...	...
	Population, 2016	1	35874	...	...	...	...	...
	Population percentage change, 2016 to 2021		12.1	...	...	12.1	...	...
	Total private dwellings	2	19610	...	...	...	...	...
	Private dwellings occupied by usual residents	3	17181	...	...	...	...	...
	Population density per square kilometre		0.1	...	...	0.1	...	...
	Land area in square kilometres		472345.44	...	...	...	...	...
Age characteristics	Total - Age groups of the population - 100% data		40230	20100	20130	100.0	100.0	100.0
	0 to 14 years		6820	3545	3275	17.0	17.6	16.3
	0 to 4 years		2175	1090	1085	5.4	5.4	5.4
	5 to 9 years		2375	1245	1130	5.9	6.2	5.6
	10 to 14 years		2275	1205	1065	5.7	6.0	5.3
	15 to 64 years		27360	13405	13960	68.0	66.7	69.3
	15 to 19 years		2085	1085	995	5.2	5.4	4.9
	20 to 24 years		2140	1080	1060	5.3	5.4	5.3
	25 to 29 years		2705	1310	1390	6.7	6.5	6.9
	30 to 34 years		3415	1665	1750	8.5	8.3	8.7
	35 to 39 years		3425	1660	1770	8.5	8.3	8.8
	40 to 44 years		2840	1365	1470	7.1	6.8	7.3
	45 to 49 years		2615	1215	1400	6.5	6.0	7.0
	50 to 54 years		2460	1220	1235	6.1	6.1	6.1
	55 to 59 years		2805	1355	1440	7.0	6.7	7.2
	60 to 64 years		2880	1430	1450	7.2	7.1	7.2
	65 years and over		6050	3155	2890	15.0	15.7	14.4
	65 to 69 years		2370	1225	1150	5.9	6.1	5.7
	70 to 74 years		1765	925	840	4.4	4.6	4.2
	75 to 79 years		1025	560	460	2.5	2.8	2.3
	80 to 84 years		505	270	230	1.3	1.3	1.1
	85 years and over		385	175	210	1.0	0.9	1.0
	85 to 89 years		255	115	140	0.6	0.6	0.7
	90 to 94 years		110	50	55	0.3	0.2	0.3
	95 to 99 years		20	10	15	0.0	0.0	0.1
	100 years and over		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total - Distribution (%) of the population by broad age groups - 100% data		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0 to 14 years		17.0	17.6	16.3	17.0	17.6	16.3	
15 to 64 years		68.0	66.7	69.3	68.0	66.7	69.3	
65 years and over		15.0	15.7	14.4	15.0	15.7	14.4	
85 years and over		1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	
Average age of the population		39.9	39.9	40.0	39.9	39.9	40.0	
Median age of the population		39.2	39.2	39.6	39.2	39.2	39.6	
Household and dwelling characteristics	Total - Occupied private dwellings by structural type of dwelling - 100% data		17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	Single-detached house		10355	...	...	60.3	...	...
	Semi-detached house		1270	...	...	7.4	...	...
	Row house		1250	...	...	7.3	...	...
	Apartment or flat in a duplex		700	...	...	4.1	...	...
	Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys		1980	...	...	11.5	...	...
	Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys		55	...	...	0.3	...	...

	Other single-attached house		125	...	...	0.7	...	...
	Movable dwelling	4	1445	...	...	8.4	...	...
	Total - Private households by household size - 100% data		17185	...	...	100.0	...	...
	1 person		5615	...	...	32.7	...	...
	2 persons		5800	...	...	33.8	...	...
	3 persons		2500	...	...	14.5	...	...
	4 persons		2100	...	...	12.2	...	...
	5 or more persons		1165	...	...	6.8	...	...
	Number of persons in private households		39585	19710	19870	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Average household size		2.3	...	...	2.3	...	...
Marital status	Total - Marital status for the total population aged 15 years and over - 100% data		33410	16560	16850	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Married or living common-law		18280	9110	9165	54.7	55.0	54.4
	Married		12450	6235	6220	37.3	37.7	36.9
	Living common-law		5830	2880	2950	17.4	17.4	17.5
	Living common law - Never married		4625	2280	2340	13.8	13.8	13.9
	Living common law - Separated		155	85	65	0.5	0.5	0.4
	Living common law - Divorced		960	485	470	2.9	2.9	2.8
	Living common law - Widowed		95	30	70	0.3	0.2	0.4
	Not married and not living common-law		15135	7445	7690	45.3	45.0	45.6
	Not married and not living common law - Never married		10650	5620	5035	31.9	33.9	29.9
	Not married and not living common law - Separated		795	355	445	2.4	2.1	2.6
	Not married and not living common law - Divorced		2435	1130	1310	7.3	6.8	7.8
	Not married and not living common law - Widowed		1250	340	910	3.7	2.1	5.4
Family characteristics	Total - Census families in private households by family size - 100% data	5	10925	...	...	100.0	...	...
	2 persons		5995	...	...	54.9	...	...
	3 persons		2255	...	...	20.6	...	...
	4 persons		1900	...	...	17.4	...	...
	5 or more persons		780	...	...	7.1	...	...
	Average size of census families		2.8	...	...	2.8	...	...
	Average number of children in census families with children	6	1.7	...	...	1.7	...	...
	Total number of census families in private households - 100% data		10925	...	...	100.0	...	...
	Total couple families		8880	...	...	81.3	...	...
	Married couples		5965	...	...	54.6	...	...
	With children	6	3045	...	...	27.9	...	...
	Without children		2915	...	...	26.7	...	...
	Common-law couples		2915	...	...	26.7	...	...
	With children	6	1100	...	...	10.1	...	...
	Without children		1815	...	...	16.6	...	...
	Total one-parent families		2045	...	...	18.7	...	...
	in which the parent is a woman+		1500	...	...	13.7	...	...
	in which the parent is a man+		550	...	...	5.0	...	...
	Total - Persons in private households - 100% data		39585	19710	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Total - Persons in census families		30465	15050	15420	77.0	76.4	77.6
	Married spouses or common-law partners		17760	8825	8935	44.9	44.8	45.0
	Parents in one-parent families		2045	550	1495	5.2	2.8	7.5
	Children	6	10660	5675	4990	26.9	28.8	25.1
	In a two-parent family		7520	3990	3535	19.0	20.2	17.8
	In a one-parent family		3140	1685	1450	7.9	8.5	7.3
	Total - Persons not in census families in private households - 100% data		9120	4665	4460	23.0	23.7	22.4
	Living alone		5615	2810	2810	14.2	14.3	14.1
	Living with other relatives	7	990	475	510	2.5	2.4	2.6
	Living with non-relatives only		2515	1385	1135	6.4	7.0	5.7

Household type	Total - Household type - 100% data		17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	One-census-family households without additional persons		9465	...	...	55.1	...	...
	Couple-family households		7865	...	...	45.8	...	...
	With children	6	3690	...	...	21.5	...	...
	Without children		4175	...	...	24.3	...	...
	One-parent-family households		1605	...	...	9.3	...	...
	Multigenerational households	8	355	...	...	2.1	...	...
	Multiple-census-family households	9	115	...	...	0.7	...	...
	One-census-family households with additional persons	9	690	...	...	4.0	...	...
	Two-or-more-person non-census-family households		945	...	...	5.5	...	...
One-person households		5620	...	...	32.7	...	...
Income of individuals in 2020	Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data	10	32775	16170	16605	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		31810	15625	16180	97.1	96.6	97.4
	Median total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		54800	56400	53600	54800	56400	53600
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		31825	15640	16185	97.1	96.7	97.5
	Median after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		49200	50000	48400	49200	50000	48400
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		29555	14445	15110	90.2	89.3	91.0
	Median market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		51600	54800	48800	51600	54800	48800
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		26135	12845	13295	79.7	79.4	80.1
	Median employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		52400	55200	49600	52400	55200	49600
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		27060	12865	14190	82.6	79.6	85.5
	Median government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)		6120	5640	6400	6120	5640	6400
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		3065	1550	1510	9.4	9.6	9.1
	Median employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		6160	5840	6280	6160	5840	6280
	Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		7390	3620	3775	22.5	22.4	22.7
	Median COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000
	Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	11	32775	16185	16595	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		31810	15645	16165	97.1	96.7	97.4
	Average total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		64200	67800	60750	64200	67800	60750
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		31825	15655	16165	97.1	96.7	97.4
	Average after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		54750	56900	52700	54750	56900	52700
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		29510	14435	15080	90.0	89.2	90.9
	Average market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		60700	65500	56050	60700	65500	56050
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		26140	12835	13300	79.8	79.3	80.1
	Average employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		58050	62150	54100	58050	62150	54100
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		27225	12865	14360	83.1	79.5	86.5
	Average government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)		9280	9010	9530	9280	9010	9530
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		3135	1540	1590	9.6	9.5	9.6
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		7500	6870	8120	7500	6870	8120

Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		7205	3460	3745	22.0	21.4	22.6
Average COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		8500	8540	8470	8500	8540	8470
Total - Employment income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	12	32775	16185	16595	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked full-year full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	13	13095	6585	6515	40.0	40.7	39.3
Median employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	14	78500	83000	75500	78500	83000	75500
Average employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	15	82300	87700	76800	82300	87700	76800
Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	16	9765	4620	5145	29.8	28.5	31.0
Median employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		26600	28600	24400	26600	28600	24400
Average employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		36640	38240	35200	36640	38240	35200
Composition of total income in 2020 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25% sample data	17	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Market income (%)	18	87.6	89.0	86.0	87.6	89.0	86.0
Employment income (%)	19	74.2	75.2	73.2	74.2	75.2	73.2
Government transfers (%)	20	12.4	10.9	14.0	12.4	10.9	14.0
Employment insurance benefits (%)		1.2	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.3
COVID-19 - Government income support and benefits (%)		3.4	3.1	3.8	3.4	3.1	3.8
COVID-19 - Emergency and recovery benefits (%)		3.0	2.8	3.2	3.0	2.8	3.2
Total - Total income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data	21	32780	16170	16610	100.0	100.0	100.0
Without total income		970	540	425	3.0	3.3	2.6
With total income		31810	15630	16185	97.0	96.7	97.4
Under \$10,000 (including loss)		2035	1005	1030	6.4	6.4	6.4
\$10,000 to \$19,999		2490	1245	1240	7.8	8.0	7.7
\$20,000 to \$29,999		3670	1745	1925	11.5	11.2	11.9
\$30,000 to \$39,999		3340	1555	1785	10.5	9.9	11.0
\$40,000 to \$49,999		3025	1445	1575	9.5	9.2	9.7
\$50,000 to \$59,999		2625	1230	1400	8.3	7.9	8.6
\$60,000 to \$69,999		2570	1205	1360	8.1	7.7	8.4
\$70,000 to \$79,999		2535	1115	1425	8.0	7.1	8.8
\$80,000 to \$89,999		2180	1005	1175	6.9	6.4	7.3
\$90,000 to \$99,999		1940	970	970	6.1	6.2	6.0
\$100,000 and over		5405	3110	2290	17.0	19.9	14.1
\$100,000 to \$149,999		4095	2245	1845	12.9	14.4	11.4
\$150,000 and over		1310	865	445	4.1	5.5	2.7
Total - After-tax income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data	22	32780	16170	16610	100.0	100.0	100.0
Without after-tax income		955	530	425	2.9	3.3	2.6
With after-tax income		31825	15640	16190	97.1	96.7	97.5
Under \$10,000 (including loss)		2130	1060	1070	6.7	6.8	6.6
\$10,000 to \$19,999		2570	1275	1295	8.1	8.2	8.0
\$20,000 to \$29,999		4105	1960	2145	12.9	12.5	13.2
\$30,000 to \$39,999		3870	1855	2015	12.2	11.9	12.4
\$40,000 to \$49,999		3470	1645	1830	10.9	10.5	11.3
\$50,000 to \$59,999		3185	1530	1655	10.0	9.8	10.2
\$60,000 to \$69,999		3290	1435	1855	10.3	9.2	11.5
\$70,000 to \$79,999		2785	1310	1475	8.8	8.4	9.1
\$80,000 to \$89,999		2165	1115	1045	6.8	7.1	6.5
\$90,000 to \$99,999		1445	745	695	4.5	4.8	4.3

		\$100,000 and over	2810	1715	1100	8.8	11.0	6.8	
		\$100,000 to \$124,999	1720	1005	710	5.4	6.4	4.4	
		\$125,000 and over	1095	705	390	3.4	4.5	2.4	
		Total - Employment income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data	19	32780	16170	16610	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Without employment income		6640	3330	3315	20.3	20.6	20.0
		With employment income		26135	12840	13295	79.7	79.4	80.0
		Under \$5,000 (including loss)		2920	1400	1515	11.2	10.9	11.4
		\$5,000 to \$9,999		1505	650	850	5.8	5.1	6.4
		\$10,000 to \$19,999		2345	1080	1265	9.0	8.4	9.5
		\$20,000 to \$29,999		1945	905	1040	7.4	7.0	7.8
		\$30,000 to \$39,999		2020	1000	1020	7.7	7.8	7.7
		\$40,000 to \$49,999		1920	930	990	7.3	7.2	7.4
		\$50,000 to \$59,999		1825	885	945	7.0	6.9	7.1
		\$60,000 to \$69,999		2000	910	1090	7.7	7.1	8.2
		\$70,000 to \$79,999		2020	880	1140	7.7	6.9	8.6
		\$80,000 to \$89,999		1765	850	915	6.8	6.6	6.9
		\$90,000 to \$99,999		1655	840	820	6.3	6.5	6.2
		\$100,000 and over		4215	2515	1700	16.1	19.6	12.8
		\$100,000 to \$124,999		2375	1305	1075	9.1	10.2	8.1
		\$125,000 and over		1840	1205	630	7.0	9.4	4.7
Income of individuals in 2019		Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data	23	32775	16170	16605	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		31420	15430	15990	95.9	95.4	96.3
		Median total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		52000	53600	50400	52000	53600	50400
		Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		31435	15430	16000	95.9	95.4	96.4
		Median after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		46800	47600	45600	46800	47600	45600
		Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		29425	14390	15035	89.8	89.0	90.5
		Median market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		50000	52800	47200	50000	52800	47200
		Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		26370	12955	13410	80.5	80.1	80.8
		Median employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		49600	52400	47200	49600	52400	47200
		Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		24680	11635	13045	75.3	72.0	78.6
		Median government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		2120	1020	3280	2120	1020	3280
		Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		2975	1500	1475	9.1	9.3	8.9
		Median employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		6800	6360	7400	6800	6360	7400
		Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	24	32775	16185	16595	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		31485	15465	16020	96.1	95.6	96.5
		Average total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		61500	64600	58450	61500	64600	58450
		Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		31500	15465	16035	96.1	95.6	96.6
		Average after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		52250	54300	50240	52250	54300	50240
		Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		29555	14515	15045	90.2	89.7	90.7
		Average market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		59800	63650	56050	59800	63650	56050
		Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		26505	13035	13460	80.9	80.5	81.1
		Average employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		56200	59900	52650	56200	59900	52650

	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		24875	11700	13175	75.9	72.3	79.4
	Average government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		6810	6460	7120	6810	6460	7120
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		2985	1385	1600	9.1	8.6	9.6
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		7890	6840	8800	7890	6840	8800
	Total - Employment income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	25	32775	16185	16595	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked full-year full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	13	13000	6515	6480	39.7	40.3	39.0
	Median employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	14	74000	78500	70500	74000	78500	70500
	Average employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	15	77000	82100	71800	77000	82100	71800
	Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	16	9465	4505	4960	28.9	27.8	29.9
	Median employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		29800	31800	28400	29800	31800	28400
	Average employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		39120	40920	37480	39120	40920	37480
	Composition of total income in 2019 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25% sample data		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Market income (%)		91.2	92.4	90.0	91.2	92.4	90.0
	Employment income (%)		77.0	78.2	75.8	77.0	78.2	75.8
	Government transfers (%)		8.7	7.6	10.0	8.7	7.6	10.0
	Employment insurance benefits (%)		1.2	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.5
Income of households in 2020	Total - Income statistics for private households - 100% data	26	17185	...	...	...	...	...
	Median total income of household in 2020 (\$)		100000	...	...	100000	...	...
	Median after-tax income of household in 2020 (\$)		88000	...	...	88000	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for one-person private households - 100% data		5620	...	...	...	...	...
	Median total income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		51200	...	...	51200	...	...
	Median after-tax income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		46800	...	...	46800	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for two-or-more-persons private households - 100% data		11565	...	...	...	...	...
	Median total income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		131000	...	...	131000	...	...
	Median after-tax income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		114000	...	...	114000	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for private households - 25% sample data	27	17180	...	...	...	...	...
	Average total income of household in 2020 (\$)		118900	...	...	118900	...	...
	Average after-tax income of household in 2020 (\$)		101400	...	...	101400	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for one-person private households - 25% sample data		5620	...	...	...	...	...
	Average total income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		63000	...	...	63000	...	...
	Average after-tax income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		54250	...	...	54250	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for two-or-more-persons private households - 25% sample data		11560	...	...	...	...	...
	Average total income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		146200	...	...	146200	...	...
	Average after-tax income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		124400	...	...	124400	...	...
	Total - Household total income groups in 2020 for private households - 100% data	21	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	Under \$5,000		160	...	...	0.9	...	...
	\$5,000 to \$9,999		80	...	...	0.5	...	...
\$10,000 to \$14,999		125	...	...	0.7	...	...
\$15,000 to \$19,999		305	...	...	1.8	...	...
\$20,000 to \$24,999		590	...	...	3.4	...	...
\$25,000 to \$29,999		495	...	...	2.9	...	...
\$30,000 to \$34,999		465	...	...	2.7	...	...
\$35,000 to \$39,999		475	...	...	2.8	...	...
\$40,000 to \$44,999		500	...	...	2.9	...	...
\$45,000 to \$49,999		480	...	...	2.8	...	...
\$50,000 to \$59,999		905	...	...	5.3	...	...

	\$60,000 to \$69,999	1015	...	...	5.9	...	...
	\$70,000 to \$79,999	1040	...	...	6.1	...	...
	\$80,000 to \$89,999	975	...	...	5.7	...	...
	\$90,000 to \$99,999	955	...	...	5.6	...	...
	\$100,000 and over	8620	...	...	50.2	...	...
	\$100,000 to \$124,999	2110	...	...	12.3	...	...
	\$125,000 to \$149,999	1580	...	...	9.2	...	...
	\$150,000 to \$199,999	2490	...	...	14.5	...	...
	\$200,000 and over	2435	...	...	14.2	...	...
	Total - Household after-tax income groups in 2020 for private households - 100% data	22	17180	...	...	100.0	...
	Under \$5,000		175	...	...	1.0	...
	\$5,000 to \$9,999		85	...	...	0.5	...
	\$10,000 to \$14,999		125	...	...	0.7	...
	\$15,000 to \$19,999		305	...	...	1.8	...
	\$20,000 to \$24,999		610	...	...	3.6	...
	\$25,000 to \$29,999		555	...	...	3.2	...
	\$30,000 to \$34,999		495	...	...	2.9	...
	\$35,000 to \$39,999		585	...	...	3.4	...
	\$40,000 to \$44,999		540	...	...	3.1	...
	\$45,000 to \$49,999		550	...	...	3.2	...
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		1135	...	...	6.6	...
	\$60,000 to \$69,999		1280	...	...	7.5	...
	\$70,000 to \$79,999		1220	...	...	7.1	...
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		1150	...	...	6.7	...
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		1060	...	...	6.2	...
	\$100,000 and over		7300	...	...	42.5	...
	\$100,000 to \$124,999		2130	...	...	12.4	...
	\$125,000 to \$149,999		1735	...	...	10.1	...
	\$150,000 and over		3435	...	...	20.0	...
Income of economic families in 2020	Total - Income statistics for economic families in private households - 100% data	28	10845	...	...	...	...
	Median total income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		129000	...	...	129000	...
	Median after-tax income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		112000	...	...	112000	...
	Average family size of economic families		2.9	...	...	2.9	...
	Total - Income statistics for couple-only economic families in private households - 100% data		4420	...	...	...	...
	Median total income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		120000	...	...	120000	...
	Median after-tax income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		104000	...	...	104000	...
	Average family size of couple-only economic families		2.0	...	...	2.0	...
	Total - Income statistics for couple-with-children economic families in private households - 100% data		4160	...	...	...	...
	Median total income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		166000	...	...	166000	...
	Median after-tax income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		142000	...	...	142000	...
	Average family size of couple-with-children economic families		4.0	...	...	4.0	...
	Total - Income statistics for one-parent economic families in private households - 100% data		1920	...	...	...	...
	Median total income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		83000	...	...	83000	...
	Median after-tax income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		76500	...	...	76500	...
	Average family size of one-parent economic families		2.7	...	...	2.7	...
	Total - Income statistics for persons aged 15 years and over not in economic families in private households - 100% data	29	8130	4190	3945	...	...
	Median total income in 2020 (\$)	30	48800	45600	51200	48800	45600 51200
	Median after-tax income in 2020 (\$)	30	44400	41600	46800	44400	41600 46800
	Total - Income statistics for economic families in private households - 25% sample data	31	10860	...	...	...	...
	Average total income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		144400	...	...	144400	...
	Average after-tax income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		122600	...	...	122600	...

	Total - Income statistics for couple-only economic families in private households - 25% sample data	4410	...	...	...	...	...
	Average total income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)	136600	...	...	136600	...	...
	Average after-tax income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)	115100	...	...	115100	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for couple-with-children economic families in private households - 25% sample data	4190	...	...	...	...	...
	Average total income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)	177000	...	...	177000	...	...
	Average after-tax income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)	149400	...	...	149400	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for one-parent economic families in private households - 25% sample data	1870	...	...	...	...	...
	Average total income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)	92500	...	...	92500	...	...
	Average after-tax income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)	82200	...	...	82200	...	...
	Total - Income statistics for persons aged 15 years and over not in economic families in private households - 25% sample data	32	7990	4105	3885	...	...
	Average total income in 2020 (\$)	30	59600	58100	61200	59600	58100 61200
	Average after-tax income in 2020 (\$)	30	51500	49920	53200	51500	49920 53200
Low income and income inequality in 2020	Total - LIM low-income status in 2020 for the population in private households - 100% data	33	39585	19715	19875	100.0	100.0 100.0
	0 to 17 years		8085	4205	3875	20.4	21.3 19.5
	0 to 5 years		2675	1350	1320	6.8	6.8 6.6
	18 to 64 years		25750	12510	13235	65.0	63.5 66.6
	65 years and over		5755	2995	2760	14.5	15.2 13.9
	In low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT)		2990	1565	1425	...	...
	0 to 17 years		625	330	295	...	...
	0 to 5 years		230	105	125	...	...
	18 to 64 years		1610	835	780	...	...
	65 years and over		760	410	350	...	...
	Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT) (%)		7.6	8.0	7.2	7.6	8.0 7.2
	0 to 17 years (%)		7.7	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.8 7.6
	0 to 5 years (%)		8.6	7.6	9.6	8.6	7.6 9.6
	18 to 64 years (%)		6.3	6.7	5.9	6.3	6.7 5.9
	65 years and over (%)		13.2	13.7	12.6	13.2	13.7 12.6
	Total - LICO low-income status in 2020 for the population in private households to whom the low-income concept is applicable - 100% data	33	0	0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	0 to 17 years		0	0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	0 to 5 years		0	0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	18 to 64 years		0	0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	65 years and over		0	0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	In low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT)		0	0	0	...	...
	0 to 17 years		0	0	0	...	...
	0 to 5 years		0	0	0	...	...
	18 to 64 years		0	0	0	...	...
	65 years and over		0	0	0	...	...
	Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) (%)		x	x	x	x	x x
	0 to 17 years (%)		x	x	x	x	x x
	0 to 5 years (%)		x	x	x	x	x x
	18 to 64 years (%)		x	x	x	x	x x
	65 years and over (%)		x	x	x	x	x x
	Total - Adjusted after-tax economic family income decile group for the population in private households - 100% data	34	39585	19710	19870	100.0	100.0 100.0
	In bottom half of the distribution		13990	7005	6990	35.3	35.5 35.2
	In bottom decile		2890	1525	1360	7.3	7.7 6.8
	In second decile		2625	1295	1330	6.6	6.6 6.7
	In third decile		2710	1350	1360	6.8	6.8 6.8
	In fourth decile		2680	1310	1370	6.8	6.6 6.9

	In fifth decile	3085	1520	1570	7.8	7.7	7.9
	In top half of the distribution	25595	12710	12885	64.7	64.5	64.8
	In sixth decile	3440	1700	1740	8.7	8.6	8.8
	In seventh decile	3965	1925	2040	10.0	9.8	10.3
	In eighth decile	5025	2450	2570	12.7	12.4	12.9
	In ninth decile	6260	3135	3125	15.8	15.9	15.7
	In top decile	6910	3500	3410	17.5	17.8	17.2
	Total - Inequality measures for the population in private households - 100% data	35	39585	...	39585	...	...
	Gini index on adjusted household total income	0.303	...	...	0.303	...	...
	Gini index on adjusted household market income	0.382	...	...	0.382	...	...
	Gini index on adjusted household after-tax income	0.275	...	...	0.275	...	...
	P90/P10 ratio on adjusted household after-tax income	3.8	...	...	3.8	...	...
Knowledge of official languages	Total - Knowledge of official languages for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	36	39840	19880	19955	100.0	100.0
	English only	33950	17125	16830	85.2	86.1	84.3
	French only	85	35	50	0.2	0.2	0.3
	English and French	5660	2650	3005	14.2	13.3	15.1
	Neither English nor French	145	75	75	0.4	0.4	0.4
First official language spoken	Total - First official language spoken for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	37	39840	19880	19955	100.0	100.0
	English	37720	18815	18905	94.7	94.6	94.7
	French	1810	910	900	4.5	4.6	4.5
	English and French	170	85	85	0.4	0.4	0.4
	Neither English nor French	140	70	70	0.4	0.4	0.4
Mother tongue	Total - Mother tongue for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	38	39840	19880	19955	100.0	100.0
	Single responses	38490	19225	19265	96.6	96.7	96.5
	Official languages	33780	16995	16785	84.8	85.5	84.1
	English	31995	16085	15910	80.3	80.9	79.7
	French	1785	915	870	4.5	4.6	4.4
	Non-official languages	4705	2230	2485	11.8	11.2	12.5
	Indigenous languages	39	325	125	200	0.8	0.6
	Algonquian languages	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Blackfoot	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree-Innu languages	15	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
	Atikamekw	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree languages	15	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree, n.o.s.	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Innu (Montagnais)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Naskapi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Eastern Algonquian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Mi'kmaq	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Oji-Cree	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway languages	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Daawaamwin (Odawa)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway, n.o.s.	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages	290	115	170	0.7	0.6	0.9
Northern Athabaskan languages	235	90	145	0.6	0.5	0.7
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dene, n.o.s.	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gwich'in	55	20	35	0.1	0.1	0.2
Slavey-Hare languages	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey, n.o.s.	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tahltan languages	60	35	20	0.2	0.2	0.1
Kaska (Nahani)	60	35	20	0.2	0.2	0.1
Tahltan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone languages	115	35	80	0.3	0.2	0.4
Northern Tutchone	70	15	55	0.2	0.1	0.3
Southern Tutchone	25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tutchone, n.o.s.	25	10	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlingit	40	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktit (Inuit) languages	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuvialuktun	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktitut	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Inuktit (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oneida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michif	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitksan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Indigenous languages	4380	2100	2280	11.0	10.6	11.4
Afro-Asiatic languages	90	60	35	0.2	0.3	0.2
Berber languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamazight	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chadic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hausa	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	30	25	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	30	25	5	0.1	0.1	0.0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	60	30	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
Amharic	15	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arabic	40	20	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Aramaic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Harari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrigna	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	65	30	35	0.2	0.2	0.2
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	65	30	35	0.2	0.2	0.2
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	1265	550	715	3.2	2.8	3.6
Bikol	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bisaya, n.o.s.	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Cebuano	80	30	50	0.2	0.2	0.3
Fijian	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0

Hiligaynon	70	30	40	0.2	0.2	0.2
Ilocano	50	20	35	0.1	0.1	0.2
Indonesian	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinaray-a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Merina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	985	435	550	2.5	2.2	2.8
Waray-Waray	10	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages	15	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Krio	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sango	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole, n.o.s.	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages, n.i.e.	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages	100	65	45	0.3	0.3	0.2
Kannada	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	75	40	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Tamil	15	15	5	0.0	0.1	0.0
Telugu	10	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tulu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hmong-Mien languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	2130	1125	1010	5.3	5.7	5.1
Albanian	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	280	140	135	0.7	0.7	0.7
Baltic languages	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	275	140	135	0.7	0.7	0.7
Belarusian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech	70	40	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
Macedonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish	50	20	25	0.1	0.1	0.1
Russian	75	40	35	0.2	0.2	0.2
Rusyn	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian	20	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bosnian	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian	15	10	5	0.0	0.1	0.0
Serbian	10	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak	15	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0

Slovene (Slovenian)	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukrainian	40	20	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Slavic languages, n.i.e.	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages	15	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Irish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scottish Gaelic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Welsh	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages	870	445	430	2.2	2.2	2.2
Frisian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High German languages	715	365	345	1.8	1.8	1.7
German	600	305	300	1.5	1.5	1.5
Pennsylvania German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss German	115	65	50	0.3	0.3	0.3
Yiddish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages	115	55	60	0.3	0.3	0.3
Afrikaans	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch	105	50	50	0.3	0.3	0.3
Low German, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plautdietsch	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vlaams (Flemish)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavian languages	35	20	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Danish	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian	10	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish	15	10	5	0.0	0.1	0.0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages	645	365	280	1.6	1.8	1.4
Indo-Aryan languages	620	350	270	1.6	1.8	1.4
Assamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali	35	15	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Gujarati	45	30	20	0.1	0.2	0.1
Hindi	65	35	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Kacchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Konkani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Odia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi (Panjabi)	410	235	170	1.0	1.2	0.9
Rohingya	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urdu	60	30	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	25	15	5	0.1	0.1	0.0
Baluchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Parsi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	20	10	5	0.1	0.1	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	15	10	5	0.0	0.1	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages	300	150	155	0.8	0.8	0.8
Catalan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian	30	20	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Portuguese	25	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Romanian	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish	235	110	125	0.6	0.6	0.6
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japanese	135	50	90	0.3	0.3	0.5
Korean	65	20	45	0.2	0.1	0.2
Mongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages	45	20	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Akan (Twi)	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamanankan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
...wé	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gikuyu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Luba-Kasai	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MÚoré	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mwani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ndebele	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Soninke	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sotho-Tswana languages	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swahili	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wojenaka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolof	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba	10	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.	10	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages	10	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dinka	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuer	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
American Sign Language	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Quebec Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Sign languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Sino-Tibetan languages	345	130	210	0.9	0.7	1.1	
	Chinese languages	345	130	210	0.9	0.7	1.1	
	Hakka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Mandarin	130	50	80	0.3	0.3	0.4	
	Min Dong	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Wu (Shanghainese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Yue (Cantonese)	200	75	120	0.5	0.4	0.6	
	Chinese, n.o.s.	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Chinese languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tibeto-Burman languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Burmese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Kuki-Chin languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Karenic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	S'gaw Karen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Karenic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tibetan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tai-Kadai languages	30	5	25	0.1	0.0	0.1	
	Lao	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Thai	30	5	25	0.1	0.0	0.1	
	Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Turkic languages	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Azerbaijani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Kazakh	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Turkish	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Uyghur	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Uzbek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Turkic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Uralic languages	60	30	35	0.2	0.2	0.2	
	Estonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Finnish	15	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Hungarian	45	25	20	0.1	0.1	0.1	
	Other languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Multiple responses	1355	660	695	3.4	3.3	3.5	
	English and French	440	225	210	1.1	1.1	1.1	
	English and non-official language(s)	785	375	410	2.0	1.9	2.1	
	French and non-official language(s)	15	15	5	0.0	0.1	0.0	
	English, French and non-official language(s)	35	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1	
	Multiple non-official languages	80	30	50	0.2	0.2	0.3	
All languages spoken at home	Total - All languages spoken at home for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	40	39840	19880	19955	100.0	100.0	100.0
	English		33040	16645	16395	82.9	83.7	82.2
	French		740	355	385	1.9	1.8	1.9
	Non-official language		955	490	470	2.4	2.5	2.4
	Indigenous	39	15	5	15	0.0	0.0	0.1
	Non-Indigenous		940	480	460	2.4	2.4	2.3
	English and French		1275	640	630	3.2	3.2	3.2
	English and non-official language(s)		3555	1625	1930	8.9	8.2	9.7
	French and non-official language(s)		15	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1

	English, French and non-official language(s)	175	80	95	0.4	0.4	0.5
	Multiple non-official languages	80	40	45	0.2	0.2	0.2
Language spoken most often at home	Total - Language spoken most often at home for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	41	39840	19880	19955	100.0	100.0
	Single responses		38955	19470	19480	97.8	97.9
	Official languages		36715	18370	18345	92.2	92.4
	English		35685	17865	17815	89.6	89.9
	French		1035	505	530	2.6	2.5
	Non-official languages		2235	1100	1135	5.6	5.5
	Indigenous languages	39	25	10	20	0.1	0.1
	Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Naskapi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Mikmaq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Athabaskan languages		20	10	15	0.1	0.1
	Northern Athabaskan languages		15	5	10	0.0	0.0
	Dakelh (Carrier)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Dene, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Gwich'in		5	0	5	0.0	0.0
	Slavey-Hare languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Slavey, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Tahltan languages		5	0	5	0.0	0.0
	Kaska (Nahani)		5	0	5	0.0	0.0
	Tahltan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Tlicho (Dogrib)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Tse'khene (Sekani)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0

Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone languages	10	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Northern Tutchone	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlingit	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktit (Inuit) languages	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktitut	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktit (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oneida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michif	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitksan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Indigenous languages	2210	1090	1120	5.5	5.5	5.6
Afro-Asiatic languages	40	20	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Berber languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Tamazight	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chadic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hausa	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	15	10	5	0.0	0.1	0.0
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	10	10	5	0.0	0.1	0.0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	25	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Amharic	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arabic	15	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Aramaic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Harari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrigna	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	30	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	30	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	800	380	420	2.0	1.9	2.1
Bikol	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bisaya, n.o.s.	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cebuano	50	25	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
Fijian	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hiligaynon	55	25	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
Ilocano	20	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Indonesian	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinaray-a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Merina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	645	310	335	1.6	1.6	1.7
Waray-Waray	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Krio	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sango	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Creole, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages	85	50	35	0.2	0.3	0.2
Kannada	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	65	35	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
Tamil	15	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Telugu	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tulu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hmong-Mien languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	880	465	420	2.2	2.3	2.1
Albanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	80	45	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Baltic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	75	45	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Belarusian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech	20	10	5	0.1	0.1	0.0
Macedonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian	45	25	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Rusyn	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbian	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovene (Slovenian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukrainian	10	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Irish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scottish Gaelic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Welsh	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages	195	100	95	0.5	0.5	0.5
Frisian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High German languages	185	90	95	0.5	0.5	0.5
German	125	65	60	0.3	0.3	0.3
Pennsylvania German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss German	55	30	30	0.1	0.2	0.2
Yiddish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afrikaans	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low German, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Plautdietsch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vlaams (Flemish)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Danish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages	495	275	225	1.2	1.4	1.1
Indo-Aryan languages	485	270	215	1.2	1.4	1.1
Assamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali	35	15	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Gujarati	35	20	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hindi	35	20	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Kacchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Konkani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Odia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi (Panjabi)	335	190	150	0.8	1.0	0.8
Rohingya	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urdu	40	25	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baluchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Parsi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	10	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages	105	50	60	0.3	0.3	0.3
Catalan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Portuguese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Romanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish	100	45	55	0.3	0.2	0.3
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japanese	75	30	45	0.2	0.2	0.2
Korean	25	5	15	0.1	0.0	0.1
Mongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages	5	0	5	0.0	0.0	0.0

Akan (Twi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamanankan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
...wé	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gikuyu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Luba-Kasai	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MUoré	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mwani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ndebele	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Soninke	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sotho-Tswana languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swahili	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wojenaka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolof	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages	10	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dinka	5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuer	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages	20	15	0	0.1	0.1	0.0
American Sign Language	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Quebec Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages, n.i.e.	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages	225	100	125	0.6	0.5	0.6
Chinese languages	225	100	125	0.6	0.5	0.6
Hakka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mandarin	75	35	40	0.2	0.2	0.2
Min Dong	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wu (Shanghainese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yue (Cantonese)	140	60	80	0.4	0.3	0.4
Chinese, n.o.s.	5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burmese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kuki-Chin languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
S'gaw Karen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibetan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Tai-Kadai languages		5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Lao		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Thai		5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages		5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Azerbaijani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Kazakh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkish		5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uyghur		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uzbek		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uralic languages		5	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Estonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Finnish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hungarian		5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple responses		885	410	480	2.2	2.1	2.4
	English and French		245	125	120	0.6	0.6	0.6
	English and non-official language(s)		600	265	335	1.5	1.3	1.7
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English, French and non-official language(s)		10	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
	Multiple non-official languages		25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other language spoken regularly at home	Total - Other language(s) spoken regularly at home for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	42	39840	19880	19960	100.0	100.0	100.0
	None		35465	17825	17640	89.0	89.7	88.4
	English		1260	605	655	3.2	3.0	3.3
	French		800	400	400	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Non-official language		1810	820	990	4.5	4.1	5.0
	Indigenous	39	365	160	200	0.9	0.8	1.0
	Non-Indigenous		1450	660	785	3.6	3.3	3.9
	English and French		15	5	5	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and non-official language(s)		220	110	105	0.6	0.6	0.5
	French and non-official language(s)		85	40	50	0.2	0.2	0.3
	English, French and non-official language(s)		5	5	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple non-official languages		175	75	100	0.4	0.4	0.5
Knowledge of languages	Total - Knowledge of languages for the population in private households - 25% sample data	43	39585	19715	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Official languages		39430	19635	19795	99.6	99.6	99.6
	English		39345	19605	19740	99.4	99.4	99.3
	French		5740	2630	3110	14.5	13.3	15.6
	Non-official languages		7425	3525	3900	18.8	17.9	19.6
	Indigenous languages	39	815	385	430	2.1	2.0	2.2
	Algonquian languages		40	10	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree-Innu languages		40	10	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree languages		35	10	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Cree, n.o.s.	25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Innu (Montagnais)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Naskapi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eastern Algonquian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mi'kmaq	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oji-Cree	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway languages	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway, n.o.s.	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages	705	330	375	1.8	1.7	1.9
Northern Athabaskan languages	570	250	320	1.4	1.3	1.6
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gwich'in	70	20	50	0.2	0.1	0.3
Slavey-Hare languages	20	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Slavey, n.o.s.	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Tahltan languages	200	115	85	0.5	0.6	0.4
Kaska (Nahani)	200	110	85	0.5	0.6	0.4
Tahltan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone languages	280	115	165	0.7	0.6	0.8
Northern Tutchone	130	50	75	0.3	0.3	0.4
Southern Tutchone	130	55	75	0.3	0.3	0.4
Tutchone, n.o.s.	30	20	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlingit	95	50	50	0.2	0.3	0.3
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	50	35	10	0.1	0.2	0.1
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktit (Inuit) languages	55	30	15	0.1	0.2	0.1
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	15	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuvialuktun	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Inuktitut	40	30	10	0.1	0.2	0.1
Inuktit (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oneida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Michif	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitksan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	10	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Non-Indigenous languages	6625	3140	3485	16.7	15.9	17.5
Afro-Asiatic languages	95	50	45	0.2	0.3	0.2
Berber languages	0	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamazight	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chadic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hausa	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	70	45	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Amharic	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Arabic	35	20	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Aramaic languages	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Harari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Tigrigna	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	70	30	45	0.2	0.2	0.2
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	65	20	45	0.2	0.1	0.2
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	1680	745	940	4.2	3.8	4.7
Bikol	20	0	15	0.1	0.0	0.1
Bisaya, n.o.s.	35	20	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Cebuano	195	85	110	0.5	0.4	0.6
Fijian	30	25	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hiligaynon	115	40	75	0.3	0.2	0.4
Ilocano	105	45	60	0.3	0.2	0.3
Indonesian	25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinaray-a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Merina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	15	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	1540	675	865	3.9	3.4	4.4
Waray-Waray	25	0	20	0.1	0.0	0.1
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	30	10	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Creole languages	25	10	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Krio	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sango	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole, n.o.s.	15	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Creole languages, n.i.e.	15	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Dravidian languages	195	80	110	0.5	0.4	0.6
Kannada	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	140	55	85	0.4	0.3	0.4
Tamil	45	15	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Telugu	35	20	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tulu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hmong-Mien languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	3735	1925	1815	9.4	9.8	9.1
Albanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	325	160	165	0.8	0.8	0.8
Baltic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	325	160	165	0.8	0.8	0.8
Belarusian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Czech	90	55	35	0.2	0.3	0.2
Macedonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish	55	30	25	0.1	0.2	0.1
Russian	90	50	40	0.2	0.3	0.2
Rusyn	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian	20	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bosnian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Serbian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak	45	10	35	0.1	0.1	0.2
Slovene (Slovenian)	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Ukrainian	65	30	40	0.2	0.2	0.2
Slavic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages	30	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Irish	15	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Scottish Gaelic	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Welsh	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages	1340	685	655	3.4	3.5	3.3
Frisian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High German languages	1105	575	530	2.8	2.9	2.7
German	1060	565	500	2.7	2.9	2.5
Pennsylvania German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss German	95	35	60	0.2	0.2	0.3
Yiddish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages	175	95	85	0.4	0.5	0.4
Afrikaans	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch	165	85	80	0.4	0.4	0.4
Low German, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plautdietsch	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vlaams (Flemish)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavian languages	115	55	65	0.3	0.3	0.3
Danish	30	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Icelandic	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Norwegian	40	15	25	0.1	0.1	0.1
Swedish	55	25	25	0.1	0.1	0.1
Germanic languages, n.i.e.	10	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Greek	45	35	0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages	820	490	330	2.1	2.5	1.7
Indo-Aryan languages	795	475	325	2.0	2.4	1.6
Assamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gujarati	65	45	20	0.2	0.2	0.1
Hindi	465	290	180	1.2	1.5	0.9
Kacchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Konkani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali	15	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Odia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi (Panjabi)	490	270	225	1.2	1.4	1.1
Rohingya	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Urdu	135	100	40	0.3	0.5	0.2
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	30	20	0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Baluchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Parsi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	15	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages	1320	605	715	3.3	3.1	3.6
Catalan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian	60	30	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
Portuguese	25	20	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Romanian	30	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Spanish	1235	555	680	3.1	2.8	3.4
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Japanese	185	100	90	0.5	0.5	0.5
Korean	80	10	70	0.2	0.1	0.4
Mongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages	125	75	55	0.3	0.4	0.3
Akan (Twi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamanankan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo	15	10	15	0.0	0.1	0.1
...wé	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gikuyu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Luba-Kasai	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MÚoré	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mwani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ndebele	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Soninke	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sotho-Tswana languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swahili	15	15	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Wojenaka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Wolof	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Yoruba	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.	55	30	25	0.1	0.2	0.1	
	Nilo-Saharan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Dinka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Nuer	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	African, n.o.s.	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Sign languages	75	20	55	0.2	0.1	0.3	
	American Sign Language	70	20	50	0.2	0.1	0.3	
	Quebec Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Sign languages, n.i.e.	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Sino-Tibetan languages	485	215	270	1.2	1.1	1.4	
	Chinese languages	485	215	270	1.2	1.1	1.4	
	Hakka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Mandarin	260	115	140	0.7	0.6	0.7	
	Min Dong	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)	15	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1	
	Wu (Shanghainese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Yue (Cantonese)	285	110	175	0.7	0.6	0.9	
	Chinese, n.o.s.	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0	
	Chinese languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tibeto-Burman languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Burmese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Kuki-Chin languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Karenic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	S'gaw Karen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Karenic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tibetan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Tai-Kadai languages	25	0	25	0.1	0.0	0.1	
	Lao	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Thai	25	0	25	0.1	0.0	0.1	
	Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Turkic languages	25	20	0	0.1	0.1	0.0	
	Azerbaijani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Kazakh	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Turkish	25	20	0	0.1	0.1	0.0	
	Uyghur	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Uzbek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Turkic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Uralic languages	80	35	40	0.2	0.2	0.2	
	Estonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Finnish	15	0	15	0.0	0.0	0.1	
	Hungarian	60	30	30	0.2	0.2	0.2	
	Other languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Indigenous population	Total - Indigenous identity for the population in private households - 25% sample data	44	39590	19710	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Indigenous identity	45	8810	4190	4615	22.3	21.3	23.2
	Single Indigenous responses	46	8485	4035	4445	21.4	20.5	22.4
	First Nations (North American Indian)		6935	3320	3615	17.5	16.8	18.2
	Métis		1285	600	685	3.2	3.0	3.4

	Inuk†(Inuit)	260	115	150	0.7	0.6	0.8	
	Multiple Indigenous responses	47	190	95	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Indigenous responses not included elsewhere	48	135	60	0.3	0.3	0.4	
	Non-Indigenous identity		30780	15520	15255	77.7	78.7	76.8
	Total - Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private households - 25% sample data	44	39590	19710	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Registered or Treaty Indian	49	6145	2950	3190	15.5	15.0	16.1
	Not a Registered or Treaty Indian		33445	16765	16680	84.5	85.1	83.9
Household characteristics	Total - Private households by tenure - 25% sample data	50	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	Owner		11065	...	...	64.4	...	...
	Renter		5530	...	...	32.2	...	...
	Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band		585	...	...	3.4	...	...
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by condominium status - 25% sample data	51	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	Condominium		2055	...	...	12.0	...	...
	Not condominium		15125	...	...	88.0	...	...
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by number of bedrooms - 25% sample data	52	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	No bedrooms		245	...	...	1.4	...	...
	1 bedroom		2885	...	...	16.8	...	...
	2 bedrooms		4705	...	...	27.4	...	...
	3 bedrooms		5995	...	...	34.9	...	...
	4 or more bedrooms		3355	...	...	19.5	...	...
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by number of rooms - 25% sample data	53	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	1 to 4 rooms		6360	...	...	37.0	...	...
	5 rooms		3025	...	...	17.6	...	...
	6 rooms		2615	...	...	15.2	...	...
	7 rooms		1945	...	...	11.3	...	...
	8 or more rooms		3230	...	...	18.8	...	...
	Average number of rooms per dwelling		5.5	...	...	5.5	...	...
	Total - Private households by number of persons per room - 25% sample data	54	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	One person or fewer per room		16775	...	...	97.6	...	...
	More than one person per room		400	...	...	2.3	...	...
	Total - Private households by housing suitability - 25% sample data	55	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	Suitable		16260	...	...	94.6	...	...
	Not suitable		920	...	...	5.4	...	...
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by period of construction - 25% sample data	56	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	1960 or before		1275	...	...	7.4	...	...
	1961 to 1980		4705	...	...	27.4	...	...
	1981 to 1990		2365	...	...	13.8	...	...
	1991 to 2000		2820	...	...	16.4	...	...
	2001 to 2005		990	...	...	5.8	...	...
	2006 to 2010		1420	...	...	8.3	...	...
	2011 to 2015		1625	...	...	9.5	...	...
	2016 to 2021	57	1975	...	...	11.5	...	...
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by dwelling condition - 25% sample data	58	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	Only regular maintenance and minor repairs needed		15075	...	...	87.7	...	...
	Major repairs needed		2105	...	...	12.3	...	...
	Total - Private households by number of household maintainers - 25% sample data	59	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	One-maintainer household		9080	...	...	52.9	...	...
	Two-maintainer household		7200	...	...	41.9	...	...
	Three-or-more-maintainer household		900	...	...	5.2	...	...
	Total - Private households by age of primary household maintainers - 25% sample data	60	17180	...	...	100.0	...	...
	15 to 24 years		425	...	...	2.5	...	...
	25 to 34 years		2795	...	...	16.3	...	...

	35 to 44 years	3345	...	...	19.5	...	...
	45 to 54 years	3050	...	...	17.8	...	...
	55 to 64 years	3645	...	...	21.2	...	...
	65 to 74 years	2725	...	...	15.9	...	...
	75 to 84 years	935	...	...	5.4	...	...
	85 years and over	260	...	...	1.5	...	...
	Total - Owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero, in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings by shelter-cost-to-income ratio - 25% sample data	61	16490	...	...	100.0	...
	Spending less than 30% of income on shelter costs		13825	...	...	83.8	...
	Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs		2665	...	...	16.2	...
	30% to less than 100%		2470	...	...	15.0	...
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by housing indicators - 25% sample data	62	17180	...	...	100.0	...
	Total - Households 'spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' or 'not suitable' or 'major repairs needed'		5190	...	...	30.2	...
	Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs only		2280	...	...	13.3	...
	Not suitable only		725	...	...	4.2	...
	Major repairs needed only		1655	...	...	9.6	...
	'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'not suitable'		80	...	...	0.5	...
	'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'major repairs needed'		330	...	...	1.9	...
	'Not suitable' and 'major repairs needed'		105	...	...	0.6	...
	'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'not suitable' and 'major repairs needed'		10	...	...	0.1	...
	Acceptable housing		11995	...	...	69.8	...
	Total - Owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero and shelter-cost-to-income ratio less than 100%, in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data	63	16295	...	...	100.0	...
	In core need		2135	...	...	13.1	...
	Not in core need		14160	...	...	86.9	...
	Total - Owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data		11000	...	...	...	...
	% of owner households with a mortgage	64	59.4	...	...	59.4	...
	% of owner households spending 30% or more of its income on shelter costs	61	11.8	...	...	11.8	...
	% in core housing need	63	8.0	...	...	8.0	...
	Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$)	65	1460	...	...	1460	...
	Average monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$)	65	1560	...	...	1560	...
	Median value of dwellings (\$)	66	500000	...	...	500000	...
	Average value of dwellings (\$)	66	488800	...	...	488800	...
	Total - Tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data		5530	...	...	...	...
	% of tenant households in subsidized housing	67	24.0	...	...	24.0	...
	% of tenant households spending 30% or more of its income on shelter costs	61	24.9	...	...	24.9	...
	% in core housing need	63	23.4	...	...	23.4	...
	Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$)	65	1180	...	...	1180	...
	Average monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$)	65	1290	...	...	1290	...
	Total - Households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band in non-farm private dwellings - 25% sample data		585	...	...	...	...
	% of households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band spending more than 30% on shelter costs	61	6.0	...	...	6.0	...
	Median monthly shelter costs for dwellings provided by local government, First Nation or Indian band (\$)	65	324	...	...	324	...
	Average monthly shelter costs for dwellings provided by local government, First Nation or Indian band (\$)	65	420	...	...	420	...
Indigenous ancestry	Total - Indigenous ancestry for the population in private households - 25% sample data	68	39585	19710	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Indigenous ancestry (only)	69	4750	2300	2455	12.0	11.7	12.4
	Single Indigenous ancestry (only)	70	4565	2225	2340	11.5	11.3	11.8
	First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry		4275	2080	2190	10.8	10.6	11.0
	Métis single ancestry		155	85	70	0.4	0.4	0.4
	Inuit single ancestry		135	60	75	0.3	0.3	0.4

	Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)	71	190	75	110	0.5	0.4	0.6
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestry only		120	40	85	0.3	0.2	0.4
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestry only		60	35	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
	Métis and Inuit ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries		4395	2095	2300	11.1	10.6	11.6
	Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	73	4300	2035	2270	10.9	10.3	11.4
	First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Indigenous ancestry only		3305	1585	1725	8.3	8.0	8.7
	Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		885	400	485	2.2	2.0	2.4
	Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		105	50	55	0.3	0.3	0.3
	Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	74	95	60	35	0.2	0.3	0.2
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		65	40	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		25	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Non-Indigenous ancestry only	75	30440	15320	15120	76.9	77.7	76.1
Citizenship	Total - Citizenship for the population in private households - 25% sample data	76	39585	19715	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Canadian citizens	77	36545	18160	18385	92.3	92.1	92.5
	Canadian citizens aged under 18		7910	4115	3795	20.0	20.9	19.1
	Canadian citizens aged 18 and over		28640	14045	14595	72.4	71.2	73.4
	Not Canadian citizens	78	3045	1560	1485	7.7	7.9	7.5
Immigrant status and period of immigration	Total - Immigrant status and period of immigration for the population in private households - 25% sample data	79	39585	19715	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Non-immigrants	80	33280	16680	16600	84.1	84.6	83.5
	Immigrants	81	5385	2550	2835	13.6	12.9	14.3
	Before 1980		1100	545	545	2.8	2.8	2.7
	1980 to 1990		390	185	200	1.0	0.9	1.0
	1991 to 2000		680	275	410	1.7	1.4	2.1
	2001 to 2010		1055	495	565	2.7	2.5	2.8
	2011 to 2021	82	2160	1050	1110	5.5	5.3	5.6
	2011 to 2015		1030	480	550	2.6	2.4	2.8
	2016 to 2021		1125	565	560	2.8	2.9	2.8
	Non-permanent residents	83	925	490	440	2.3	2.5	2.2
Age at immigration	Total - Age at immigration for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data	84	5385	2545	2835	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Under 5 years		455	225	235	8.4	8.8	8.3
	5 to 14 years		840	410	430	15.6	16.1	15.2
	15 to 24 years		1030	495	535	19.1	19.4	18.9
	25 to 44 years		2610	1200	1405	48.5	47.2	49.6
	45 years and over		445	220	225	8.3	8.6	7.9
Selected places of birth for the immigrant population	Total - Place of birth for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data	85	5385	2545	2835	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Americas		775	370	405	14.4	14.5	14.3
	Brazil		10	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0
	Colombia		15	0	15	0.3	0.0	0.5
	El Salvador		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Guyana		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Haiti		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Jamaica		40	15	25	0.7	0.6	0.9
	Mexico		65	35	30	1.2	1.4	1.1
	Peru		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Trinidad and Tobago		10	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0
	United States of America		530	275	255	9.8	10.8	9.0
	Other places of birth in Americas		100	40	60	1.9	1.6	2.1

	Europe	1890	955	935	35.1	37.5	33.0	
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Croatia	20	15	0	0.4	0.6	0.0	
	France	175	90	85	3.2	3.5	3.0	
	Germany	475	225	245	8.8	8.8	8.6	
	Greece	10	10	0	0.2	0.4	0.0	
	Hungary	25	15	10	0.5	0.6	0.4	
	Italy	10	10	0	0.2	0.4	0.0	
	Netherlands	100	55	45	1.9	2.2	1.6	
	Poland	35	20	15	0.6	0.8	0.5	
	Portugal	10	10	0	0.2	0.4	0.0	
	Romania	30	10	20	0.6	0.4	0.7	
	Russian Federation	40	20	15	0.7	0.8	0.5	
	Serbia	86	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Ukraine	20	10	10	0.4	0.4	0.4	
	United Kingdom	87	525	225	295	9.7	8.8	10.4
	Other places of birth in Europe	430	235	190	8.0	9.2	6.7	
	Africa	200	105	95	3.7	4.1	3.4	
	Algeria	0	10	0	0.0	0.4	0.0	
	Congo, Democratic Republic of the	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Egypt	10	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0	
	Eritrea	10	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0	
	Ethiopia	15	0	10	0.3	0.0	0.4	
	Morocco	10	10	0	0.2	0.4	0.0	
	Nigeria	30	20	0	0.6	0.8	0.0	
	Somalia	15	10	10	0.3	0.4	0.4	
	South Africa, Republic of	15	0	15	0.3	0.0	0.5	
	Other places of birth in Africa	100	55	50	1.9	2.2	1.8	
	Asia	2380	1050	1330	44.2	41.3	46.9	
	Afghanistan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Iran	88	10	0	0.2	0.0	0.0	
	Iraq	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Lebanon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Syria	89	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Turkey	15	10	0	0.3	0.4	0.0	
	China	90	230	85	150	4.3	3.3	5.3
	Hong Kong	91	30	0	20	0.6	0.0	0.7
	Korea, South	92	65	15	55	1.2	0.6	1.9
	Taiwan	15	10	10	0.3	0.4	0.4	
	Philippines	1405	610	795	26.1	24.0	28.0	
	Viet Nam	40	0	35	0.7	0.0	1.2	
	Bangladesh	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	India	360	205	155	6.7	8.1	5.5	
	Pakistan	55	40	20	1.0	1.6	0.7	
	Sri Lanka	15	10	10	0.3	0.4	0.4	
	Other places of birth in Asia	125	50	75	2.3	2.0	2.6	
	Oceania and other places of birth	93	140	65	75	2.6	2.6	
Selected places of birth for the recent immigrant population	Total - Place of birth for the recent immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data	94	1125	570	555	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Americas	140	70	70	12.4	12.3	12.6	
	Brazil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Colombia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Haiti	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Jamaica		15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.8
Mexico		40	20	20	3.6	3.5	3.6
United States of America		40	20	25	3.6	3.5	4.5
Venezuela	95	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other places of birth in Americas		35	15	15	3.1	2.6	2.7
Europe		260	140	115	23.1	24.6	20.7
France		40	30	15	3.6	5.3	2.7
Germany		75	30	45	6.7	5.3	8.1
Ireland	96	0	10	0	0.0	1.8	0.0
Italy		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian Federation		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukraine		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Kingdom	87	55	25	25	4.9	4.4	4.5
Other places of birth in Europe		80	50	30	7.1	8.8	5.4
Africa		60	40	20	5.3	7.0	3.6
Algeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burundi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cameroon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Congo, Democratic Republic of the		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Côte d'Ivoire		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Egypt		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eritrea		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ethiopia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morocco		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nigeria		15	15	0	1.3	2.6	0.0
Somalia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Africa, Republic of		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sudan	97	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tunisia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other places of birth in Africa		20	10	0	1.8	1.8	0.0
Asia		630	300	325	56.0	52.6	58.6
Afghanistan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bangladesh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
China	90	30	10	20	2.7	1.8	3.6
Hong Kong	91	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
India		260	155	100	23.1	27.2	18.0
Iran	88	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iraq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Israel		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japan		40	15	20	3.6	2.6	3.6
Jordan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Korea, South	92	25	10	20	2.2	1.8	3.6
Lebanon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepal		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pakistan		25	15	10	2.2	2.6	1.8
Philippines		230	95	140	20.4	16.7	25.2
Saudi Arabia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sri Lanka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syria	89	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkey		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Arab Emirates		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Viet Nam		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Other places of birth in Asia		15	0	15	1.3	0.0	2.7
	Oceania and other	93	35	20	20	3.1	3.5	3.6
	Australia		25	10	20	2.2	1.8	3.6
	Other places of birth	98	10	10	0	0.9	1.8	0.0
Generation status	Total - Generation status for the population in private households - 25% sample data	99	39585	19710	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	First generation	100	6650	3175	3475	16.8	16.1	17.5
	Second generation	101	6335	3140	3195	16.0	15.9	16.1
	Third generation or more	102	26600	13395	13205	67.2	68.0	66.4
Admission category and applicant type	Total - Admission category and applicant type for the immigrant population in private households who were admitted between 1980 and 2021 - 25% sample data	103	4285	1995	2285	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Economic immigrants	104	2955	1445	1505	69.0	72.4	65.9
	Principal applicants	105	1580	815	765	36.9	40.9	33.5
	Secondary applicants	106	1375	635	740	32.1	31.8	32.4
	Immigrants sponsored by family	107	1155	465	690	27.0	23.3	30.2
	Refugees	108	140	75	70	3.3	3.8	3.1
	Other immigrants	109	30	15	20	0.7	0.8	0.9
Pre-admission experience	Total - Pre-admission experience for the immigrant population in private households who were admitted between 1980 and 2021 - 25% sample data	110	4285	1995	2285	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Asylum claim before admission	111	85	35	45	2.0	1.8	2.0
	Work permits only before admission	112	1230	580	650	28.7	29.1	28.4
	Study permits only before admission	113	85	40	45	2.0	2.0	2.0
	Work and study permits before admission	114	385	180	215	9.0	9.0	9.4
	Other permits before admission	115	15	10	0	0.4	0.5	0.0
	No pre-admission experience	116	2480	1160	1320	57.9	58.1	57.8
Visible minority	Total - Visible minority for the population in private households - 25% sample data	117	39590	19710	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Total visible minority population	118	5065	2355	2710	12.8	11.9	13.6
	South Asian		1035	570	465	2.6	2.9	2.3
	Chinese		640	295	350	1.6	1.5	1.8
	Black		560	275	290	1.4	1.4	1.5
	Filipino		1945	820	1120	4.9	4.2	5.6
	Arab		20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Latin American		235	110	125	0.6	0.6	0.6
	Southeast Asian		170	65	100	0.4	0.3	0.5
	West Asian		25	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Korean		85	20	70	0.2	0.1	0.4
	Japanese		175	90	85	0.4	0.5	0.4
	Visible minority, n.i.e.	119	25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Multiple visible minorities		140	75	70	0.4	0.4	0.4
	Not a visible minority	120	34520	17360	17160	87.2	88.1	86.3
Ethnic or cultural origin	Total - Ethnic or cultural origin for the population in private households - 25% sample data	121	39585	19715	19870	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Canadian		4680	2405	2275	11.8	12.2	11.4
	English		9105	4355	4750	23.0	22.1	23.9
	Irish		7440	3705	3735	18.8	18.8	18.8
	Scottish		8375	4205	4170	21.2	21.3	21.0
	French, n.o.s.	122	4245	2010	2230	10.7	10.2	11.2
	German		5325	2710	2615	13.5	13.7	13.2
	Chinese		835	385	450	2.1	2.0	2.3
	Italian		710	355	355	1.8	1.8	1.8
	Indian (India)		710	380	335	1.8	1.9	1.7
	Ukrainian		1975	920	1050	5.0	4.7	5.3
	Dutch		1825	880	945	4.6	4.5	4.8
	Polish		985	450	535	2.5	2.3	2.7

Québécois		155	80	80	0.4	0.4	0.4
British Isles, n.o.s.	123	1330	640	685	3.4	3.2	3.4
Filipino		1780	745	1030	4.5	3.8	5.2
French Canadian		600	310	290	1.5	1.6	1.5
Caucasian (White), n.o.s.	124	940	480	460	2.4	2.4	2.3
First Nations (North American Indian), n.o.s.	125	3545	1720	1825	9.0	8.7	9.2
Métis		1235	565	670	3.1	2.9	3.4
European, n.o.s.	126	955	500	450	2.4	2.5	2.3
Russian		660	285	375	1.7	1.4	1.9
Norwegian		1490	725	765	3.8	3.7	3.9
Welsh		1150	505	640	2.9	2.6	3.2
Portuguese		95	65	35	0.2	0.3	0.2
American		655	345	305	1.7	1.7	1.5
Spanish		395	195	195	1.0	1.0	1.0
Swedish		865	435	430	2.2	2.2	2.2
Hungarian		400	195	205	1.0	1.0	1.0
Acadian		260	115	145	0.7	0.6	0.7
Pakistani		85	70	15	0.2	0.4	0.1
African, n.o.s.	127	80	30	50	0.2	0.2	0.3
Jewish		230	105	125	0.6	0.5	0.6
Punjabi		145	80	60	0.4	0.4	0.3
Vietnamese		90	35	60	0.2	0.2	0.3
Arab, n.o.s.	128	40	30	10	0.1	0.2	0.1
Greek		65	50	15	0.2	0.3	0.1
Jamaican		70	30	50	0.2	0.2	0.3
Asian, n.o.s.	129	200	95	105	0.5	0.5	0.5
Cree, n.o.s.	130	455	180	275	1.1	0.9	1.4
Korean		100	25	70	0.3	0.1	0.4
Romanian		180	65	115	0.5	0.3	0.6
Lebanese		85	50	35	0.2	0.3	0.2
Iranian		20	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Christian, n.i.e.	131	65	15	45	0.2	0.1	0.2
Danish		440	225	215	1.1	1.1	1.1
North American Indigenous, n.o.s.	132	500	275	225	1.3	1.4	1.1
Sikh		115	50	65	0.3	0.3	0.3
Austrian		310	175	130	0.8	0.9	0.7
Belgian		305	165	140	0.8	0.8	0.7
Haitian		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hindu		45	25	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mexican		145	95	55	0.4	0.5	0.3
Mennonite		235	120	115	0.6	0.6	0.6
Swiss		435	235	200	1.1	1.2	1.0
Finnish		370	175	190	0.9	0.9	1.0
Sri Lankan		20	20	0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Croatian		130	60	75	0.3	0.3	0.4
Japanese		275	125	150	0.7	0.6	0.8
South Asian, n.o.s.	133	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Mi'kmaq, n.o.s.	134	55	25	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
Northern European, n.o.s.	135	245	115	130	0.6	0.6	0.7
Muslim		35	35	0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Egyptian		0	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Latin, Central or South American, n.o.s.	136	25	0	20	0.1	0.0	0.1

Tamil		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Icelandic		245	115	130	0.6	0.6	0.7
Colombian		25	0	25	0.1	0.0	0.1
Moroccan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech		220	125	90	0.6	0.6	0.5
Syrian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guyanese		20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Afghan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Black, n.o.s.	137	60	25	35	0.2	0.1	0.2
Serbian		25	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Ojibway		100	35	65	0.3	0.2	0.3
Newfoundlander		135	65	70	0.3	0.3	0.4
Hong Konger		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ontarian		85	45	45	0.2	0.2	0.2
Persian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trinidadian/Tobagonian		20	0	10	0.1	0.0	0.1
Turkish		15	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Inuit, n.o.s.	138	190	100	90	0.5	0.5	0.5
Bangladeshi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algerian		20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Brazilian		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nigerian		45	20	25	0.1	0.1	0.1
Armenian		15	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Slovak		115	35	75	0.3	0.2	0.4
Eastern European, n.o.s.	139	95	45	45	0.2	0.2	0.2
Somali		20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Taiwanese		25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Iraqi		15	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Salvadorean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African Caribbean		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
East or Southeast Asian, n.o.s.	140	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West or Central Asian or Middle Eastern, n.o.s.	141	20	0	15	0.1	0.0	0.1
Caribbean, n.o.s.	142	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algonquin		100	45	55	0.3	0.2	0.3
West Indian, n.o.s.	143	30	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Lithuanian		100	40	60	0.3	0.2	0.3
South African		20	0	10	0.1	0.0	0.1
Australian		80	30	55	0.2	0.2	0.3
Palestinian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chilean		75	35	40	0.2	0.2	0.2
Congolese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nova Scotian		65	40	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
Ethiopian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hispanic, n.o.s.	144	25	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Peruvian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cambodian (Khmer)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber		10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Albanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese		40	20	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Macedonian		20	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Slovenian		30	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1

Western European, n.o.s.	145	45	20	25	0.1	0.1	0.1
New Brunswicker		30	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Gujarati		25	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Eritrean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African Canadian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Israeli		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk		70	50	25	0.2	0.3	0.1
Czechoslovakian, n.o.s.	146	30	25	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bulgarian		15	15	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Albertan		30	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Ghanaian		75	20	55	0.2	0.1	0.3
Barbadian		10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
African American		25	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yugoslavian, n.o.s.	147	35	25	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tunisian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic, n.o.s.	148	80	45	35	0.2	0.2	0.2
Cuban		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Venezuelan		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Innu/Montagnais, n.o.s.	149	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian		40	20	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bengali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cameroonian		35	20	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Guatemalan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesian		80	25	55	0.2	0.1	0.3
Laotian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ilocano		55	25	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
Northern Irish		65	35	30	0.2	0.2	0.2
Celtic, n.o.s.	150	90	45	45	0.2	0.2	0.2
British Columbian		40	20	25	0.1	0.1	0.1
Ecuadorian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Franco Ontarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Argentinian		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Estonian		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish		10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Fijian		35	25	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
Jatt		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North American, n.o.s.	151	30	20	0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Coptic		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Thai		45	20	35	0.1	0.1	0.2
Dominican		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Byelorussian		15	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Dene, n.o.s.	152	40	0	30	0.1	0.0	0.2
Blackfoot, n.o.s.	153	50	15	35	0.1	0.1	0.2
Abenaki		15	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Moldovan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquois (Haudenosaunee), n.o.s.	154	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
New Zealander		50	25	25	0.1	0.1	0.1

Sudanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Breton		25	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Pennsylvania Dutch		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malaysian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plains Cree		15	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
North African, n.o.s.	155	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Huron (Wendat)		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saskatchewanian		25	20	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Buddhist		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gaspesian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norman		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southern or East African, n.o.s.	156	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ivorian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saulteaux		20	0	10	0.1	0.0	0.1
Anishinaabe, n.o.s.	157	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Burundian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrinya		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nicaraguan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mauritian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kenyan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vincentian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jordanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manitoban		25	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Cape Bretoner		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rwandan		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Grenadian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhalese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mayan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Honduran		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cherokee		40	15	25	0.1	0.1	0.1
Qalipu Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Caribbean		15	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Flemish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Empire Loyalist		15	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
Senegalese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Azerbaijani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sicilian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashtun		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bantu, n.o.s.	158	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibetan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Zimbabwean		35	20	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
Burmese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mongolian		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Azorean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamileke		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Guyanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Ugandan		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Oromo		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tanzanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Yemeni		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Central African		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Libyan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Basque		10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
	Uruguayan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Akan, n.o.s.	159	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Central or West African, n.o.s.	160	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Igorot		25	0	20	0.1	0.0	0.1
	Fulani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Woodland Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Guinean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	St. Lucian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Prince Edward Islander		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Maliseet		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Beninese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Telugu		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Roma		25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Costa Rican		20	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
	African Nova Scotian		10	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1
	Malagasy		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Kashmiri		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Singaporean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Karen		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Edo		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tajik		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Amhara		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Paraguayan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Religion	Total - Religion for the population in private households - 25% sample data	161	39590	19710	19875	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Buddhist		260	110	150	0.7	0.6	0.8
	Christian		13860	6425	7435	35.0	32.6	37.4
	Christian, n.o.s.	162	2560	1210	1355	6.5	6.1	6.8
	Anabaptist		50	35	15	0.1	0.2	0.1
	Anglican		1995	920	1075	5.0	4.7	5.4
	Baptist		645	295	345	1.6	1.5	1.7
	Catholic		5690	2645	3050	14.4	13.4	15.3
	Christian Orthodox		130	85	50	0.3	0.4	0.3
	Jehovah's Witness		135	60	75	0.3	0.3	0.4
	Latter Day Saints		70	30	40	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Lutheran		395	180	210	1.0	0.9	1.1
	Methodist and Wesleyan (Holiness)		105	60	45	0.3	0.3	0.2
	Pentecostal and other Charismatic		270	115	155	0.7	0.6	0.8
	Presbyterian		125	45	85	0.3	0.2	0.4
	Reformed		35	20	20	0.1	0.1	0.1
	United Church		955	385	565	2.4	2.0	2.8
	Other Christian and Christian-related traditions		700	345	350	1.8	1.8	1.8
	Hindu		265	160	105	0.7	0.8	0.5
	Jewish		70	45	25	0.2	0.2	0.1
	Muslim		185	125	60	0.5	0.6	0.3
	Sikh		380	185	200	1.0	0.9	1.0

	Traditional (North American Indigenous) spirituality		325	165	160	0.8	0.8	0.8
	Other religions and spiritual traditions		600	240	360	1.5	1.2	1.8
	No religion and secular perspectives		23640	12255	11385	59.7	62.2	57.3
Mobility status 1 year ago	Total - Mobility status 1 year ago - 25% sample data	163	39175	19520	19655	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Non-movers		33205	16705	16505	84.8	85.6	84.0
	Movers		5965	2815	3150	15.2	14.4	16.0
	Non-migrants		3895	1815	2085	9.9	9.3	10.6
	Migrants		2070	1000	1070	5.3	5.1	5.4
	Internal migrants		1825	910	915	4.7	4.7	4.7
	Intraprovincial migrants		480	220	260	1.2	1.1	1.3
	Interprovincial migrants		1340	685	655	3.4	3.5	3.3
	External migrants		245	95	150	0.6	0.5	0.8
Mobility status 5 years ago	Total - Mobility status 5 years ago - 25% sample data	164	37410	18645	18765	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Non-movers		20500	10360	10140	54.8	55.6	54.0
	Movers		16910	8290	8625	45.2	44.5	46.0
	Non-migrants		7920	3965	3955	21.2	21.3	21.1
	Migrants		8990	4320	4665	24.0	23.2	24.9
	Internal migrants		7490	3520	3970	20.0	18.9	21.2
	Intraprovincial migrants		2465	1155	1310	6.6	6.2	7.0
	Interprovincial migrants		5020	2360	2660	13.4	12.7	14.2
	External migrants		1505	805	700	4.0	4.3	3.7
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate	Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	165	32775	16185	16595	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate		5840	3570	2265	17.8	22.1	13.6
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate	166	26940	12610	14330	82.2	77.9	86.4
	Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data	165	22895	10955	11940	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate		2815	1770	1050	12.3	16.2	8.8
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate	166	20075	9180	10895	87.7	83.8	91.2
Highest certificate, diploma or degree	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	165	32775	16185	16590	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No certificate, diploma or degree		4860	2905	1950	14.8	17.9	11.8
	High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate	167	8370	4205	4165	25.5	26.0	25.1
	Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		19555	9070	10480	59.7	56.0	63.2
	Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level		10585	5450	5135	32.3	33.7	31.0
	Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma		3145	2500	645	9.6	15.4	3.9
	Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma	168	1095	685	410	3.3	4.2	2.5
	Apprenticeship certificate	169	2050	1815	235	6.3	11.2	1.4
	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	170	6270	2490	3785	19.1	15.4	22.8
	University certificate or diploma below bachelor level		1170	460	710	3.6	2.8	4.3
	Bachelor's degree or higher		8965	3620	5345	27.4	22.4	32.2
	Bachelor's degree		5625	2300	3330	17.2	14.2	20.1
	University certificate or diploma above bachelor level		520	185	340	1.6	1.1	2.0
	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry		160	75	85	0.5	0.5	0.5
	Master's degree		2415	925	1485	7.4	5.7	9.0
	Earned doctorate	171	245	135	110	0.7	0.8	0.7
	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data	165	22895	10950	11945	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No certificate, diploma or degree		2230	1385	845	9.7	12.6	7.1
	High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate	167	5180	2715	2465	22.6	24.8	20.6
	Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		15490	6855	8635	67.7	62.6	72.3
	Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level		7950	3960	3990	34.7	36.2	33.4

	Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma		2195	1715	475	9.6	15.7	4.0
	Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma	168	740	445	290	3.2	4.1	2.4
	Apprenticeship certificate	169	1460	1275	185	6.4	11.6	1.5
	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	170	4855	1905	2955	21.2	17.4	24.7
	University certificate or diploma below bachelor level		900	340	560	3.9	3.1	4.7
	Bachelor's degree or higher		7540	2900	4645	32.9	26.5	38.9
	Bachelor's degree		4695	1845	2850	20.5	16.8	23.9
	University certificate or diploma above bachelor level		445	165	280	1.9	1.5	2.3
	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry		125	55	70	0.5	0.5	0.6
	Master's degree		2090	730	1360	9.1	6.7	11.4
	Earned doctorate	171	185	100	85	0.8	0.9	0.7
Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021	Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	172	32780	16180	16595	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	173	13225	7110	6115	40.3	43.9	36.8
	Education		1635	460	1180	5.0	2.8	7.1
	13. Education		1635	460	1180	5.0	2.8	7.1
	Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies		530	190	340	1.6	1.2	2.0
	10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services		40	25	15	0.1	0.2	0.1
	50. Visual and performing arts		490	165	325	1.5	1.0	2.0
	Humanities		1075	445	625	3.3	2.8	3.8
	16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		110	35	75	0.3	0.2	0.5
	23. English language and literature/letters		200	75	130	0.6	0.5	0.8
	24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities		355	150	210	1.1	0.9	1.3
	30A Interdisciplinary humanities	174	20	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1
	38. Philosophy and religious studies		50	30	25	0.2	0.2	0.2
	39. Theology and religious vocations		110	65	45	0.3	0.4	0.3
	54. History		180	80	95	0.5	0.5	0.6
	55. French language and literature/lettersCAN		35	0	30	0.1	0.0	0.2
	Social and behavioural sciences and law		2600	910	1690	7.9	5.6	10.2
	05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies		60	20	45	0.2	0.1	0.3
	09. Communication, journalism and related programs		280	140	140	0.9	0.9	0.8
	19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences		455	60	390	1.4	0.4	2.4
	22. Legal professions and studies		295	105	185	0.9	0.6	1.1
	30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences	175	105	35	75	0.3	0.2	0.5
	42. Psychology		350	85	265	1.1	0.5	1.6
	45. Social sciences		1055	470	585	3.2	2.9	3.5
	Business, management and public administration		3495	995	2505	10.7	6.1	15.1
	30.16 Accounting and computer science		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	44. Public administration and social service professions		605	170	440	1.8	1.1	2.7
	52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		2890	825	2065	8.8	5.1	12.4
	Physical and life sciences and technologies		975	500	470	3.0	3.1	2.8
	26. Biological and biomedical sciences		450	215	230	1.4	1.3	1.4
	30.01 Biological and physical sciences		190	90	105	0.6	0.6	0.6
	30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences	176	35	25	0	0.1	0.2	0.0
	40. Physical sciences		250	150	105	0.8	0.9	0.6
	41. Science technologies/technicians		50	20	30	0.2	0.1	0.2
	Mathematics, computer and information sciences		480	280	205	1.5	1.7	1.2
	11. Computer and information sciences and support services		350	215	135	1.1	1.3	0.8
	25. Library science		65	10	50	0.2	0.1	0.3
	27. Mathematics and statistics		55	40	15	0.2	0.2	0.1
	30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences	177	10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0
	Architecture, engineering, and related trades		3880	3445	435	11.8	21.3	2.6

04. Architecture and related services		170	100	70	0.5	0.6	0.4
14. Engineering		605	455	150	1.8	2.8	0.9
15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians		625	550	70	1.9	3.4	0.4
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
46. Construction trades		1255	1160	90	3.8	7.2	0.5
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians		965	930	40	2.9	5.7	0.2
48. Precision production		255	245	15	0.8	1.5	0.1
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation		1070	580	490	3.3	3.6	3.0
01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields	178	260	145	110	0.8	0.9	0.7
03. Natural resources and conservation		810	430	385	2.5	2.7	2.3
Health and related fields		2475	545	1930	7.6	3.4	11.6
30.37 Design for human health		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology		300	130	170	0.9	0.8	1.0
51. Health professions and related programs	178	2120	385	1735	6.5	2.4	10.5
60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
61. Medical residency/fellowship programs		45	15	30	0.1	0.1	0.2
Personal, protective and transportation services		1335	725	610	4.1	4.5	3.7
12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services		710	265	445	2.2	1.6	2.7
28. Military science, leadership and operational art		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
29. Military technologies and applied sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
43. Security and protective services		290	160	135	0.9	1.0	0.8
49. Transportation and materials moving		330	295	35	1.0	1.8	0.2
Other	179	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data	172	22895	10955	11940	100.0	100.0	100.0
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	173	7405	4100	3305	32.3	37.4	27.7
Education		1255	355	900	5.5	3.2	7.5
13. Education		1255	355	900	5.5	3.2	7.5
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies		415	145	270	1.8	1.3	2.3
10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services		35	20	10	0.2	0.2	0.1
50. Visual and performing arts		385	130	255	1.7	1.2	2.1
Humanities		780	300	475	3.4	2.7	4.0
16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		80	15	60	0.3	0.1	0.5
23. English language and literature/letters		150	50	95	0.7	0.5	0.8
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities		240	85	150	1.0	0.8	1.3
30A Interdisciplinary humanities	174	20	10	10	0.1	0.1	0.1
38. Philosophy and religious studies		40	25	15	0.2	0.2	0.1
39. Theology and religious vocations		75	45	30	0.3	0.4	0.3
54. History		145	60	90	0.6	0.5	0.8
55. French language and literature/lettersCAN		30	0	25	0.1	0.0	0.2
Social and behavioural sciences and law		2165	690	1475	9.5	6.3	12.4
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies		45	0	40	0.2	0.0	0.3
09. Communication, journalism and related programs		245	110	140	1.1	1.0	1.2
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences		335	40	300	1.5	0.4	2.5
22. Legal professions and studies		255	80	180	1.1	0.7	1.5
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences	175	100	30	70	0.4	0.3	0.6
42. Psychology		295	70	230	1.3	0.6	1.9
45. Social sciences		885	350	530	3.9	3.2	4.4
Business, management and public administration		2775	730	2045	12.1	6.7	17.1
30.16 Accounting and computer science		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
44. Public administration and social service professions		480	110	370	2.1	1.0	3.1
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		2295	620	1675	10.0	5.7	14.0

	Physical and life sciences and technologies	825	395	425	3.6	3.6	3.6	
	26. Biological and biomedical sciences	395	185	205	1.7	1.7	1.7	
	30.01 Biological and physical sciences	160	70	100	0.7	0.6	0.8	
	30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences	176	20	0	0.1	0.2	0.0	
	40. Physical sciences	205	115	95	0.9	1.0	0.8	
	41. Science technologies/technicians	40	10	25	0.2	0.1	0.2	
	Mathematics, computer and information sciences	435	260	175	1.9	2.4	1.5	
	11. Computer and information sciences and support services	320	205	115	1.4	1.9	1.0	
	25. Library science	55	10	45	0.2	0.1	0.4	
	27. Mathematics and statistics	45	30	15	0.2	0.3	0.1	
	30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences	177	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0	
	Architecture, engineering, and related trades	2825	2460	365	12.3	22.5	3.1	
	04. Architecture and related services	140	75	65	0.6	0.7	0.5	
	14. Engineering	510	380	130	2.2	3.5	1.1	
	15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians	440	390	50	1.9	3.6	0.4	
	30.12 Historic preservation and conservation	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	46. Construction trades	915	840	80	4.0	7.7	0.7	
	47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians	685	655	30	3.0	6.0	0.3	
	48. Precision production	135	125	10	0.6	1.1	0.1	
	Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	905	445	460	4.0	4.1	3.9	
	01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields	178	210	105	0.9	1.0	0.9	
	03. Natural resources and conservation	695	340	355	3.0	3.1	3.0	
	Health and related fields	2070	495	1570	9.0	4.5	13.1	
	30.37 Design for human health	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology	255	120	130	1.1	1.1	1.1	
	51. Health professions and related programs	178	1785	365	1420	7.8	3.3	11.9
	60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	61. Medical residency/fellowship programs	30	0	20	0.1	0.0	0.2	
	Personal, protective and transportation services	1050	575	475	4.6	5.2	4.0	
	12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services	560	225	325	2.4	2.1	2.7	
	28. Military science, leadership and operational art	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	29. Military technologies and applied sciences	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	43. Security and protective services	250	125	125	1.1	1.1	1.0	
	49. Transportation and materials moving	245	220	25	1.1	2.0	0.2	
	Other	179	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Location of study compared with province or territory of residence	Total - Location of study compared with province or territory of residence for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25% sample data	180	22895	10955	11940	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	7405	4100	3305	32.3	37.4	27.7	
	Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	181	15490	6855	8635	67.7	62.6	72.3
	Location of study inside Canada	12730	5645	7090	55.6	51.5	59.4	
	Same as province or territory of residence	2880	1240	1640	12.6	11.3	13.7	
	Different than province or territory of residence	9850	4405	5445	43.0	40.2	45.6	
	Location of study outside Canada	182	2760	1215	1545	12.1	11.1	12.9
	Americas	490	210	275	2.1	1.9	2.3	
	United States of America	405	175	230	1.8	1.6	1.9	
	Mexico	35	15	20	0.2	0.1	0.2	
	Cuba	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Haiti	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Jamaica	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Brazil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Colombia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Peru	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Venezuela	95	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Americas		20	15	10	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Europe		920	420	495	4.0	3.8	4.1	
Belgium		40	10	25	0.2	0.1	0.2	
France		155	85	65	0.7	0.8	0.5	
Germany		215	100	110	0.9	0.9	0.9	
Netherlands		50	20	25	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Switzerland		75	40	35	0.3	0.4	0.3	
Hungary		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Moldova	183	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Poland		10	10	0	0.0	0.1	0.0	
Romania		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Russian Federation		15	0	0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
Ukraine		15	10	0	0.1	0.1	0.0	
Ireland	96	15	10	0	0.1	0.1	0.0	
United Kingdom	87	205	65	140	0.9	0.6	1.2	
Bosnia and Herzegovina		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Italy		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Serbia	86	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Europe		130	55	75	0.6	0.5	0.6	
Africa		65	35	25	0.3	0.3	0.2	
Nigeria		30	30	10	0.1	0.3	0.1	
Algeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Morocco		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tunisia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Egypt		10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
South Africa, Republic of		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Africa		25	10	15	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Asia		1160	475	685	5.1	4.3	5.7	
Iran	88	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Iraq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Israel		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Lebanon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Syria	89	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Turkey		20	15	0	0.1	0.1	0.0	
China	90	40	15	25	0.2	0.1	0.2	
Taiwan		20	0	10	0.1	0.0	0.1	
Hong Kong	91	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Japan		45	15	35	0.2	0.1	0.3	
Korea, South	92	20	0	15	0.1	0.0	0.1	
Philippines		730	280	445	3.2	2.6	3.7	
Viet Nam		15	0	15	0.1	0.0	0.1	
Bangladesh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Sri Lanka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
India		200	90	100	0.9	0.8	0.8	
Pakistan		35	25	15	0.2	0.2	0.1	
Other locations of study in Asia		30	15	15	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Oceania		130	65	60	0.6	0.6	0.5	
Australia		95	50	50	0.4	0.5	0.4	
New Zealand		10	10	10	0.0	0.1	0.1	
Other locations of study in Oceania		20	0	0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
Labour force status	Total - Population aged 15 years and over by labour force status - 25% sample data	184	32775	16185	16595

	In the labour force	23515	11580	11935	...	...	...
	Employed	21905	10730	11175	...	...	...
	Unemployed	1610	850	760	...	...	...
	Not in the labour force	9260	4605	4660	...	...	...
	Participation rate	71.7	71.5	71.9	71.7	71.5	71.9	
	Employment rate	66.8	66.3	67.3	66.8	66.3	67.3	
	Unemployment rate	6.8	7.3	6.4	6.8	7.3	6.4	
Work activity during the reference year	Total - Population aged 15 years and over by work activity during the reference year - 25% sample data	185	32780	16180	16595	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Did not work	186	8935	4395	4540	27.3	27.2	27.4
	Worked		23845	11785	12055	72.7	72.8	72.6
	Worked full year full time	187	13415	6755	6655	40.9	41.7	40.1
	Worked part year and/or part time	188	10430	5030	5400	31.8	31.1	32.5
	Average weeks worked in reference year		41.8	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.8
Class of worker including job permanency	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by class of worker including job permanency - 25% sample data	189	23520	11585	11940	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Class of worker - not applicable	190	380	200	180	1.6	1.7	1.5
	All classes of workers	191	23140	11380	11755	98.4	98.2	98.5
	Employee		19945	9495	10455	84.8	82.0	87.6
	Permanent position		15505	7415	8095	65.9	64.0	67.8
	Temporary position		4440	2080	2360	18.9	18.0	19.8
	Fixed term (1 year or more)		1395	645	750	5.9	5.6	6.3
	Casual, seasonal or short-term position (less than 1 year)		3050	1440	1610	13.0	12.4	13.5
	Self-employed	192	3190	1890	1305	13.6	16.3	10.9
Occupation - Broad category - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by occupation - Broad category - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021 - 25% sample data	193	23520	11585	11940	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Occupation - not applicable	190	380	200	180	1.6	1.7	1.5
	All occupations	191	23140	11380	11755	98.4	98.2	98.5
	0 Legislative and senior management occupations		420	185	235	1.8	1.6	2.0
	1 Business, finance and administration occupations		4215	1010	3210	17.9	8.7	26.9
	2 Natural and applied sciences and related occupations		1635	1140	500	7.0	9.8	4.2
	3 Health occupations		1525	290	1235	6.5	2.5	10.3
	4 Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services		4420	1460	2965	18.8	12.6	24.8
	5 Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport		805	355	450	3.4	3.1	3.8
	6 Sales and service occupations		4735	2230	2500	20.1	19.2	20.9
	7 Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations		4270	3875	395	18.2	33.4	3.3
	8 Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations		715	525	190	3.0	4.5	1.6
	9 Occupations in manufacturing and utilities		400	325	70	1.7	2.8	0.6
Industry - Sectors - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by industry - Sectors - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017 - 25% sample data	194	23520	11585	11940	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Industry - not applicable	190	380	200	180	1.6	1.7	1.5
	All industries	191	23140	11380	11755	98.4	98.2	98.5
	11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting		365	220	145	1.6	1.9	1.2
	21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction		675	495	180	2.9	4.3	1.5
	22 Utilities		215	165	45	0.9	1.4	0.4
	23 Construction		2045	1790	255	8.7	15.5	2.1
	31-33 Manufacturing		300	210	90	1.3	1.8	0.8
	41 Wholesale trade		290	200	90	1.2	1.7	0.8
	44-45 Retail trade		2230	1260	970	9.5	10.9	8.1
	48-49 Transportation and warehousing		865	590	275	3.7	5.1	2.3
	51 Information and cultural industries		555	305	245	2.4	2.6	2.1
	52 Finance and insurance		320	125	195	1.4	1.1	1.6
	53 Real estate and rental and leasing		300	170	135	1.3	1.5	1.1

	54 Professional, scientific and technical services	1240	655	585	5.3	5.7	4.9	
	55 Management of companies and enterprises	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	610	410	200	2.6	3.5	1.7	
	61 Educational services	1730	490	1240	7.4	4.2	10.4	
	62 Health care and social assistance	2745	570	2180	11.7	4.9	18.3	
	71 Arts, entertainment and recreation	635	280	355	2.7	2.4	3.0	
	72 Accommodation and food services	1285	560	725	5.5	4.8	6.1	
	81 Other services (except public administration)	945	440	505	4.0	3.8	4.2	
	91 Public administration	5785	2450	3330	24.6	21.1	27.9	
All languages used at work	Total - All languages used at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2020 - 25% sample data	195	25520	12575	12945	100.0	100.0	100.0
	English		24080	11965	12110	94.4	95.1	93.5
	French		225	60	165	0.9	0.5	1.3
	Non-official language		60	35	25	0.2	0.3	0.2
	Indigenous	39	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Non-Indigenous		60	35	25	0.2	0.3	0.2
	English and French		705	320	385	2.8	2.5	3.0
	English and non-official language(s)		425	190	235	1.7	1.5	1.8
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English, French and non-official language(s)		30	0	25	0.1	0.0	0.2
	Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Language used most often at work	Total - Language used most often at work for the population aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2020, in private households, 2021 Census - 25% sample data	196	25520	12575	12945	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Single responses		25380	12510	12865	99.5	99.5	99.4
	Official languages		25290	12460	12830	99.1	99.1	99.1
	English		24970	12370	12600	97.8	98.4	97.3
	French		315	90	230	1.2	0.7	1.8
	Non-official languages		95	50	40	0.4	0.4	0.3
	Indigenous languages	39	15	0	10	0.1	0.0	0.1
	Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Naskapi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages	15	0	10	0.1	0.0	0.1
Northern Athabaskan languages	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey-Hare languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tahltan languages	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlingit	10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktit (Inuit) languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktitut	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktit (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oneida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michif	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitksan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Indigenous languages	75	50	30	0.3	0.4	0.2
Afro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamazight	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chadic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Amharic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arabic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrigna	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bikol	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bisaya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cebuano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hiligaynon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ilocano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kannada	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Telugu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	25	20	0	0.1	0.2	0.0
Albanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baltic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Macedonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovene (Slovenian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukrainian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scottish Gaelic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages	15	0	0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Frisian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High German languages	15	0	0	0.1	0.0	0.0
German	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yiddish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afrikaans	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low German, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plautdietsch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Vlaams (Flemish)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Danish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gujarati	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hindi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kacchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi (Panjabi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urdu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Catalan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Portuguese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Romanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japanese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Korean	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Akan (Twi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Swahili	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolof	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dinka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
American Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Quebec Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages	50	25	20	0.2	0.2	0.2
Chinese languages	50	25	20	0.2	0.2	0.2
Hakka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mandarin	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Min Dong	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wu (Shanghainese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yue (Cantonese)	45	20	20	0.2	0.2	0.2
Chinese, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burmese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
S'gaw Karen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibetan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tai-Kadai languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lao	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Thai	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Azerbaijani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uyghur	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uzbek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uralic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Estonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Finnish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hungarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Multiple responses	140	65	75	0.5	0.5	0.6
English and French	90	35	50	0.4	0.3	0.4
English and non-official language(s)	50	30	25	0.2	0.2	0.2
French and non-official language(s)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
English, French and non-official language(s)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Multiple non-official languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Other language(s) used
regularly at work

Total - Other language(s) used regularly at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over
who worked since January 1, 2020 - 25% sample data

197 25520 12575 12945 100.0 100.0 100.0

	None		24485	12125	12360	95.9	96.4	95.5
	English		125	45	85	0.5	0.4	0.7
	French		540	255	285	2.1	2.0	2.2
	Non-official language		345	145	200	1.4	1.2	1.5
	Indigenous	39	125	50	75	0.5	0.4	0.6
	Non-Indigenous		220	95	130	0.9	0.8	1.0
	English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	French and non-official language(s)		15	0	10	0.1	0.0	0.1
	English, French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple non-official languages		10	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.1
Place of work status	Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over - 25% sample data	198	21905	10730	11175	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Worked at home		2495	1105	1385	11.4	10.3	12.4
	Worked outside Canada		15	10	0	0.1	0.1	0.0
	No fixed workplace address		2615	1965	650	11.9	18.3	5.8
	Usual place of work		16785	7645	9135	76.6	71.2	81.7
Commuting destination	Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work - 25% sample data	199	16780	7645	9130	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence		13810	6230	7575	82.3	81.5	83.0
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division (CD) of residence		2205	1040	1165	13.1	13.6	12.8
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division (CD) within province or territory of residence		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Commute to a different province or territory		770	375	390	4.6	4.9	4.3
Main mode of commuting	Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data	200	19395	9615	9785	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Car, truck or van		16410	8265	8145	84.6	86.0	83.2
	Car, truck or van - as a driver		15050	7825	7220	77.6	81.4	73.8
	Car, truck or van - as a passenger		1360	435	930	7.0	4.5	9.5
	Public transit		485	205	280	2.5	2.1	2.9
	Walked		1675	680	995	8.6	7.1	10.2
	Bicycle		470	275	195	2.4	2.9	2.0
	Other method		360	190	170	1.9	2.0	1.7
Commuting duration	Total - Commuting duration for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data	201	19395	9615	9785	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Less than 15 minutes		10020	4945	5070	51.7	51.4	51.8
	15 to 29 minutes		7180	3510	3670	37.0	36.5	37.5
	30 to 44 minutes		1275	645	630	6.6	6.7	6.4
	45 to 59 minutes		435	205	230	2.2	2.1	2.4
	60 minutes and over		485	310	180	2.5	3.2	1.8
Time leaving for work	Total - Time leaving for work for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data	202	19395	9615	9785	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.		520	315	205	2.7	3.3	2.1
	Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.		2060	1210	845	10.6	12.6	8.6
	Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.		6045	3050	3000	31.2	31.7	30.7
	Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.		6875	3005	3865	35.4	31.3	39.5
	Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m.		2120	1055	1065	10.9	11.0	10.9
	Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m.		1780	980	800	9.2	10.2	8.2
Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language	Total - Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language for the population in private households born in 2003 or later - 100% data	203	8210	4280	3930	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language		1160	610	545	14.1	14.3	13.9

	Children not eligible for instruction in the minority official language		7050	3675	3380	85.9	85.9	86.0
Eligibility and instruction in the minority official language for school-aged children	Total - Eligibility and instruction in the minority official language, for the population in private households born between 2003 and 2015 (inclusive) - 100% data	204	5845	3075	2770	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language		810	425	380	13.9	13.8	13.7
	Eligible children†who have been instructed in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level in Canada		575	300	280	9.8	9.8	10.1
	Eligible children†who have not been instructed in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level in Canada		235	130	105	4.0	4.2	3.8
	Children not eligible for instruction in the minority official language		5030	2645	2385	86.1	86.0	86.1

Symbols:

... : not applicable

x : suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

Notes:

[1] 2021 and 2016 population

Statistics Canada is committed to protect the privacy of all Canadians and the confidentiality of the data they provide to us. As part of this commitment some population counts of geographic areas are adjusted in order to ensure confidentiality.

The adjustment to counts of the total population for any dissemination block is controlled to ensure that the population counts for dissemination areas will always be within 5 of the actual values. The adjustment has no impact on the population counts of census divisions and large census subdivisions.

[2] Total private dwellings

Private dwelling refers to a separate set of living quarters with a private entrance either from outside the building or from a common hall lobby vestibule or stairway inside the building. The entrance to the dwelling must be one that can be used without passing through the living quarters of some other person or group of persons.

[3] Private dwellings occupied by usual residents

A private dwelling occupied by usual residents refers to a private dwelling in which a person or a group of persons is permanently residing.

Also included are private dwellings whose usual residents are temporarily absent on May 11 2021.

[4] The category 'Movable dwelling' includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats recreational vehicles†and railroad cars.

[5] A census family is defined as a married couple (with or without children) a common-law couple (with or without children) or a one-parent family. For more information refer to the†Census Dictionary: Census family structure.

[6] There is no age restriction on children. Includes children living with a grandparent or grandparents without a parent present.

[7] Includes foster children.

[8] Multigenerational households represent all households where there is at least one person who is both the grandparent of a person in the household and the parent of another person in the same household. They also represent all households where there is at least one person who is both the child of a person in the household and the grandchild of another person in the same household. In previous censuses multigenerational households were only created based on the former definition not the latter. As a result there may be small differences in counts for 2011 and 2016 in archived tables.

[9] Excludes multigenerational households.

[10] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor

*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan

*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan

*child benefits from federal and provincial programs

*social assistance benefits

*workers' compensation benefits

*Canada workers benefit (CWB)

*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit

*other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

Employment income :

All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[11] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

* income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- *Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- *retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- *benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- *child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- *social assistance benefits
- *workers' compensation benefits
- *Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- *Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- *other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

Employment income :

All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[12] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[13] Full-year full-time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[14] Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[15] Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[16] Part year or part time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week) or 48 weeks or less during 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[17] Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[18] Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[19] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[20] Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- *Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- *retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- *benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- *child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- *social assistance benefits
- *workers' compensation benefits
- *Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- *Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- *other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[21] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- *statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

- *statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

- *statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- *employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

- *income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

- *income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

- *other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

- *income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- *one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

- *capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

- *employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

- *voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[22] After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[23] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

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Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- *Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- *retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- *benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- *child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- *social assistance benefits
- *workers' compensation benefits
- *Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- *Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- *other income from government sources.

Employment income :

All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment sickness maternity paternity adoption compassionate care work sharing retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Québec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[24] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- *statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families
- *statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations
- *statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- *employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)
- *income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds
- *income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)
- *other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships
- *income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- *one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals
- *capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income
- *employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance
- *voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- *Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- *retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- *benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- *child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- *social assistance benefits
- workers' compensation benefits
- *Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- *Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- *other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment sickness maternity paternity adoption compassionate care work sharing retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Québec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[25] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables.

Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[26] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- *statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

- *statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

- *statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- *employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

- *income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

- *income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

- *other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

- *income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- *one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

- *capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

- *employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

- *voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of households are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[27] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- *statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

- *statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

- *statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- *employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

- *income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

- *income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

- *other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

- *income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

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- *one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals
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After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of households are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[28] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- *statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families
- *statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations
- *statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- *employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)
- *income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds
- *income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)
- *other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships
- *income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

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After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

Economic family structure - The combination of relatives that comprise a family. Classification on this variable considers the presence or absence of: married spouses or common-law partners

[29] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- *statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families
- *statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations
- *statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

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For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of persons not in families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[30] Calculation includes persons not in economic families without income (with an income of zero).

[31] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

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For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income - The average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

Economic family structure - The combination of relatives that comprise a family. Classification on this variable considers the presence or absence of: married spouses or common-law partners

[32] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of persons not in families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[33] Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year.

Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Prior to the 2021 Census the LIM thresholds and the LIM low income statistics were derived and reported for the population residing outside of the territories and off reserve only. It was based on the consideration that the income prices and expenditure patterns could be quite different in the territories and on reserve and thus could make the interpretation of the LIM low-income statistics difficult.

Since the 2016 Census there were research studies that analyzed the feasibility of defining LIM thresholds that include the population living in the territories and on reserve and examined the aspects that should be considered when interpreting low-income statistics based on this definition. With the guidance and support of such research the 2021 Census expanded the coverage of the LIM concept to all regions in Canada making it the only low-income concept that is applicable to the population living in the territories and on reserve.

Low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) - The Low-income measure after tax refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population the line applicable to a household is defined as half the Canadian median of the adjusted household after-tax income multiplied by the square root of household size. The median is determined based on all persons in private households where low-income concepts are applicable. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the unadjusted after-tax income of household pertaining to a person falls below the threshold applicable to the person based on household size the person is considered to be in low income according to LIM-AT. Since the LIM-AT threshold and household income are unique within each household low-income status based on LIM-AT can also be reported for households.

Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT) - The Low-income cut-offs after tax refers to an income threshold defined using 1992 expenditure data below which economic families or persons not in economic families would likely have devoted a larger share of their after-tax income than average to the necessities of food shelter and clothing. More specifically the thresholds represented income levels at which these families or persons were expected to spend 20 percentage points or more of their after-tax income than average on food shelter and clothing. These thresholds have been adjusted to current dollars using the all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI).

The LICO-AT has 35 cut-offs varying by seven family sizes and five different sizes of area of residence to account for economies of scale and potential differences in cost of living in communities of different sizes. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.5 Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT - 1992 base) for economic families and persons not in economic families 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the after-tax income of an economic family member or a person not in an economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the person the person is considered to be in low income according to LICO-AT. Since the LICO-AT threshold and family income are unique within each economic family low-income status based on LICO-AT can also be reported for economic families.

Prevalence of low income - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.

[34] Economic family after-tax income decile group - The economic family income decile group provides a rough ranking of the economic situation of a person based on his or her relative position in the Canadian distribution of the adjusted after-tax income of economic families for all persons in private households.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population the population in private households is sorted according to its adjusted after-tax family income and then divided into 10 equal groups each containing 10% of the population. The decile cut-points are the levels of adjusted after-tax family income that define the 10 groups.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[35] The Gini coefficient or Gini index is a measure of inequality that indicates how equally income is distributed for a given population. It measures how much an income distribution deviates from perfect equality. Values of the Gini coefficient can range from 0 to 1. A value of 0 indicates that income is equally divided among the population with all units receiving exactly the same amount of income. At the opposite extreme a Gini coefficient of 1 denotes a perfectly unequal distribution where one unit has all of the income in the economy.

For the census Gini coefficients are calculated for three types of adjusted household income: market income total income and after tax income. Adjusted income is computed by dividing the household income by a factor equal to the square root of the household size (known as the equivalence scale). This adjustment for different household sizes takes into account economies of scale. It reflects the fact that the needs of a household increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

The P90/P10 ratio is a measure of inequality. It is the ratio of the 90th and the 10th percentile of the adjusted household after-tax income. The 90th percentile means 90% of the population has income that falls below this threshold. The 10th percentile means 10% of the population has income that falls below this threshold.

[36] Knowledge of official languages†refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[37] First official language spoken†refers to the first official language (English or French) spoken by the person.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[38] Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned more than one language at the same time in early childhood the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has more than one mother tongue only if they learned these languages at the same time and still understands them. For a child who has not yet learned to speak the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. A child who has not yet learned to speak has more than one mother tongue only if these languages are spoken to them equally often so that the child learns these languages at the same time.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[39] Users should be aware that estimates associated with Indigenous languages are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

[40] All languages spoken at home†refers to all languages that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection.n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[41] Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as "spoken most often at home" if the languages are spoken equally often.

For a person who lives alone the language spoken most often at home is the language in which they feel most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this is the language spoken most often to the child at home. Where more than one language is spoken to the child the language spoken most often at home is the language spoken most often.

If more than one language is spoken equally often to the child then these languages are included here.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[42] Other language(s) spoken regularly at home†refers to the language(s) if any that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection other than the language(s) they speak most often at home.

Comparisons to previous Census data is not recommended for the 'Other languages spoken regularly at home' variable.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[43] Knowledge of official languages†refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

Knowledge of non-official languages†refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys depending on the objectives of the survey.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[44] Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

[45] This category includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

[46] This category includes persons who identify as only one Indigenous group that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit).

[47] This category includes persons who identify as any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit).

[48] This category includes persons who do not identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who report having Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

[49] Registered or Treaty Indian status†refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

[50] Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling. The private dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium. A household is considered to own their dwelling if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim on it. A household is considered to rent their dwelling if no member of the household owns the dwelling. A household is considered to rent that dwelling even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative.

For historical and statutory reasons shelter occupancy on Indian reserves or settlements does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore a special category 'dwelling provided by the local government First Nation or Indian band ' has been created for census purposes.

[51] Condominium status refers to whether the private dwelling is part of a condominium development. A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land and common elements are held in joint ownership with others.

[52] Bedrooms refers to rooms in a private dwelling that are designed mainly for sleeping purposes even if they are now used for other purposes such as guest rooms and television rooms. Also included are rooms used as bedrooms now even if they were not originally built as bedrooms such as bedrooms in a finished basement. Bedrooms exclude rooms designed for another use during the day such as dining rooms and living rooms even if they may be used for sleeping purposes at night. By definition one-room private dwellings such as bachelor or studio apartments have zero bedrooms.

[53] Rooms refers to enclosed areas within a private dwelling which are finished and suitable for year round living. The number of rooms in a private dwelling includes kitchens bedrooms and finished rooms in the attic or basement. The number of rooms in a private dwelling excludes bathrooms halls vestibules and rooms used solely for business purposes. Partially divided rooms are considered to be separate rooms if they are considered as such by the respondent (e.g. L-shaped dining-room and living-room arrangements).

[54] Number of persons per room - Refers to an indicator of the level of crowding in a private dwelling. It is calculated by dividing the number of persons in the household by the number of rooms in the dwelling.

[55] Housing suitability refers to whether a private household is living in suitable accommodations according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS)

'Housing suitability' assesses the required number of bedrooms for a household based on the age sex and relationships among household members. An alternative variable 'persons per room ' considers all rooms in a private dwelling and the number of household members.

Housing suitability and the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) on which it is based were developed by Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) through consultations with provincial housing agencies.

[56] Period of construction refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed.

This refers to the period in which the building was completed not the time of any later remodeling additions or conversions.

For properties having multiple residential structures this refers to the period in which the most recent structure was completed.

[57] Includes data up to May 11 2021.

[58] Dwelling condition refers to whether the dwelling is in need of repairs. This does not include desirable remodelling or additions.

[59] Refers to whether or not a person residing in the household is responsible for paying the rent or the mortgage or the taxes or the electricity or other services or utilities. Where a number of people may contribute to the payments more than one person in the household may be identified as a household maintainer. If no person in the household is identified as making such payments the reference person is identified by default.

[60] Primary household maintainer - The first person in the household identified as someone who pays the rent or the mortgage or the taxes or the electricity or other services or utilities for the dwelling. When more than one member of the household contributes to the payments the first person listed is chosen as the primary household maintainer.

If no person in the household is identified as making any such payments the first person listed is selected by default.

The order of the persons in a household is determined by the order in which they are listed on the questionnaire. Generally an adult is listed first followed if applicable by their spouse or common-law partner and then by their children. The order does not necessarily correspond to the proportion of household payments made by each person.

[61] Shelter-cost-to-income ratio - Refers to the proportion of average total income of household which is spent on shelter costs.

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio is calculated for private households who reported a total household income greater than zero.

Private households located on an agricultural operation that is operated by a member of the household and households who reported a zero or negative total household income are excluded.

The relatively high shelter-costs-to-household income ratios for some households may have resulted from the difference in the reference period for shelter costs and household total income data. The reference period for shelter cost data is 2021 while household total income is reported for the year 2020. As well for some households the 2020 household total income may represent income for only part of a year.

For more information on household total income or shelter costs refer to the Census Dictionary: Total income and Shelter cost.

[62] Acceptable housing refers to whether a household meets each of the three indicator thresholds established by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation for housing adequacy suitability and affordability. Housing indicator thresholds are defined as follows:

*Adequate housing is reported by their residents as not requiring any major repairs.

*Affordable housing has shelter costs equal to less than 30% of total before-tax household income.

*Suitable housing has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of resident households according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) conceived by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and provincial and territorial representatives.

Acceptable housing identifies which thresholds the household falls below if any. Housing that is adequate in condition suitable in size and affordable is considered to be acceptable.

Households below and above the thresholds are based on the indicators for which individual households can be assessed. Farm and on-reserve households whose housing does not meet either or both of the suitability and adequacy thresholds are counted in the total of households below the thresholds. Farm and on-reserve households who live in housing that meets both the suitability and adequacy thresholds are counted in the total of households above the thresholds (even though it is not possible to assess housing affordability for these households). Farm households and on-reserve households cannot be assessed for housing affordability because the concept is not applicable.

Housing affordability is assessed for owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero in non-farm non-reserve private dwellings.

[63] Core housing need refers to whether a private household's housing falls below at least one of the indicator thresholds for housing adequacy affordability or suitability and would have to spend 30% or more of its total before-tax income to pay the median rent of alternative local housing that is acceptable (attains all three housing indicator thresholds). Housing indicator thresholds are defined as follows: Adequate housing is reported by their residents as not requiring any major repairs. Affordable housing has shelter costs equal to less than 30% of total before-tax household income. Suitable housing has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of resident households according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) conceived by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and provincial and territorial representatives. Only private non-farm non-reserve and owner- or renter-households with incomes greater than zero and shelter-cost-to-income ratios less than 100% are assessed for 'core housing need.' Non-family households with at least one maintainer aged 15 to 29 attending school are considered not to be in 'core housing need' regardless of their housing circumstances. Attending school is considered a transitional phase and low incomes earned by student households are viewed as being a temporary condition.

[64] Presence of mortgage payments refers to whether an owner household makes regular mortgage or loan payments for their dwelling.

[65] Shelter cost refers to the average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households.

Shelter costs for owner households include where applicable mortgage payments property taxes and condominium fees along with the costs of electricity heat water and other municipal services. For renter households shelter costs include where applicable the rent and the costs of electricity heat water and other municipal services. For households living in a dwelling provided by the local government First Nation or Indian band shelter costs include where applicable the monthly use or occupancy payment and the costs of electricity heat water and other municipal services.

[66] Value (owner estimated) refers to the dollar amount expected by the owner if the asset were to be sold.

In the context of dwelling it refers to the value of the entire dwelling including the value of the land it is on and of any other structure such as a garage which is on the property. If the dwelling is located in a building which contains several dwellings or a combination of residential and business premises all of which the household owns the value is estimated as a portion of the market value that applies only to the dwelling in which the household resides.

[67] Subsidized housing refers to whether a renter household lives in a dwelling that is subsidized. Subsidized housing includes rent geared to income social housing public housing government-assisted housing non-profit housing rent supplements and housing allowances.

[68] Indigenous ancestry' refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act 1982 Section 35 (2) as including the Indian Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. The term 'Aboriginal' has been replaced with the updated term of 'Indigenous' when referring to individuals who identify themselves as First Nations people Métis and/or Inuit. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

[69] Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.

[70] Single Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.

[71] Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.

[72] Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.

[73] Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.

[74] Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.

[75] 'Non-Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Indigenous ancestry only.

[76] 'Citizenship' refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless that is they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

For more information on citizenship variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[77] 'Canadian citizens' includes persons who are citizens of Canada only and persons who are citizens of Canada and at least one other country.

[78] 'Not Canadian citizens' includes persons who are not citizens of Canada. They may be citizens of one or more other countries. Persons who are stateless are included in this category.

[79] 'Immigrant status' refers to whether the person is a non-immigrant an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

'Period of immigration' refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[80] 'Non-immigrants' includes persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.

[81] 'Immigrants' includes persons who are or who have ever been landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2021 Census of Population 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.

[82] Includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.

[83] 'Non-permanent residents' includes persons from another country with a usual place of residence in Canada and who have a work or study permit or who have claimed refugee status (asylum claimants). Family members living with work or study permit holders are also included unless these family members are already Canadian citizens landed immigrants or permanent residents.

[84] 'Age at immigration' refers to the age at which an immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

'Immigrants' includes persons who are or who have ever been landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2021 Census of Population 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[85] 'Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2021 Census of Population 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2021 Census of Population the geographic location refers to a country or area of interest if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on the place of birth variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[86] Serbia excludes Kosovo.

[87] The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland Wales England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).

[88] The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.

[89] The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.

[90] China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.

[91] The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.

[92] The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.

[93] The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere such as 'born at sea.'

[94] 'Recent immigrant' refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1 2016 and May 11 2021.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by recent immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2021 Census of Population the geographic location refers to a country or area of interest if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on the place of birth variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[95] The official name of Venezuela is Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.

[96] Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.

[97] The full name of Sudan is the Republic of the Sudan.

[98] The category 'Other places of birth' includes other places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere such as 'born at sea.'

[99] 'Generation status' refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada.

For more information on generation status variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[100] 'First generation' includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part these are people who are now or once were immigrants to Canada.

[101] 'Second generation' includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part these are the children of immigrants.

[102] 'Third generation or more' includes persons who were born in Canada with all parents born in Canada.

[103] 'Admission category' refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

'Applicant type' refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant the spouse or the dependant on their application for permanent residence.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2021 Census of Population data on admission category and applicant type are available for immigrants who were admitted to Canada between January 1 1980 and May 11 2021.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[104] 'Economic immigrants' includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs to own and manage or to build a business to make a substantial investment to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.

[105] 'Principal applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the principal applicant the spouse or the dependant on their application for permanent residence.

[106] 'Secondary applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the married spouse the common-law or conjugal partner or the dependant of the principal applicant on their application for permanent residence.

[107] 'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse partner parent grand-parent child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.

[108] 'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race religion nationality membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency another designated referral organization or private sponsors.

[109] 'Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

[110] 'Pre-admission experience' refers to the category under which an immigrant was authorized to enter Canada for temporary residence purposes before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

In the 2021 Census of Population data on pre-admission experience are available for immigrants who were admitted to Canada between January 1 1980 and May 11 2021.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[111] This category includes immigrants who had an asylum claim before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. This category includes immigrants who had an asylum claim with a work and/or study permit before admission.

[112] This category includes immigrants who had a work permit only before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. A work permit is a document issued by Immigration Refugees and Citizenship Canada that authorizes a person to work on a temporary basis in Canada. Work permits set out conditions for the worker such as the type of work and employer location of work and timeline of work.

[113] This category includes immigrants who had a study permit only before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. A study permit is a document issued by Immigration Refugees and Citizenship Canada that authorizes a person to study at an educational institution in Canada for the duration of the program of study.

[114] This category includes immigrants who had both a work and a study permit before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

[115] This category includes immigrants who had a permit other than a work permit study permit or asylum claim before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

[116] This category includes immigrants who did not have a permit for temporary residence purposes before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

[117] 'Visible minority' refers to whether a person is a visible minority or not as defined by the Employment Equity Act. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons other than Aboriginal peoples who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour." The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups:

South Asian Chinese Black Filipino Arab Latin American Southeast Asian West Asian Korean and Japanese.

In 2021 Census analytical and communications products the term "visible minority" has been replaced by the terms "racialized population" or "racialized groups" reflecting the increased use of these terms in the public sphere.

For more information on visible minority and population group variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Visible Minority and Population Group Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[118] In 2021 Census analytical and communications products the term "visible minority" has been replaced by the terms "racialized population" or "racialized groups" reflecting the increased use of these terms in the public sphere.

[119] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes persons who provided responses that are classified as a visible minority but that cannot be classified with a specific visible minority group. Such responses include for example "Guyanese " "Pacific Islander " "Polynesian " "Tibetan" and "West Indian."

[120] In 2021 Census analytical and communications products this category is referred to as "the rest of the population."

[121] 'Ethnic or cultural origin' refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors.

Ancestors may have Indigenous origins origins that refer to different countries or other origins that may not refer to different countries.

The sum of the ethnic or cultural origins in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic or cultural origin in the census.

The ethnic groups selected are the most frequently reported at the Canada level.

For more information on ethnic or cultural origin variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Ethnic or Cultural Origin Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[122] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating French origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "French").

[123] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating British Isles origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "British " "United Kingdom").

[124] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Caucasian (White) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Caucasian").

[125] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating First Nations (North American Indian) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "First Nations " "North American Indian").

[126] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "European").

[127] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "African").

[128] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Arab origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Arab").

[129] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Asian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Asian").

[130] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Cree origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Cree").

[131] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes responses indicating Christian origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Christian " "Baptist " "Catholic").

[132] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American Indigenous origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Aboriginal " "Indigenous").

[133] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating South Asian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "South Asian").

[134] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Mi'kmaq origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Mi'kmaq").

[135] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Northern European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Northern European " "Scandinavian").

[136] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Latin Central or South American origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Latin American " "South American").

[137] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Black origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Black").
[138] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Inuit origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Inuit").
[139] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Eastern European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Eastern European").
[140] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating East or Southeast Asian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "East Asian " "Southeast Asian").
[141] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating West or Central Asian or Middle Eastern origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Central Asian " "Middle Eastern " "West Asian").

[142] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Caribbean origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Caribbean").
[143] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating West Indian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "West Indian").
[144] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Hispanic origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Hispanic").
[145] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Western European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Western European").
[146] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Czechoslovakian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Czechoslovakian").
[147] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Yugoslavian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Yugoslavian").
[148] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Slavic origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Slavic").
[149] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Innu origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Innu " "Montagnais").
[150] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Celtic origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Celtic").
[151] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "North American").
[152] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Dene origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Dene").
[153] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Blackfoot origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Blackfoot").
[154] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Iroquois " "Haudenosaunee").
[155] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "North African").
[156] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Southern or East African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "East African").
[157] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Anishinaabe origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Anishinaabe").
[158] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Bantu origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Bantu").
[159] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Akan origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Akan").
[160] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Central or West African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Central African " "West African").
[161] 'Religion' refers to the person's self-identification as having a connection or affiliation with any religious denomination group body or other religiously defined community or system of belief. Religion is not limited to formal membership in a religious organization or group.

This variable shows the aggregated responses to the religion question.

For infants or children religion refers to the specific religious group or denomination in which they are being raised if any.

Persons without a religious connection or affiliation can self-identify as atheist agnostic or humanist or can provide another applicable response.

For more information on religion variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Religion Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[162] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses of "Christian " not otherwise specified (e.g. "Christian " "Christianity").
[163] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
[164] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

[165] For information on data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

[166] This includes all persons with a high school diploma or equivalency certificate regardless of whether they also completed a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.

[167] 'High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational credential. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.

[168] Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at colleges institutes of technology vocational centres and similar institutions.

It also includes qualifications from vocational training programs in the province of Quebec such as the Diplôme d'études professionnelles (DEP)/Diploma of Vocational Studies (DVS).

[169] 'Apprenticeship certificate' includes Certificates of Apprenticeship Certificates of Qualification and Journeyperson's designations.

[170] College CEGEP and other non-university certificates and diplomas obtained from programs that are typically completed in less than three months are not included in this category.

[171] 'Earned doctorate' does not include honorary doctorates.

[172] This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2021 - Alternative primary groupings' with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies' these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification see the Classification of Instructional Programs Canada 2021.

For information on classification and data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

[173] 'No postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' is made up of persons who have not completed any credentials above a high school diploma.

[174] Includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies' '30.29 Maritime studies' '30.45 History and language/literature' '30.47 Linguistics and anthropology' '30.51 Integrated philosophy politics and economics' '30.52 Digital humanities and textual studies' and '30.53 Thanatology.'

[175] Includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution' '30.11 Gerontology' '30.14 Museology/museum studies' '30.15 Science technology and society' '30.17 Behavioural sciences' '30.20 International/globalization studies' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies' '30.25 Cognitive science' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis' '30.28 Dispute resolution' '30.31 Human computer interaction' '30.33 Sustainability studies' '30.34 Anthrozoology' '30.36 Cultural studies and comparative literature' '30.40 Economics and foreign language/literature' '30.44 Geography and environmental studies' and '30.46 History and political science.'

[176] Includes '30.10 Biopsychology' '30.18 Natural sciences' '30.19 Nutrition sciences' '30.27 Human biology' '30.32 Marine sciences' '30.35 Climate science' '30.38 Earth systems science' '30.41 Environmental geosciences' '30.42 Geoarchaeology' '30.43 Geobiology' and '30.50 Mathematics and atmospheric/oceanic science.'

[177] Includes '30.06 Systems science and theory' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science' '30.30 Computational science' '30.39 Economics and computer science' '30.48 Linguistics and computer science' '30.49 Mathematical economics' '30.70 Data science' and '30.71 Data analytics.'

[178] Veterinary medicine veterinary science veterinary technology and veterinary administrative support services which were included in series '51. Health professions and related programs' in CIP 2016 are now included in series '01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields' in CIP 2021.

[179] Includes '30.00 Inclusive postsecondary education' and '30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies other.'

[180] For information on classification and data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

[181] 'Postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma' 'college CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates diplomas and degrees.

[182] The location of study is not compared with the location of residence for persons who studied outside Canada. The locations of study outside Canada that are listed here are those which were the most frequently reported at the Canada level.

[183] The official name of Moldova is Republic of Moldova.

[184] Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday May 2 to Saturday May 8 2021.

For information on the comparability of the 2021 Census labour force status data with those of the Labour Force Survey see Appendix 2.11 of the Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[185] Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2020 at all jobs held even if only for a few hours and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

[186] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021 but not in 2020.

[187] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021 but not in 2020.

[188] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked†full year mostly part time or part year either mostly full time or mostly part time in 2020. Part year is less than 49 weeks and part time is less than 30 hours per week.

[189] Class of worker including job permanency refers to whether a person is a paid employee or is self-employed. Employees' positions are further classified as either permanent or temporary.

[190] Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment or who had last worked prior to January 1 2020.

[191] Includes persons aged 15 years and over in the labour force who have worked at some point in time between January 1 2020 and May 8 2021.

[192] Includes self-employed persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business and with or without paid help as well as unpaid family workers.

[193] Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 Version 1.0.

[194] Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked.

The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.

[195] All languages used at work refers to all languages that the person uses in their job on a regular basis.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[196] Language used most often at work†refers to the language the person uses most often at work.

A person can report more than one language as "used most often at work" if the languages are used equally often.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[197] Other language(s) used regularly at work refers to the languages if any that the person uses in their job on a regular basis other than the language or languages they use most often at work.

Comparisons to previous census data is not recommended for the †Other languages used regularly at work† variable.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[198] Place of work status refers to whether a person worked at home worked outside Canada had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

[199] Commuting destination refers to whether or not a person commutes to another municipality (i.e. census subdivision) another census division or another province or territory. Commuting refers to the travel of a person to their usual place of work.

[200] Main mode of commuting refers to the main mode of transportation a person uses to travel to their place of work.

The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence but this may not always be the case. Sometimes respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.

[201] Commuting duration refers to the length of time in minutes usually required by a person to travel to their place of work.

[202] Time leaving for work refers to the time of day at which a person usually leaves to go to their place of work.

[203] Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language indicates whether a child is eligible for instruction at the primary and secondary levels in English in Quebec or in French in Canada outside Quebec pursuant to the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms' criteria except citizenship.

In the 2021 Census the child eligible for instruction in the minority official language is younger than 18 years of age on December 31 2020.

More information on the variables related to instruction in the minority official language including definitions concepts and classifications the questions from which they are derived and data quality can be found in the Instruction in the Minority Official Language Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Minority language educational rights: Technical report on changes for the 2021 Census.

[204] Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language indicates whether a child is eligible for instruction at the primary and secondary levels in English in Quebec or in French in Canada outside Quebec pursuant to the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms' criteria except citizenship.

In the 2021 Census the child eligible for instruction in the minority official language is younger than 18 years of age on December 31 2020. However the total population for this profile is school-aged children born between 2003 and 2015 (inclusive) representing children 5 to 17 years of age on December 31 2020.

For residents of Quebec instruction in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level in Canada refers to children who have been instructed for at least one year in an English-language school (including in a French immersion program in an English-language school) at the primary or secondary level in Canada. For residents of Canada outside Quebec it refers to children who have been instructed for at least one year in a regular French program in a French-language school (excluding in a French immersion program in an English-language school) at the primary or secondary level in Canada.

More information on the variables related to instruction in the minority official language including definitions concepts and classifications the questions from which they are derived and data quality can be found in the Instruction in the Minority Official Language Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Minority language educational rights: Technical report on changes for the 2021 Census.

Data quality:

Yukon

Total non-response (TNR) rate, short-form census questionnaire: 4.3%

Total non-response (TNR) rate, long-form census questionnaire: 10.5%

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021 Census of Population.

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<https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/dp-pd/prof/index.cfm?Lang=E>