## Complete population profile, Census profile, 2021

## Division No. 11, Census division (CDR) [Census division], Newfoundland and Labrador

				Counts	3,		Rates	
Topic	Characteristic	Note	Total	Men+	Women+	Total	Men+	Women+
Population and dwellings	Population, 2021	1	2323					
	Population, 2016	1	2558					
	Population percentage change, 2016 to 2021		-9.2			-9.2		
	Total private dwellings	2	845					
	Private dwellings occupied by usual residents	3	780					
	Population density per square kilometre		0.0			0.0		
	Land area in square kilometres		66787.13					
Age characteristics	Total - Age groups of the population - 100% data		2320	1165	1165	100.0	100.0	100.0
J	0 to 14 years		605	290	320	26.1	24.9	27.5
	0 to 4 years		180	95	85	7.8	8.2	7.3
	5 to 9 years		200	90	110	8.6	7.7	9.4
	10 to 14 years		220	100	120	9.5	8.6	10.3
	15 to 64 years		1495	755	740	64.4	64.8	63.5
	15 to 19 years		160	80	80	6.9	6.9	6.9
	20 to 24 years		140	70	65	6.0	6.0	5.6
	25 to 29 years		140	60	80	6.0	5.2	6.9
	30 to 34 years		210	95	115	9.1	8.2	9.9
	35 to 39 years		160	90	65	6.9	7.7	5.6
	40 to 44 years		145	75	70	6.3	6.4	6.0
	45 to 49 years		135	70	65	5.8	6.0	5.6
	50 to 54 years		135	60	70	5.8	5.2	6.0
	55 to 59 years		145	85	65	6.3	7.3	5.6
	60 to 64 years		135	65	65	5.8	5.6	5.6
	65 years and over		215	120	105	9.3	10.3	9.0
	65 to 69 years		90	45	40	3.9	3.9	3.4
	70 to 74 years		65	35	35	2.8	3.0	3.0
	75 to 79 years		40	25	15	1.7	2.1	1.3
	80 to 84 years		15	5	10	0.6	0.4	0.9
	85 years and over		5	5	0	0.2	0.4	0.0
	85 to 89 years		5	0	0	0.2	0.4	0.0
	90 to 94 years		5	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0
	95 to 99 years		0	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0
	100 years and over		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total - Distribution (%) of the population by broad age groups - 100% data		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	0 to 14 years		26.1	24.9	27.5	26.1	24.9	27.5
	15 to 64 years		64.4	64.8	63.5	64.4	64.8	63.5
	65 years and over		9.3	10.3	9.0	9.3	10.3	9.0
	85 years and over		0.2	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0
	Average age of the population		34.2	35.0	33.4	34.2	35.0	33.4
			32.8	34.4	31.4	32.8	34.4	31.4
II	Median age of the population  Total Coopering rejects devalling by attractived type of devalling 100% data							
Household and dwelling	Total - Occupied private dwellings by structural type of dwelling - 100% data		780	•••		100.0		
characteristics	Single-detached house Semi-detached house		685		•••	87.8		
			10		•••	1.3		
	Row house		0		•••	0.0		
	Apartment or flat in a duplex		55	•••	•••	7.1		
	Apartment in a building that has fewer than five storeys		10			1.3		

	Apartment in a building that has five or more storeys		0			0.0		
	Other single-attached house		0			0.0		
	Movable dwelling	4	15			1.9		
	Total - Private households by household size - 100% data		780			100.0		
	1 person		150			19.2		
	2 persons		205	•••		26.3	•••	
	3 persons		150	•••		19.2	•••	
	4 persons		160			20.5		
	5 or more persons		115	•••		14.7	•••	
	Number of persons in private households		2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Average household size		3.0			3.0		
Marital status	Total - Marital status for the total population aged 15 years and over - 100% data		1715	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
Warter States	Married or living common-law		915	450	460	53.4	51.7	54.8
	Married		510	255	255	29.7	29.3	30.4
	Living common-law		405	200	205	23.6	23.0	24.4
	Living common law - Never married		380	185	200	22.2	21.3	23.8
	Living common law - Never married  Living common law - Separated		10	5	0	0.6	0.6	0.0
	•							
	Living common law - Divorced		10	10	0	0.6	1.1	0.0
	Living common law - Widowed		5	0	5	0.3	0.0	0.6
	Not married and not living common-law		800	415	385	46.6	47.7	45.8
	Not married and not living common law - Never married		650	360	290	37.9	41.4	34.5
	Not married and not living common law - Separated		25	10	15	1.5	1.1	1.8
	Not married and not living common law - Divorced		45	20	20	2.6	2.3	2.4
	Not married and not living common law - Widowed		80	25	60	4.7	2.9	7.1
Family characteristics	Total - Census families in private households by family size - 100% data	5	630			100.0		
	2 persons		260			41.3		
	3 persons		155			24.6		
	4 persons		135			21.4		
	5 or more persons		80			12.7		
	Average size of census families		3.1			3.1		
	Average number of children in census families with children	6	1.9			1.9		
	Total number of census families in private households - 100% data		630			100.0		
	Total couple families		450			71.4		
	Married couples		250			39.7		
	With children	6	150			23.8		
	Without children		100			15.9		
	Common-law couples		205			32.5		
	With children	6	140			22.2		
	Without children		60			9.5		
	Total one-parent families		175	•••		27.8	•••	
	in which the parent is a woman+		135			21.4		
	in which the parent is a man+		40			6.3		
	Total - Persons in private households - 100% data		2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Total - Persons in census families		1970	960	1010	84.9	82.8	87.1
	Married spouses or common-law partners		910	445	460	39.2	38.4	39.7
	Parents in one-parent families		180	443	130	7.8	3.9	11.2
	Children	6	895	470	425	38.6	40.5	36.6
	In a two-parent family	O	895 605	310	300	26.1	40.5 26.7	25.9
	In a one-parent family		285	165	120	12.3	14.2	10.3
	Total - Persons not in census families in private households - 100% data		345	200	145	14.9	17.2	12.5
	Living alone	~	150	85	65	6.5	7.3	5.6
	Living with other relatives	7	130	80	55	5.6	6.9	4.7

	Living with non-relatives only		65	40	25	2.8	3.4	2.2
Household type	Total - Household type - 100% data		780			100.0		
Household type	One-census-family households without additional persons		490			62.8		
	Couple-family households		360			46.2		
	With children	6	240		•••	30.8		
	Without children	U	125			16.0		
	One-parent-family households		130			16.7		
	Multigenerational households	8	40			5.1		
	Multiple-census-family households	9	5			0.6		
	One-census-family households with additional persons	9	60					
	Two-or-more-person non-census-family households	9	35		•••	7.7 4.5		
	One-person households		150		•••	19.2		
Income of individuals in	•		130		•••	19.2		
2020	Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data	10	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
2020	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data	10	1620	870 820	795	94.7	94.3	94.6
	Median total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		35600	34800	35600	35600	34800	35600
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		1620	820	795	94.7	94.3	94.6
			32400				32000	
	Median after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)  Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 100% data		1305	32000 670	33200 640	32400 76.3	77.0	33200 76.2
	Median market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		31600	29400	32800	31600	29400	32800
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -		1205	615	500	70.5	70.7	70.2
	100% data		1205	615	590	70.5	70.7	70.2
	Median employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		32400	31400	34000	32400	31400	34000
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -		1220	- 4 -	500	77.0	744	00.1
	100% data		1330	645	690	77.8	74.1	82.1
	Median government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)		13000	13600	12600	13000	13600	12600
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -			255	100	250	20.5	21.4
	100% data		445	265	180	26.0	30.5	21.4
	Median employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		10100	12500	7300	10100	12500	7300
	Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private		505	250	255	20.5	20.7	20.4
	households in 2020 - 100% data		505	250	255	29.5	28.7	30.4
	Median COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		7500	7500	8000	7500	7500	8000
	Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households -		1710	050	0.40	100.0	100.0	100.0
	25% sample data	11	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -		1.520	020	000	0.4.5	0.4.0	07.2
	25% sample data		1620	820	800	94.7	94.3	95.2
	Average total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		43480	45000	41900	43480	45000	41900
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -		1.520	020	000	0.4.5	0.4.0	05.0
	25% sample data		1620	820	800	94.7	94.3	95.2
	Average after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		37520	38200	36800	37520	38200	36800
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -							
	25% sample data		1305	670	635	76.3	77.0	75.6
	Average market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		39840	42500	37000	39840	42500	37000
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -							
	25% sample data		1205	615	590	70.5	70.7	70.2
	Average employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		40200	42400	37800	40200	42400	37800
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -							
	25% sample data		1330	645	690	77.8	74.1	82.1
	Average government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)		13740	13360	14120	13740	13360	14120
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 -							
	25% sample data		445	265	180	26.0	30.5	21.4
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		10760	11900	9000	10760	11900	9000

Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		505	250	255	29.5	28.7	30.4
Average COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		8400	7900	8900	8400	7900	8900
Total - Employment income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households -		8400	7900	8900	6400	7900	8900
Total - Employment income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 13 years and over in private nouseholds - 25% sample data	12	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked full-year full-time in 2020 -	12	1710	870	040	100.0	100.0	100.0
25% sample data	13	530	220	310	31.0	25.3	36.9
Median employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	13	59200	70000	55200	59200	70000	55200
Average employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	15	62800	72000	56000	62800	72000	56000
Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 -	13	02800	72000	30000	02800	72000	30000
25% sample data	16	490	295	195	28.7	33.9	23.2
Median employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)	10	14700	19200	11200	14700	19200	11200
Average employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		24200	28400	18000	24200	28400	18000
Composition of total income in 2020 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25%		24200	20400	18000	24200	28400	18000
sample data	17	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Market income (%)	18	74.0	76.8	71.0	74.0	76.8	71.0
Employment income (%)	19	68.8	70.5	67.0	68.8	70.5	67.0
Government transfers (%)	20	26.1	23.2	29.2	26.1	23.2	29.2
Employment insurance benefits (%)	20	6.8	8.6	4.9	6.8	8.6	4.9
COVID-19 - Government income support and benefits (%)		6.9	6.0	8.0	6.9	6.0	8.0
COVID-19 - Emergency and recovery benefits (%)		6.0	5.4	6.7	6.0	5.4	6.7
Total - Total income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100%		0.0	5.4	0.7	0.0	3.4	0.7
data	21	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
Without total income	21	90	50	45	5.3	5.7	5.4
With total income		1620	825	795	94.7	94.8	94.6
Under \$10,000 (including loss)		175	100	80	10.8	12.1	10.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999		230	120	110	14.2	14.5	13.8
\$20,000 to \$29,999		270	125	140	16.7	15.2	17.6
\$30,000 to \$39,999		245	125	120	15.1	15.2	15.1
\$40,000 to \$49,999		180	95	80	11.1	11.5	10.1
\$50,000 to \$59,999		135	45	90	8.3	5.5	11.3
\$60,000 to \$69,999		100	45	60	6.2	5.5	7.5
\$70,000 to \$79,999		80	45	40	4.9	5.5	5.0
\$80,000 to \$89,999		60	30	30	3.7	3.6	3.8
\$90,000 to \$99,999		45	30	15	2.8	3.6	1.9
\$100,000 and over		105	70	35	6.5	8.5	4.4
\$100,000 to \$149,999		90	55	35	5.6	6.7	4.4
\$150,000 and over		15	10	0	0.9	1.2	0.0
Total - After-tax income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100%		13	10	U	0.9	1.2	0.0
data	22	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
Without after-tax income	22	90	50	45	5.3	5.7	5.4
With after-tax income		1620	825	795	94.7	94.8	94.6
Under \$10,000 (including loss)		175	95	80	10.8	11.5	10.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999		235	120	115	14.5	14.5	14.5
\$20,000 to \$29,999		315	160	155	19.4	19.4	19.5
\$30,000 to \$39,999		280	150	130	17.3	18.2	16.4
\$40,000 to \$49,999		180	70	115	11.1	8.5	14.5
\$50,000 to \$59,999		160	70	95	9.9	8.5	11.9
\$60,000 to \$69,999		95	55	40	5.9	6.7	5.0
		75	45	35	4.6	5.5	4.4
\$70,000 to \$79,999				33		5.5	4.4
\$70,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999		50	35	20	3.1	4.2	2.5

	\$100,000 and over		25	15	10	1.5	1.8	1.3
	\$100,000 to \$124,999		15	5	10	0.9	0.6	1.3
	\$125,000 and over		10	10	0	0.6	1.2	0.0
	Total - Employment income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households -		.=		0.40			
	100% data	19	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Without employment income		505	255	250	29.5	29.3	29.8
	With employment income		1205	620	590	70.5	71.3	70.2
	Under \$5,000 (including loss)		165	70	95 55	13.7	11.3	16.1
	\$5,000 to \$9,999		120	70	55	10.0	11.3	9.3
	\$10,000 to \$19,999		170	95	70	14.1	15.3	11.9
	\$20,000 to \$29,999		110	70	45	9.1	11.3	7.6
	\$30,000 to \$39,999		140	70	70 55	11.6	11.3	11.9
	\$40,000 to \$49,999		105	45	55	8.7	7.3	9.3
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		80	35	50	6.6	5.6	8.5
	\$60,000 to \$69,999 \$70,000 to \$79,999		80	30	55	6.6	4.8	9.3
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		55	35	20 30	4.6	5.6	3.4
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		50 40	25 25	30 15	4.1 3.3	4.0	5.1 2.5
	\$90,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 and over		40 90	60	30	3.3 7.5	4.0 9.7	2.5 5.1
	\$100,000 and over \$100,000 to \$124,999		90 70	50	20	7.5 5.8	9.7 8.1	3.4
	\$125,000 and over		25	15	10	2.1	2.4	1.7
Income of individuals in			23	13	10	2.1	2.4	1.7
2019	Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 100% data	23	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
2019		23	1600	810	790	93.6	93.1	94.0
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data Median total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		30200	31000	29400	30200	31000	29400
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		1600	810	790	93.6	93.1	94.0
	Median after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		28400	29000	28000	28400	29000	28000
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 100% data		1300	650	650	76.0	74.7	77.4
	Median market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		26000	28000	23200	26000	28000	23200
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 -		20000	28000	23200	20000	28000	23200
	100% data		1210	600	610	70.8	69.0	72.6
	Median employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		28400	29800	25000	28400	29800	25000
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 -		26400	29800	23000	20400	29800	23000
	100% data		1305	635	675	76.3	73.0	80.4
	Median government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		9200	9400	8900	9200	9400	8900
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 -		7200	J <del>-1</del> 00	0700	7200	J <del>-1</del> 00	0,000
	100% data		505	285	225	29.5	32.8	26.8
	Median employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		10000	11300	8300	10000	11300	8300
	Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample							
	data	24	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 -		1710	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	25% sample data		1600	805	790	93.6	92.5	94.0
	Average total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		40520	43900	37000	40520	43900	37000
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		1600	805	790	93.6	92.5	94.0
	Average after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		34280	36100	32400	34280	36100	32400
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 -							
	25% sample data		1295	650	645	75.7	74.7	76.8
	Average market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		39480	45100	33900	39480	45100	33900
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample							
	data		1210	600	605	70.8	69.0	72.0
	Average employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		40000	46200	33800	40000	46200	33800

	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample							
	data		1305	630	670	76.3	72.4	79.8
	Average government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		10490	9920	11040	10490	9920	11040
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2019 -							
	25% sample data		505	280	225	29.5	32.2	26.8
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		10640	11700	9300	10640	11700	9300
	Total - Employment income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households -							
	25% sample data	25	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked full-year full-time in 2020 -	20	1,10	0,0	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	25% sample data	13	525	220	310	30.7	25.3	36.9
	Median employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	14	53600	63200	48400	53600	63200	48400
	Average employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	15	57600	68500	49600	57600	68500	49600
	Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample	10	27000	00200	.,,,,,	27000	00200	1,000
	data	16	440	255	185	25.7	29.3	22.0
	Median employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)	10	17000	23000	11400	17000	23000	11400
	Average employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year or part-time in 2020 (\$)		29800	38800	17400	29800	38800	17400
	Composition of total income in 2019 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25%		27000	30000	17400	27000	30000	17400
	sample data		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Market income (%)		79.0	82.4	74.8	79.0	82.4	74.8
	Employment income (%)		74.4	78.5	70.0	74.4	78.5	70.0
	Government transfers (%)		21.1	17.6	25.3	21.1	17.6	25.3
	Employment insurance benefits (%)		8.3	9.2	23.3 7.1	8.3	9.2	7.1
	Total - Income statistics for private households - 100% data	26	780					
ı	Median total income of household in 2020 (\$)	20	77500		•••	77500	•••	
	Median after-tax income of household in 2020 (\$)				•••	77500	•••	
			68500	•••	•••	68500		
	Total - Income statistics for one-person private households - 100% data		150	•••		20000		
	Median total income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		28000	•••		28000		
	Median after-tax income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		26800	•••		26800		
	Total - Income statistics for two-or-more-persons private households - 100% data		630	•••	•••		•••	
	Median total income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		90000	•••	•••	90000	•••	
	Median after-tax income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)	27	79000	•••	•••	79000	•••	
	Total - Income statistics for private households - 25% sample data	27	780	•••				
	Average total income of household in 2020 (\$)		90200	•••		90200		
	Average after-tax income of household in 2020 (\$)		77800			77800		
	Total - Income statistics for one-person private households - 25% sample data		150					
	Average total income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		43000			43000		
	Average after-tax income of one-person households in 2020 (\$)		37500			37500		
	Total - Income statistics for two-or-more-persons private households - 25% sample data		630					
	Average total income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		101200			101200		
	Average after-tax income of two-or-more-person households in 2020 (\$)		87200		•••	87200		
	Total - Household total income groups in 2020 for private households - 100% data	21	780		•••	100.0		
	Under \$5,000		0	•••		0.0		
	\$5,000 to \$9,999		0			0.0		
	\$10,000 to \$14,999		10			1.3		
	\$15,000 to \$19,999		10			1.3		
	\$20,000 to \$24,999		50			6.4		
	\$25,000 to \$29,999		45			5.8		
	\$30,000 to \$34,999		30			3.8		
	\$35,000 to \$39,999		35			4.5		
	\$40,000 to \$44,999		30			3.8		
	\$45,000 to \$49,999		25			3.2		
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		60			7.7		

Income of households in

2020

\$60,000 to \$69,999		50			6.4		
\$70,000 to \$79,999		55			7.1		
\$80,000 to \$89,999		45			5.8		
\$90,000 to \$99,999		45			5.8		
\$100,000 and over		285			36.5		
\$100,000 to \$124,999		100			12.8		
\$125,000 to \$149,999		65			8.3		
\$150,000 to \$199,999		80			10.3		
\$200,000 and over		45			5.8		
Total - Household after-tax income groups in 2020 for private households - 100% data	22	780			100.0		
Under \$5,000		0			0.0		
\$5,000 to \$9,999		0			0.0		
\$10,000 to \$14,999		10			1.3		
\$15,000 to \$19,999		10			1.3		
\$20,000 to \$24,999		55			7.1		
\$25,000 to \$29,999		45			5.8		
\$30,000 to \$34,999		30			3.8		
\$35,000 to \$39,999		35			4.5		
\$40,000 to \$44,999		35			4.5		
\$45,000 to \$49,999		30			3.8		
\$50,000 to \$59,999		70			9.0		
\$60,000 to \$69,999		80			10.3		
\$70,000 to \$79,999		55			7.1		
\$80,000 to \$89,999		50			6.4		
\$90,000 to \$99,999		55			7.1		
\$100,000 and over		215			27.6		
\$100,000 to \$124,999		100			12.8		
\$125,000 to \$149,999		55			7.1		
\$150,000 and over		60			7.7		
Total - Income statistics for economic families in private households - 100% data	28	615					
Median total income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		88000			88000		
Median after-tax income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		78000			78000		
Average family size of economic families		3.4			3.4		
Total - Income statistics for couple-only economic families in private households - 100% data		125					
Median total income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		86000			86000		
Median after-tax income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		76000			76000		
Average family size of couple-only economic families		2.0			2.0		
Total - Income statistics for couple-with-children economic families in private households - 100% data		295					
Median total income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		111000			111000		
Median after-tax income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		99000			99000		
Average family size of couple-with-children economic families		4.4			4.4		
Total - Income statistics for one-parent economic families in private households - 100% data		155					
Median total income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		62000			62000		
Median after-tax income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		58000			58000		
Average family size of one-parent economic families		2.8			2.8		
Total - Income statistics for persons aged 15 years and over not in economic families in private households -							
100% data	29	210	125	90	•••		
Median total income in 2020 (\$)	30	27800	29400	25200	27800	29400	25200
Median after-tax income in 2020 (\$)	30	26800	27600	25200	26800	27600	25200
Total - Income statistics for economic families in private households - 25% sample data	31	620					
Average total income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		100400			100400		
Average after-tax income of economic family in 2020 (\$)		86400			86400		

Income of economic families in 2020

Total - Income statistics for couple-only economic families in private households - 25% sample data		125					
Average total income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		100000	•••		100000		
Average after-tax income of couple-only economic families in 2020 (\$)		84000	•••		84000		
Total - Income statistics for couple-with-children economic families in private households -		•••					
25% sample data		290	•••				
Average total income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		118000			118000		
Average after-tax income of couple-with-children economic families in 2020 (\$)		101000			101000		
Total - Income statistics for one-parent economic families in private households - 25% sample data		160					
Average total income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		68000			68000		
Average after-tax income of one-parent economic families in 2020 (\$)		61000			61000		
Total - Income statistics for persons aged 15 years and over not in economic families in private households -							
25% sample data	32	210	125	90			
Average total income in 2020 (\$)	30	39600	41000	38000	39600	41000	38000
Average after-tax income in 2020 (\$)	30	34800	36000	33500	34800	36000	33500
Total - LIM low-income status in 2020 for the population in private households - 100% data	33	2320	1160	1155	100.0	100.0	100.0
0 to 17 years		690	330	360	29.7	28.4	31.2
0 to 5 years		230	110	120	9.9	9.5	10.4
18 to 64 years		1410	715	695	60.8	61.6	60.2
65 years and over		220	120	105	9.5	10.3	9.1
In low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT)		495	240	260			
0 to 17 years		205	95	110			
0 to 5 years		70	40	30			
18 to 64 years		225	115	110			
65 years and over		70	30	45			
Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT) (%)		21.5	20.4	22.6	21.5	20.4	22.6
0 to 17 years (%)		29.8	28.8	30.8	29.8	28.8	30.8
0 to 5 years (%)		31.0	36.0	28.0	31.0	36.0	28.0
18 to 64 years (%)		15.8	16.0	15.8	15.8	16.0	15.8
65 years and over (%)		32.0	24.0	40.0	32.0	24.0	40.0
Total - LICO low-income status in 2020 for the population in private households to whom the low-income							
concept is applicable - 100% data	33	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
0 to 17 years		690	325	365	29.7	28.0	31.5
0 to 5 years		230	110	120	9.9	9.5	10.3
18 to 64 years		1405	715	695	60.6	61.6	59.9
65 years and over		215	115	100	9.3	9.9	8.6
In low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT)		60	35	30			
0 to 17 years		20	10	5			
0 to 5 years		10	10	5			
18 to 64 years		35	20	20			
65 years and over		0	0	0			
Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) (%)		2.5	2.8	2.2	2.5	2.8	2.2
0 to 17 years (%)		2.8	3.2	2.0	2.8	3.2	2.0
0 to 5 years (%)		4.5	6.0	2.0 X	4.5	6.0	2.0 X
18 to 64 years (%)		2.6	3.0	2.4	2.6	3.0	2.4
65 years and over (%)		2.0 X	3.0 X	2.4 X	2.0 X	3.0 X	Z.4 X
Total - Adjusted after-tax economic family income decile group for the population in private households - 10	10%	Λ.	Α.	A	Λ.	Α.	A
data	34	2320	1155	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
In bottom half of the distribution	34	1515	745	770	65.3	64.5	66.4
		415	195	225	05.3 17.9	64.5 16.9	00.4 19.4
In bottom decile In second decile		360	195 190	170	17.9	16.9	19.4 14.7
		235		170		10.5	14.7
In third decile			115		10.1		
In fourth decile		285	135	150	12.3	11.7	12.9

Low income and income inequality in 2020

	v co. 1							
	In fifth decile		220	115	105	9.5	10.0	9.1
	In top half of the distribution		805	415	390	34.7	35.9	33.6
	In sixth decile		185	95	90	8.0	8.2	7.8
	In seventh decile		195	95	100	8.4	8.2	8.6
	In eighth decile		220	115	105	9.5	10.0	9.1
	In ninth decile		155	80	70	6.7	6.9	6.0
	In top decile		50	25	25	2.2	2.2	2.2
	Total - Inequality measures for the population in private households - 100% data	35	2320			2320		
	Gini index on adjusted household total income		0.312			0.312		
	Gini index on adjusted household market income		0.476			0.476		
	Gini index on adjusted household after-tax income		0.277			0.277		
	P90/P10 ratio on adjusted household after-tax income		3.7			3.7		
Knowledge of official	Total - Knowledge of official languages for the total population excluding institutional residents -							
languages	100% data	36	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	English only		2305	1150	1155	99.4	99.1	99.6
	French only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and French		15	5	5	0.6	0.4	0.4
	Neither English nor French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
First official language	Total - First official language spoken for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	37	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
First official language		37						
spoken	English		2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Neither English nor French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mother tongue	Total - Mother tongue for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	38	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Single responses		2280	1135	1145	98.3	97.8	98.7
	Official languages		2085	1040	1050	89.9	89.7	90.5
	English		2080	1035	1045	89.7	89.2	90.1
	French		5	5	0	0.2	0.4	0.0
	Non-official languages		190	95	95	8.2	8.2	8.2
	Indigenous languages	39	185	95	90	8.0	8.2	7.8
	Algonquian languages		10	10	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree-Innu languages		10	10	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Innu (Montagnais)		10	10	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
			0	0	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
	Naskapi Factoria Alexandria Industria			0				
	Eastern Algonquian languages		0	-	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Mi'kmaq		0	0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Daawaamwin (Odawa)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey-Hare languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kaska (Nahani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tahltan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsuu Tina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlingit	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	175	85	90	7.5	7.3	7.8
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktitut	175	85	90	7.5	7.3	7.8
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0		0.0
Oneida	0		0		0.0	
		0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michif	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Indigenous languages	5	5	5	0.2	0.4	0.4
Afro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamazight	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chadic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hausa	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Amharic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arabic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s. Harari	0	0				
Hebrew			0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrigna	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	5	5	5	0.2	0.4	0.4
Bikol	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bisaya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cebuano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fijian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Hiligaynon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ilocano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinaray-a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Merina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	5	5	5	0.2	0.4	0.4
Waray-Waray	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Krio	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sango	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kannada	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Telugu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tulu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hmong-Mien languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Albanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baltic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Belarusian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Macedonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rusyn	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	~	-	Ŭ			2.0

Slovene (Slovenian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukrainian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Irish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scottish Gaelic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Welsh	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Frisian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High German languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yiddish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afrikaans	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low German, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plautdietsch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vlaams (Flemish)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Danish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gujarati	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hindi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kacchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Konkani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Odia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi (Panjabi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rohingya	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urdu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baluchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Parsi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
talic (Romance) languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Catalan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Portuguese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Romanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
alic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ndo-European languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
panese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
rean	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ger-Congo languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Akan (Twi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamanankan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ido	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
wé	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
iikuyu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
gbo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
uba-Kasai	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MÚoré	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mwani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ndebele	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Soninke	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sotho-Tswana languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swahili	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wojenaka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Volof	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ilo-Saharan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dinka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuer	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ign languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
American Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Quebec Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0		

	Sign languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Sino-Tibetan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Chinese languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hakka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Mandarin		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Min Dong		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Wu (Shanghainese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Yue (Cantonese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Chinese, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Chinese languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tibeto-Burman languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Burmese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Kuki-Chin languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Karenic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	S'gaw Karen		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Karenic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tibetan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tai-Kadai languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Lao		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Thai		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Azerbaijani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Kazakh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uyghur		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uzbek		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uralic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Estonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Finnish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hungarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple responses		40	25	20	1.7	2.2	1.7
	English and French		5	0	0	0.2	0.0	0.0
	English and non-official language(s)		40	25	15	1.7	2.2	1.3
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English, French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
All languages spoken at	Total - All languages spoken at home for the total population excluding institutional residents -							
home	100% data	40	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	English		2115	1065	1045	91.2	91.8	90.1
	French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Non-official language		15	10	5	0.6	0.9	0.4
	Indigenous	39	15	10	5	0.6	0.9	0.4
	Non-Indigenous		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and non-official language(s)		190	85	105	8.2	7.3	9.1
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

English, French and non-official language(s) Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0
		U	U	Ü	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fotal - Language spoken most often at home for the total population excluding institutional residents - 100% data	41	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single responses	41	2320	1150	1150	98.9	99.1	99.1
Official languages		2250	1125	1125	98.9 97.0	99.1 97.0	99.1 97.0
English		2250	1125	1125	97.0	97.0	97.0
French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-official languages		45	25	25	1.9	2.2	2.2
Indigenous languages	39	40	20	20	1.7	1.7	1.7
Algonquian languages	39	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Blackfoot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cree languages Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
		0	0	0			
Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree) Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
				0	0.0	0.0	0.
Cree, n.o.s. Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0			0.0		
Naskapi			0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eastern Algonquian languages		0		0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mi'kmaq		0	0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages					0.0	0.0	0.
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Northern Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Dakelh (Carrier)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Dene, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gwich'in		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey-Hare languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Slavey, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tahltan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kaska (Nahani)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Tahltan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlicho (Dogrib)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tse'khene (Sekani)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Language spoken most often at home

Tsuu Tina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlingit	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	35	20	20	1.5	1.7	1.7
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktitut	35	20	20	1.5	1.7	1.7
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oneida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michif	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secwepemetsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0	0	0			
Nisga'a Tsimshian				0.0	0.0	0.0
	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Indigenous languages	5	5	5	0.2	0.4	0.4
Afro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Tamazight	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chadic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hausa	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Amharic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arabic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Harari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrigna	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	5	5	5	0.2	0.4	0.4
Bikol	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bisaya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cebuano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fijian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hiligaynon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ilocano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinaray-a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Merina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
rangasman Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	5	5	5			
				0.2	0.4	0.4
Waray-Waray	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Krio	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sango	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Creole, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kannada	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Telugu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tulu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hmong-Mien languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Albanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baltic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Belarusian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Macedonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rusyn	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovene (Slovenian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukrainian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Irish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scottish Gaelic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Welsh	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Frisian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High German languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yiddish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afrikaans	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low German, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Plautdietsch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vlaams (Flemish)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Danish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gujarati	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hindi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kacchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Konkani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Odia	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi (Panjabi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rohingya	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urdu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baluchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Parsi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Catalan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Portuguese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Romanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japanese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Korean	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Akan (Twi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamanankan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
wé	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gikuyu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Luba-Kasai	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MÚoré	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mwani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ndebele	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Soninke	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sotho-Tswana languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swahili	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wojenaka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolof	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dinka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuer	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
American Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Quebec Sign Language	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hakka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mandarin	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Min Dong	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wu (Shanghainese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yue (Cantonese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burmese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kuki-Chin languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
S'gaw Karen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibetan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	•	3	•	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Tai-Kadai languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Lao		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Thai		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Azerbaijani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Kazakh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uyghur		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uzbek		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uralic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Estonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Finnish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hungarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple responses		25	15	15	1.1	1.3	1.3
	English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and non-official language(s)		25	15	15	1.1	1.3	1.3
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English, French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other language spoken	Total - Other language(s) spoken regularly at home for the total population excluding institutional residents -	10	2220	11.50	11.50	100.0	100.0	100.0
regularly at home	100% data	42	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	None		2155	1085	1070	92.9	93.5	92.2
	English		30	10	15	1.3	0.9	1.3
	French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Non-official language	20	130	60	65	5.6	5.2	5.6
	Indigenous	39	120	55 0	65	5.2	4.7	5.6
	Non-Indigenous		5 0	0	0	0.2 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0
	English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	English and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English, French and non-official language(s)  Multiple non-official languages		10	0	5	0.4	0.0	0.0
Knowledge of languages	Total - Knowledge of languages for the population in private households - 25% sample data	43	2315	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
Knowledge of languages	Official languages	43	2315	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	English		2315	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	French		10	100	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
	Non-official languages		420	215	210	18.1	18.5	18.1
	Indigenous languages	39	410	205	205	17.7	17.7	17.7
	Algonquian languages	37	15	10	10	0.6	0.9	0.9
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree-Innu languages		15	10	10	0.6	0.9	0.9
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Cree, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Innu (Montagnais)	15	10	10	0.6	0.9	0.9
Naskapi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eastern Algonquian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mi'kmaq	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oji-Cree	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey-Hare languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Kaska (Nahani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0
Tahltan	0	0	0	0.0		
					0.0	0.0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsuu Tina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tlingit	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	395	195	195	17.1	16.8	16.8
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuktitut	395	195	195	17.1	16.8	16.8
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
froquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oneida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Michif	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salish languages	10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syilx (Okanagan)	10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Indigenous languages	10	10	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
Afro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamazight	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chadic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hausa	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Amharic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arabic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Harari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Tigrigna	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	0	10	0	0.0	0.9	0.0
Bikol	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bisaya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cebuano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fijian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hiligaynon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ilocano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinaray-a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Merina	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	0	10	0	0.0	0.9	0.0
Waray-Waray	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Krio	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sango	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kannada	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Telugu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tulu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hmong-Mien languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	10	0	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Albanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baltic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Belarusian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-	-	~			

Czech		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Macedonia	n	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rusyn		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croa	ntian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	oatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovene (Si	lovenian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukrainian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	uages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languag	ges	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Irish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scottish Gae	lic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Welsh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic langua		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic lang	guages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Frisian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High Germa	n languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
German		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss Gerr	nan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yiddish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Low Franconian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afrikaans		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Germa	·	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plautdietsc		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vlaams (Fl		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavia	n languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Danish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	nguages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian l		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan	languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assamese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gujarati		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hindi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kacchi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kashmiri		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Konkani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oriya langı	nages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

		0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Odia Oriya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0
Onya, n.o.s. Punjabi (Panjabi)	0	0	0	0.0		0.0
Rohingya	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urdu	0	0	0			0.0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	0	0	0			
Baluchi	0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Parsi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages	10	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Catalan	0	0	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Italian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Portuguese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Romanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish	10	0	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japanese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Korean	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Akan (Twi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamanakan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
wé	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gikuyu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Luba-Kasai	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MÚoré	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mwani	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ndebele	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Soninke	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sotho-Tswana languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swahili	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wojenaka	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	WILC		^	^	^	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Wolof		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Yoruba		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nilo-Saharan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Dinka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nuer		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	African, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Sign languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	American Sign Language		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Quebec Sign Language		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Sign languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Sino-Tibetan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Chinese languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hakka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Mandarin		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Min Dong		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Wu (Shanghainese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Yue (Cantonese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Chinese, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Chinese languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tibeto-Burman languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Burmese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Kuki-Chin languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Karenic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	S'gaw Karen		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Karenic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tibetan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tai-Kadai languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Lao		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Thai		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Azerbaijani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Kazakh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uyghur		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uzbek		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Uralic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Estonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Finnish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hungarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous population	Total - Indigenous identity for the population in private households - 25% sample data	44	2315	1155	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Indigenous identity	45	2170	1080	1090	93.7	93.5	94.0
	Single Indigenous responses	46	2160	1075	1080	93.3	93.1	93.1
	First Nations (North American Indian)		35	15	20	1.5	1.3	1.7
	Métis		30	15	10	1.3	1.3	0.9

	Inuk†(Inuit)		2095	1045	1050	90.5	90.5	90.5
	Multiple Indigenous responses	47	10	0	15	0.4	0.0	1.3
	Indigenous responses not included elsewhere	48	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Non-Indigenous identity		145	75	70	6.3	6.5	6.0
	Total - Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private households - 25% sample data	44	2315	1155	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Registered or Treaty Indian	49	30	15	15	1.3	1.3	1.3
	Not a Registered or Treaty Indian		2290	1140	1140	98.9	98.7	98.3
Household characteristics	Total - Private households by tenure - 25% sample data	50	780			100.0		
	Owner		630	***		80.8	•••	
	Renter		150			19.2		
	Dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band		0			0.0		
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by condominium status - 25% sample data	51	780			100.0		
	Condominium	31	0			0.0	•••	
	Not condominium		780			100.0		
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by number of bedrooms - 25% sample data	52	780			100.0		
	No bedrooms	32	0			0.0		
	1 bedroom		30			3.8		
	2 bedrooms		185			23.7		
	3 bedrooms		405			51.9		
	4 or more bedrooms		155	•••	•••	19.9		
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by number of rooms - 25% sample data	53	780			100.0		
	1 to 4 rooms	33	210			26.9		
	5 rooms		270	•••	•••	34.6		
	6 rooms		155	•••	•••	19.9		
	7 rooms		85			19.9		
	8 or more rooms		65	•••	•••			
				•••	•••	8.3	•••	
	Average number of rooms per dwelling	5.4	5.4	•••		5.4	•••	
	Total - Private households by number of persons per room - 25% sample data One person or fewer per room	54	780 745	•••	•••	100.0 95.5		
	•			•••				
	More than one person per room  Total - Private households by housing suitability - 25% sample data	55	35 780	•••	•••	4.5		
	, , , ,	33		•••	•••	100.0	•••	
	Suitable Not suitable		705	•••	•••	90.4	•••	
		5.0	75			9.6		
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by period of construction - 25% sample data	56	780			100.0		
	1960 or before		15			1.9		
	1961 to 1980		125		•••	16.0		
	1981 to 1990		110		•••	14.1		
	1991 to 2000		205	•••	•••	26.3	•••	
	2001 to 2005		90	•••	•••	11.5	•••	
	2006 to 2010		80	•••	•••	10.3	•••	
	2011 to 2015		70		•••	9.0		
	2016 to 2021	57	70	•••	•••	9.0	•••	
	Total - Occupied private dwellings by dwelling condition - 25% sample data	58	780			100.0		
	Only regular maintenance and minor repairs needed		570			73.1		
	Major repairs needed		215			27.6		
	Total - Private households by number of household maintainers - 25% sample data	59	780			100.0		
	One-maintainer household		385			49.4		
	Two-maintainer household		335	•••		42.9		
	Three-or-more-maintainer household		60			7.7		
	Total - Private households by age of primary household maintainers - 25% sample data	60	780	•••		100.0		
	15 to 24 years		20			2.6		
	25 to 34 years		145			18.6	•••	

35 to 44 years		145			18.6		
45 to 54 years		145	•••	•••	18.6	•••	
55 to 64 years		170			21.8		
65 to 74 years		110			14.1		
75 to 84 years		35			4.5		
85 years and over		10			1.3		
Total - Owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero, in non-farm, non-reserve							
private dwellings by shelter-cost-to-income ratio - 25% sample data	61	780			100.0		
Spending less than 30% of income on shelter costs		750			96.2		
Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs		30			3.8		
30% to less than 100%		30			3.8		
Total - Occupied private dwellings by housing indicators - 25% sample data	62	780			100.0		
Total - Households 'spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' or 'not suitable' or 'major repairs needed'		290			37.2		
Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs only		20			2.6		
Not suitable only		55			7.1		
Major repairs needed only		185			23.7		
'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'not suitable'		0			0.0		
'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'major repairs needed'		10			1.3		
'Not suitable' and 'major repairs needed'		20			2.6		
'Spending 30% or more of income on shelter costs' and 'not suitable' and 'major repairs needed'		0			0.0		
Acceptable housing		490			62.8		
Total - Owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero and shelter-cost-to-income							
ratio less than 100%, in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data	63	780			100.0		
In core need		175			22.4		
Not in core need		600			76.9		
Total - Owner households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data		630					
% of owner households with a mortgage	64	11.9			11.9		
% of owner households spending 30% or more of its income on shelter costs	61	3.2			3.2		
% in core housing need	63	21.4			21.4		
Median monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$)	65	332			332		
Average monthly shelter costs for owned dwellings (\$)	65	444			444		
Median value of dwellings (\$)	66	80000			80000		
Average value of dwellings (\$)	66	105600			105600		
Total - Tenant households in non-farm, non-reserve private dwellings - 25% sample data		145					
% of tenant households in subsidized housing	67	37.9			37.9		
% of tenant households spending 30% or more of its income on shelter costs	61	6.9			6.9		
% in core housing need	63	27.6			27.6		
Median monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$)	65	564			564		
Average monthly shelter costs for rented dwellings (\$)	65	530			530		
Total - Households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band in non-							
farm private dwellings - 25% sample data		0					
% of households living in a dwelling provided by the local government, First Nation or Indian band spending							
more than 30% on shelter costs	61						
Median monthly shelter costs for dwellings provided by local government, First Nation or Indian band (\$)	65						
Average monthly shelter costs for dwellings provided by local government, First Nation or Indian band (\$)	65						
Total - Indigenous ancestry for the population in private households - 25% sample data	68	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous ancestry (only)	69	1985	975	1010	85.6	84.1	87.1
Single Indigenous ancestry (only)	70	1965	970	995	84.7	83.6	85.8
First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry	. 0	140	70	75	6.0	6.0	6.5
Métis single ancestry		10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
Inuit single ancestry		1810	890	920	78.0	76.7	79.3
6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1010	370	720	, 0.0	. 0. /	17.5

Indigenous ancestry

	MELLE CONTRACTOR		20	10	10	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)	71	20	10	10	0.9	0.9	0.9
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestry only		10	10	10	0.4	0.9	0.9
	Métis and Inuit ancestry only		10	10	10	0.4	0.9	0.9
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	72	180	95	80	7.8	8.2	6.9
	Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	73	160	90	75	6.9	7.8	6.5
	First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Indigenous ancestry only		15	10	10	0.6	0.9	0.9
	Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		145	75	70	6.3	6.5	6.0
	Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	74	15	10	10	0.6	0.9	0.9
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		15	10	10	0.6	0.9	0.9
	Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Non-Indigenous ancestry only	75	155	85	70	6.7	7.3	6.0
Citizenship	Total - Citizenship for the population in private households - 25% sample data	76	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
-	Canadian citizens	77	2310	1150	1155	99.6	99.1	99.6
	Canadian citizens aged under 18		690	325	365	29.7	28.0	31.5
	Canadian citizens aged 18 and over		1615	825	795	69.6	71.1	68.5
	Not Canadian citizens	78	10	10	10	0.4	0.9	0.9
Immigrant status and	Total - Immigrant status and period of immigration for the population in private households -							
period of immigration	25% sample data	79	2320	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Non-immigrants	80	2300	1150	1150	99.1	99.1	99.1
	Immigrants	81	10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
	Before 1980	01	10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
	1980 to 1990		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1991 to 2000		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2001 to 2010		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2011 to 2021	82	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2011 to 2015	02	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2011 to 2013 2016 to 2021		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		02	10	0	0			0.0
A	Non-permanent residents	83		0		0.4	0.0	
Age at immigration	Total - Age at immigration for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data	84	10	-	10	100.0	0.0	100.0
	Under 5 years		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5 to 14 years		10	10	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
	15 to 24 years		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	25 to 44 years		0	0	10	0.0	0.0	100.0
	45 years and over		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Selected places of birth fo		85	10	0	10	100.0	0.0	100.0
the immigrant population	Americas		10	0	10	100.0	0.0	100.0
	Brazil		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Colombia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	El Salvador		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Guyana		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Haiti		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Jamaica		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Mexico		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Peru		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Trinidad and Tobago		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	United States of America		10	0	10	100.0	0.0	100.0
	Other places of birth in Americas		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Europe		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Bosnia and Herzegovina		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Croatia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	France		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Germany		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Greece		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hungary		0		-	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Italy Netherlands			0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Poland		0	0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Portugal		0	0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0
	Romania		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Russian Federation		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Serbia	86	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ukraine	80	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	United Kingdom	87	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other places of birth in Europe	87	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Africa		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Algeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Congo, Democratic Republic of the		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Egypt		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Eritrea		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ethiopia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Morocco		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Nigeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Somalia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	South Africa, Republic of		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other places of birth in Africa		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Asia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Afghanistan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Iran	88	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Iraq	00	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Lebanon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Syria	89	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Turkey	69	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	China	90	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hong Kong	91	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Korea, South	92	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Taiwan	92	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Philippines		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Viet Nam		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Bangladesh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	India		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Pakistan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Sri Lanka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other places of birth in Asia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Oceania and other places of birth	93	10	10	0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Selected places of birth for	Total - Place of birth for the recent immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data	94	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
the recent immigrant	Americas	21	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
population	Brazil		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
r · r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Colombia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Haiti		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Jamaica		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mexico		0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0
United States of America		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Venezuela	95	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other places of birth in Americas	75	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Europe		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
France		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germany		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ireland	96	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italy	70	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian Federation		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukraine		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Kingdom	87	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other places of birth in Europe	87	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Africa		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burundi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cameroon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Congo, Democratic Republic of the		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CÙte d'Ivoire		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Egypt		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eritrea		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ethiopia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morocco		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nigeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somalia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
			0				
South Africa, Republic of Sudan	97	0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
Tunisia	97						
Other places of birth in Africa		0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0
Asia		0	0			0.0	
			0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afghanistan		0		0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bangladesh China	00		0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	90	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hong Kong	91	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
India	00	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iran	88	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iraq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Israel		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jordan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Korea, South	92	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lebanon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepal		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pakistan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Philippines		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saudi Arabia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sri Lanka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syria	89	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkey		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
							0.0
United Arab Emirates Viet Nam		0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0

	Other places of birth in Asia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Oceania and other	93	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Australia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other places of birth	98	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Generation status	Total - Generation status for the population in private households - 25% sample data	99	2315	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	First generation	100	15	10	10	0.6	0.9	0.9
	Second generation	101	10	10	10	0.4	0.9	0.9
	Third generation or more	102	2290	1140	1150	98.9	98.3	99.1
Admission category and	Total - Admission category and applicant type for the immigrant population in private households who were							
applicant type	admitted between 1980 and 2021 - 25% sample data	103	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Economic immigrants	104	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Principal applicants	105	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Secondary applicants	106	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Immigrants sponsored by family	107	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Refugees	108	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other immigrants	109	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pre-admission experience	Total - Pre-admission experience for the immigrant population in private households who were admitted							
•	between 1980 and 2021 - 25% sample data	110	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Asylum claim before admission	111	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Work permits only before admission	112	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Study permits only before admission	113	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Work and study permits before admission	114	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other permits before admission	115	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	No pre-admission experience	116	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Visible minority	Total - Visible minority for the population in private households - 25% sample data	117	2315	1155	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Total visible minority population	118	10	10	10	0.4	0.9	0.9
	South Asian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Chinese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Black		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Filipino		0	10	10	0.0	0.9	0.9
	Arab		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Latin American		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Southeast Asian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	West Asian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Korean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Japanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Visible minority, n.i.e.	119	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple visible minorities	117	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Not a visible minority	120	2305	1155	1155	99.6	100.0	99.6
Ethnic or cultural origin	Total - Ethnic or cultural origin for the population in private households - 25% sample data	121	2315	1160	1160	100.0	100.0	100.0
Zumie or euterar origin	Canadian		45	25	20	1.9	2.2	1.7
	English		125	75	55	5.4	6.5	4.7
	Irish		50	25	25	2.2	2.2	2.2
	Scottish		40	20	20	1.7	1.7	1.7
	French, n.o.s.	122	10	10	10	0.4	0.9	0.9
	German	122	10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
	Chinese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Italian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Indian (India)		10	10	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Ukrainian		0	0	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
	Dutch		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Polish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1 (113)1		U	U	U	0.0	0.0	0.0

Québécois		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
British Isles, n.o.s.	123	15	0	10	0.6	0.0	0.9
Filipino		10	0	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
French Canadian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Caucasian (White), n.o.s.	124	35	20	15	1.5	1.7	1.3
First Nations (North American Indian), n.o.s.	125	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Métis		25	20	10	1.1	1.7	0.9
European, n.o.s.	126	15	10	0	0.6	0.9	0.0
Russian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian		30	15	10	1.3	1.3	0.9
Welsh		10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
Portuguese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
American		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hungarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Acadian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pakistani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African, n.o.s.	127	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jewish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arab, n.o.s.	128	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Asian, n.o.s.	129	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cree, n.o.s.	130	0	0	10	0.0	0.0	0.9
Korean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Romanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lebanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Christian, n.i.e.	131	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Danish	151	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North American Indigenous, n.o.s.	132	135	65	70	5.8	5.6	6.0
Sikh	132	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austrian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Belgian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haitian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hindu		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mexican		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mennonite		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Finnish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sri Lankan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Japanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Asian, n.o.s.	133	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mi'kmaq, n.o.s.	133	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern European, n.o.s.	134	10	10	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Muslim	133	0	0	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
Egyptian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latin, Central or South American, n.o.s.	136	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latin, Contain of South American, 11.0.5.	130	U	U	U	0.0	0.0	0.0

Tamil		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Colombian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Moroccan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Syrian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guyanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afghan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Black, n.o.s.	137	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Newfoundlander		20	0	10	0.9	0.0	0.9
Hong Konger		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ontarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trinidadian/Tobagonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inuit, n.o.s.	138	1995	985	1010	86.2	84.9	87.1
Bangladeshi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algerian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Brazilian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nigerian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eastern European, n.o.s.	139	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Taiwanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iraqi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Salvadorean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African Caribbean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
East or Southeast Asian, n.o.s.	140	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West or Central Asian or Middle Eastern, n.o.s.	141	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Caribbean, n.o.s.	142	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Algonquin		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West Indian, n.o.s.	143	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South African		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Australian		10	10	0	0.4	0.9	0.0
Palestinian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chilean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Congolese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nova Scotian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ethiopian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hispanic, n.o.s.	144	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Peruvian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cambodian (Khmer)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Albanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maltese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Macedonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovenian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Western European, n.o.s.	145	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Brunswicker		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gujarati		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eritrean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African Canadian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Israeli		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mohawk		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czechoslovakian, n.o.s.	146	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Albertan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ghanaian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Barbadian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African American		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yugoslavian, n.o.s.	147	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tunisian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic, n.o.s.	148	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cuban		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Venezuelan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Innu/Montagnais, n.o.s.	149	30	15	15	1.3	1.3	1.3
Latvian	1.7	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cameroonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guatemalan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Laotian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ilocano		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Irish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic, n.o.s.	150	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
British Columbian	130	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ecuadorian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Franco Ontarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Argentinian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Estonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fijian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jatt		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North American, n.o.s.	151	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	131	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Thai		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Dominican		0	0	0	0.0		0.0 0.0
		0	0	0		0.0	
Nepali Kabyle				0	0.0	0.0	0.0
•		0	0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo		0		0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Byelorussian	150	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dene, n.o.s.	152	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Blackfoot, n.o.s.	153	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Abenaki		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Moldovan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iroquois (Haudenosaunee), n.o.s.	154	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Zealander		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Sudanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Breton		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania Dutch		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malaysian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plains Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North African, n.o.s.	155	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Huron (Wendat)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saskatchewanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Buddhist		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gaspesian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norman		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Southern or East African, n.o.s.	156	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ivorian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Saulteaux		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Anishinaabe, n.o.s.	157	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burundian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrinya		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nicaraguan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mauritian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kenyan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vincentian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jordanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Manitoban		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cape Bretoner		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rwandan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Grenadian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayali		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhalese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mayan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Honduran		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cherokee		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Qalipu Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Caribbean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Flemish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Empire Loyalist		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Senegalese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Azerbaijani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sicilian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashtun		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bantu, n.o.s.	158	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibetan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Zimbabwean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burmese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mongolian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Azorean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bamileke		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Guyanese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Ugandan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tanzanian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yemeni		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Central African		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Libyan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Basque		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uruguayan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Akan, n.o.s.	159	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Central or West African, n.o.s.	160	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igorot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Woodland Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guinean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
St. Lucian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prince Edward Islander		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maliseet		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Beninese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Telugu		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Roma		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Costa Rican		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
African Nova Scotian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kashmiri		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Singaporean		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karen		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tajik		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Amhara		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Paraguayan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total - Religion for the population in private households - 25% sample data	161	2315	1155	1155	100.0	100.0	100.0
Buddhist		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Christian		2150	1065	1080	92.9	92.2	93.5
Christian, n.o.s.	162	10	0	0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Anabaptist	102	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Anglican		300	155	145	13.0	13.4	12.6
Baptist		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Catholic		70	35	40	3.0	3.0	3.5
Christian Orthodox		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jehovah's Witness		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latter Day Saints		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lutheran		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Methodist and Wesleyan (Holiness)		15	10	0	0.6	0.0	0.0
Pentecostal and other Charismatic		155	85	70	6.7	7.4	6.1
Presbyterian		0		0		0.0	
Reformed		0	0	0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0
United Church		45	25	20		2.2	
					1.9		1.7
Other Christian and Christian-related traditions		1555	750	805	67.2	64.9	69.7
Hindu Laurick		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jewish Muslim		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Muslim		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sikh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Religion

	Traditional (North American Indigenous) spirituality		10	0	10	0.4	0.0	0.9
	Other religions and spiritual traditions		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	No religion and secular perspectives		160	90	65	6.9	7.8	5.6
Mobility status 1 year ago		163	2290	1150	1140	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Non-movers		2090	1060	1030	91.3	92.2	90.4
	Movers		200	90	105	8.7	7.8	9.2
	Non-migrants		135	65	65	5.9	5.7	5.7
	Migrants		65	30	35	2.8	2.6	3.1
	Internal migrants		65	30	35	2.8	2.6	3.1
	Intraprovincial migrants		50	15	30	2.2	1.3	2.6
	Interprovincial migrants		15	10	10	0.7	0.9	0.9
	External migrants		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mobility status 5 years ago	Total - Mobility status 5 years ago - 25% sample data	164	2135	1065	1075	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Non-movers		1565	805	760	73.3	75.6	70.7
	Movers		570	260	310	26.7	24.4	28.8
	Non-migrants		330	160	170	15.5	15.0	15.8
	Migrants		235	100	140	11.0	9.4	13.0
	Internal migrants		235	95	135	11.0	8.9	12.6
	Intraprovincial migrants		170	70	105	8.0	6.6	9.8
	Interprovincial migrants		65	30	35	3.0	2.8	3.3
	External migrants		10	0	0	0.5	0.0	0.0
Secondary (high) school	Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the population aged 15 years and over in							
diploma or equivalency	private households - 25% sample data	165	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
certificate	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate		675	400	270	39.5	46.0	32.1
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate	166	1035	470	570	60.5	54.0	67.9
	Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the population aged 25 to 64 years in							
	private households - 25% sample data	165	1195	600	595	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate		400	260	140	33.5	43.3	23.5
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate	166	795	340	455	66.5	56.7	76.5
Highest certificate,	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households -							
diploma or degree	25% sample data	165	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No certificate, diploma or degree		615	360	255	36.0	41.4	30.4
	High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate	167	525	245	275	30.7	28.2	32.7
	Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		570	260	305	33.3	29.9	36.3
	Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level		455	230	225	26.6	26.4	26.8
	Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma		115	80	40	6.7	9.2	4.8
	Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma	168	75	50	25	4.4	5.7	3.0
	Apprenticeship certificate	169	40	25	15	2.3	2.9	1.8
	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	170	295	140	155	17.3	16.1	18.5
	University certificate or diploma below bachelor level		45	10	30	2.6	1.1	3.6
	Bachelor's degree or higher		110	30	80	6.4	3.4	9.5
	Bachelor's degree		90	20	70	5.3	2.3	8.3
	University certificate or diploma above bachelor level		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Master's degree		20	10	10	1.2	1.1	1.2
	Earned doctorate	171	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 25 to 64 years in private households - 25%							
	sample data	165	1195	605	595	100.0	100.0	100.0
	No certificate, diploma or degree		360	235	130	30.1	38.8	21.8
	High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate	167	355	155	200	29.7	25.6	33.6
	Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		480	215	265	40.2	35.5	44.5
	Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level		380	190	195	31.8	31.4	32.8

Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma		100	65	35	8.4	10.7	5.9
Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma	168	60	40	20	5.0	6.6	3.4
Apprenticeship certificate	169	40	25	10	3.3	4.1	1.7
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	170	245	110	135	20.5	18.2	22.7
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level		35	10	25	2.9	1.7	4.2
Bachelor's degree or higher		95	25	70	7.9	4.1	11.8
Bachelor's degree		75	20	60	6.3	3.3	10.1
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Master's degree		15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.7
Earned doctorate	171	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 15							
years and over in private households - 25% sample data	172	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	173	1145	610	535	67.0	70.1	63.7
Education		55	15	40	3.2	1.7	4.8
13. Education		55	15	40	3.2	1.7	4.8
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies		0	10	0	0.0	1.1	0.0
<ol> <li>Communications technologies/technicians and support services</li> </ol>		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
50. Visual and performing arts		0	10	0	0.0	1.1	0.0
Humanities		30	10	25	1.8	1.1	3.0
16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
23. English language and literature/letters		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities		20	10	15	1.2	1.1	1.8
30A Interdisciplinary humanities	174	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
38. Philosophy and religious studies		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39. Theology and religious vocations		10	0	0	0.6	0.0	0.0
54. History		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
55. French language and literature/lettersCAN		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Social and behavioural sciences and law		65	10	60	3.8	1.1	7.1
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
09. Communication, journalism and related programs		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences		50	0	50	2.9	0.0	6.0
22. Legal professions and studies		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences	175	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
42. Psychology		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
45. Social sciences		15	10	10	0.9	1.1	1.2
Business, management and public administration		75	10	70	4.4	1.1	8.3
30.16 Accounting and computer science		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
44. Public administration and social service professions		15	0	20	0.9	0.0	2.4
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		55	10	45	3.2	1.1	5.4
Physical and life sciences and technologies		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
26. Biological and biomedical sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30.01 Biological and physical sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences	176	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
40. Physical sciences		10	0	0	0.6	0.0	0.0
41. Science technologies/technicians		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mathematics, computer and information sciences		0	10	10	0.0	1.1	1.2
11. Computer and information sciences and support services		0	10	10	0.0	1.1	1.2
25. Library science		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
27. Mathematics and statistics		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences	177	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Architecture, engineering, and related trades		160	140	25	9.4	16.1	3.0

Major field of study -Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021

04. Architecture and related services		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14. Engineering		10	10	0	0.6	1.1	0.0
15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians		30	25	0	1.8	2.9	0.0
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
46. Construction trades		70	60	0	4.1	6.9	0.0
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians		30	25	0	1.8	2.9	0.0
48. Precision production		30	25	0	1.8	2.9	0.0
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation		15	0	10	0.9	0.0	1.2
01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields	178	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
03. Natural resources and conservation		15	0	10	0.9	0.0	1.2
Health and related fields		70	10	55	4.1	1.1	6.5
30.37 Design for human health		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology		10	10	0	0.6	1.1	0.0
51. Health professions and related programs	178	60	0	50	3.5	0.0	6.0
60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
61. Medical residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Personal, protective and transportation services		75	45	30	4.4	5.2	3.6
12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services		15	10	15	0.9	1.1	1.8
28. Military science, leadership and operational art		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
29. Military technologies and applied sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
43. Security and protective services		10	10	0	0.6	1.1	0.0
49. Transportation and materials moving		50	35	15	2.9	4.0	1.8
Other	179	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 25 to							
64 years in private households - 25% sample data	172	1195	600	595	100.0	100.0	100.0
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	173	715	385	330	59.8	64.2	55.5
Education		45	10	35	3.8	1.7	5.9
13. Education		45	10	35	3.8	1.7	5.9
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies		10	10	0	0.8	1.7	0.0
10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
50. Visual and performing arts		10	10	0	0.8	1.7	0.0
Humanities		25	10	20	2.1	1.7	3.4
16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
23. English language and literature/letters		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities		20	0	10	1.7	0.0	1.7
30A Interdisciplinary humanities	174	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
38. Philosophy and religious studies		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39. Theology and religious vocations		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
54. History		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
55. French language and literature/lettersCAN		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Social and behavioural sciences and law		65	10	55	5.4	1.7	9.2
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
09. Communication, journalism and related programs		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences		45	0	45	3.8	0.0	7.6
22. Legal professions and studies		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences	175	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
42. Psychology		10	0	10	0.8	0.0	1.7
45. Social sciences		15	10	10	1.3	1.7	1.7
Business, management and public administration		65	10	60	5.4	1.7	10.1
30.16 Accounting and computer science		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
44. Public administration and social service professions		15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.7
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		50	10	45	4.2	1.7	7.6
. C . C AFF							

Physical and life sciences and technologies		10	0	0	0.8	0.0	0.0
26. Biological and biomedical sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30.01 Biological and physical sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences	176	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
40. Physical sciences	170	10	0	0	0.8	0.0	0.0
41. Science technologies/technicians		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mathematics, computer and information sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11. Computer and information sciences and support services		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
25. Library science		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
27. Mathematics and statistics		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences	177	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Architecture, engineering, and related trades	1//	130	120	15	10.9	20.0	2.5
04. Architecture and related services		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14. Engineering		10	10	0	0.0		
				0		1.7	0.0
15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians		25	20 0		2.1	3.3	0.0
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation		0		0	0.0	0.0	0.0
46. Construction trades		60	55	0	5.0	9.2	0.0
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians		20	15	0	1.7	2.5	0.0
48. Precision production		20	20	10	1.7	3.3	1.7
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	.=0	10	0	10	0.8	0.0	1.7
01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields	178	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
03. Natural resources and conservation		10	0	0	0.8	0.0	0.0
Health and related fields		55	10	45	4.6	1.7	7.6
30.37 Design for human health		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology		0	10	0	0.0	1.7	0.0
51. Health professions and related programs	178	50	0	40	4.2	0.0	6.7
60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
61. Medical residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Personal, protective and transportation services		65	35	25	5.4	5.8	4.2
12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services		15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.7
28. Military science, leadership and operational art		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
29. Military technologies and applied sciences		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
43. Security and protective services		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
49. Transportation and materials moving		40	30	15	3.3	5.0	2.5
Other	179	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Location of study Total - Location of study compared with province or territory of residence for the population aged 25 to 6	4						
compared with province or years in private households - 25% sample data	180	1195	600	595	100.0	100.0	100.0
territory of residence No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		715	385	330	59.8	64.2	55.5
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	181	475	215	265	39.7	35.8	44.5
Location of study inside Canada		470	210	260	39.3	35.0	43.7
Same as province or territory of residence		395	180	220	33.1	30.0	37.0
Different than province or territory of residence		75	30	40	6.3	5.0	6.7
Location of study outside Canada	182	15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.7
Americas		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
United States of America		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mexico		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cuba		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haiti		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaica		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Brazil		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Colombia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Peru		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Venezuela	95	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Americas		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Europe		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Belgium		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
France		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Germany		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Netherlands		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Switzerland		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Hungary		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Moldova	183	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Poland		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Romania		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Russian Federation		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Ukraine		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Ireland	96	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
United Kingdom	87	10	0	0	0.8	0.0	
Bosnia and Herzegovina		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Italy		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Serbia	86	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Europe		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Africa		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Nigeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Algeria		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Morocco		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Tunisia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Egypt		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
South Africa, Republic of		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Africa		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Asia		10	0	10	0.8	0.0	
Iran	88	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Iraq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Israel		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Lebanon		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Syria	89	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Turkey		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
China	90	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Taiwan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Hong Kong	91	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Japan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Korea, South	92	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Philippines		10	0	10	0.8	0.0	
Viet Nam		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Bangladesh		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Sri Lanka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
India		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Pakistan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Asia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Oceania		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Australia		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
New Zealand		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
Other locations of study in Oceania		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	
al - Population aged 15 years and over by labour force status - 25% sample data	184	1710	870	840	0.0	0.0	

	In the labour force		935	455	480			
	Employed		755	335	410			
	Unemployed		180	120	70			
	Not in the labour force		775	415	360			
	Participation rate		54.7	52.3	57.1	54.7	52.3	57.1
	Employment rate		44.2	38.5	48.8	44.2	38.5	48.8
	Unemployment rate		19.3	26.4	14.6	19.3	26.4	14.6
Work activity during the	Total - Population aged 15 years and over by work activity during the reference year - 25% sample data	185	1710	870	840	100.0	100.0	100.0
reference year	Did not work	186	635	320	315	37.1	36.8	37.5
	Worked		1075	550	525	62.9	63.2	62.5
	Worked full year full time	187	545	230	320	31.9	26.4	38.1
	Worked part year and/or part time	188	525	320	205	30.7	36.8	24.4
	Average weeks worked in reference year		36.9	33.3	40.7	36.9	33.3	40.7
Class of worker including	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by class of worker including job permanency -							
job permanency	25% sample data	189	935	455	480	100.0	100.0	100.0
job permanency	Class of worker - not applicable	190	30	20	10	3.2	4.4	2.1
	All classes of workers	191	905	435	475	96.8	95.6	99.0
	Employee	191	880	425	460		93.4	95.8
	* *					94.1		
	Permanent position		650	290	355	69.5	63.7	74.0
	Temporary position		240	130	110	25.7	28.6	22.9
	Fixed term (1 year or more)		55	25	25	5.9	5.5	5.2
	Casual, seasonal or short-term position (less than 1 year)		180	105	80	19.3	23.1	16.7
	Self-employed	192	25	10	10	2.7	2.2	2.1
Occupation - Broad	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by occupation - Broad category - National Occupational							
category - National	Classification (NOC) 2021 - 25% sample data	193	935	455	480	100.0	100.0	100.0
Occupational	Occupation - not applicable	190	30	20	10	3.2	4.4	2.1
Classification (NOC) 2021	All occupations	191	905	435	475	96.8	95.6	99.0
	0 Legislative and senior management occupations		25	10	15	2.7	2.2	3.1
	1 Business, finance and administration occupations		80	15	65	8.6	3.3	13.5
	2 Natural and applied sciences and related occupations		25	20	0	2.7	4.4	0.0
	3 Health occupations		30	0	25	3.2	0.0	5.2
	4 Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services		265	65	195	28.3	14.3	40.6
	5 Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport		15	10	10	1.6	2.2	2.1
	6 Sales and service occupations		195	75	120	20.9	16.5	25.0
	7 Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations		155	140	15	16.6	30.8	3.1
	8 Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations		80	70	10	8.6	15.4	2.1
	9 Occupations in manufacturing and utilities		40	35	0	4.3	7.7	0.0
Industry - Sectors - North			40	33	U	4.3	7.7	0.0
•	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by industry - Sectors - North American Industry Classification	104	025	455	400	100.0	100.0	100.0
American Industry	System (NAICS) 2017 - 25% sample data	194	935	455	480	100.0	100.0	100.0
Classification System	Industry - not applicable	190	30	20	10	3.2	4.4	2.1
(NAICS) 2017	All industries	191	905	435	475	96.8	95.6	99.0
	11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting		30	30	10	3.2	6.6	2.1
	21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction		75	65	15	8.0	14.3	3.1
	22 Utilities		15	15	0	1.6	3.3	0.0
	23 Construction		55	50	10	5.9	11.0	2.1
	31-33 Manufacturing		40	30	10	4.3	6.6	2.1
	41 Wholesale trade		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	44-45 Retail trade		60	20	40	6.4	4.4	8.3
	48-49 Transportation and warehousing		30	10	15	3.2	2.2	3.1
	51 Information and cultural industries		10	0	0	1.1	0.0	0.0
	52 Finance and insurance		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	53 Real estate and rental and leasing		0	10	0	0.0	2.2	0.0
			•	••	~	3.0		0.0

54 Professional esigntific and technical corriers		10	10	0	1.1	2.2	0.0
54 Professional, scientific and technical services 55 Management of companies and enterprises		10 0	10 0	0	1.1 0.0	2.2 0.0	0.0 0.0
56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services		30	10	15	3.2	2.2	3.1
61 Educational services		80	30	55	8.6	6.6	11.5
62 Health care and social assistance		150	20	125	16.0	4.4	26.0
71 Arts, entertainment and recreation		10	10	10	1.1	2.2	2.1
72 Accommodation and food services		50	20	35	5.3	4.4	7.3
81 Other services (except public administration)		10	10	10	1.1	2.2	2.1
91 Public administration		250	115	130	26.7	25.3	27.1
All languages used at work Total - All languages used at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked		250	113	130	20.7	23.3	27.1
since January 1, 2020 - 25% sample data	195	1130	570	555	100.0	100.0	100.0
English	1,0	1090	565	525	96.5	99.1	94.6
French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-official language		10	0	10	0.9	0.0	1.8
Indigenous	39	10	0	10	0.9	0.0	1.8
Non-Indigenous		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
English and non-official language(s)		35	0	25	3.1	0.0	4.5
French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Language used most often Total - Language used most often at work for the population aged 15 years and over who worked since January							
at work 1, 2020, in private households, 2021 Census - 25% sample data	196	1130	570	555	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single responses		1120	570	550	99.1	100.0	99.1
Official languages		1105	565	535	97.8	99.1	96.4
English		1105	565	535	97.8	99.1	96.4
French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-official languages		15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.8
Indigenous languages	39	15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.8
Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Blackfoot		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Atikamekw		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cree languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Naskapi		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ojibway, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Northern Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Slavey-Hare languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tsuu Tina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0		0.0	0.0	
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0			
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
			0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tlingit	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Haida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.8	
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Inuktitut	15	0	10	1.3	0.0	1.8	
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Mohawk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Oneida	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Michif	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Salish languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Lillooet	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Squamish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Straits	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Dakota	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Stoney	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
ordan anguages, me	V	3	Ü	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haisla	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Indigenous languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kabyle	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamazight	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Berber languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0				
Chadic languages	0		0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coptic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bilen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oromo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Somali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cushitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Amharic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arabic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assyrian Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chaldean Neo-Aramaic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aramaic, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hebrew	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tigrigna	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Semitic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Khmer (Cambodian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vietnamese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austro-Asiatic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Austronesian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bikol	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bisaya, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cebuano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hiligaynon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ilocano	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indonesian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kankanaey	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malagasy languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malay	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pampangan (Kapampangan, Pampango)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pangasinan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ragaros (rimpino, rimpino)	U	U	U	0.0	0.0	0.0

Austronesian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haitian Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jamaican English Creole	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Morisyen	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Creole languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kannada	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Malayalam	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tamil	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Telugu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dravidian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Georgian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Albanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Armenian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balto-Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baltic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Latvian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lithuanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bulgarian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Czech	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Macedonian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Polish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Russian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bosnian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Croatian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Serbo-Croatian, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovak	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slovene (Slovenian)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ukrainian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Slavic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scottish Gaelic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Celtic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Frisian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
High German languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swiss German	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yiddish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon-Low Franconian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Afrikaans	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dutch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low German, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Low Saxon	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plautdietsch	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
· manager	U	J	U	0.0	0.0	0.0

Vlaams (Flemish)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scandinavian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Danish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Icelandic	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norwegian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Swedish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Germanic languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Greek	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bengali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gujarati	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hindi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kacchi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Marathi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nepali	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjabi (Panjabi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sindhi	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sinhala (Sinhalese)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urdu	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Aryan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kurdish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pashto	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dari	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian Persian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Persian (Farsi), n.o.s.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-Iranian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Catalan	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Portuguese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Romanian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spanish	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Italic (Romance) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Indo-European languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
apanese	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
orean	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mongolian	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
liger-Congo languages	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Akan (Twi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Edo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fulah (Pular, Pulaar, Fulfulde)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ga	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ganda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Igbo	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kinyarwanda (Rwanda)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lingala	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rundi (Kirundi)	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shona	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
** · * · * · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	· ·	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Swahili		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolof		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yoruba		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Niger-Congo languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dinka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nilo-Saharan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
American Sign Language		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Quebec Sign Language		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sign languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hakka		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mandarin		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Min Dong		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Min Nan (Chaochow, Teochow, Fukien, Taiwanese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				0			
Wu (Shanghainese)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yue (Cantonese)		0	0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chinese languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Burmese		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
S'gaw Karen		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Karenic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibetan		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tibeto-Burman languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sino-Tibetan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tai-Kadai languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lao		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Thai		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tai-Kadai languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Azerbaijani		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uyghur		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uzbek		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Turkic languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uralic languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Estonian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Finnish		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hungarian		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Aultiple responses		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
English and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
English, French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0			0.0
		U	U	U	0.0	0.0	0.0
tal - Other language(s) used regularly at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over no worked since January 1, 2020 - 25% sample data	197	1130	570	555	100.0	100.0	100.0

Other language(s) used regularly at work

	None		1105	565	540	97.8	99.1	97.3
	English		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Non-official language		15	0	15	1.3	0.0	2.7
	Indigenous	39	15	0	15	1.3	0.0	2.7
	Non-Indigenous	37	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and French		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	English, French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Place of work status	Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over - 25% sample data	198	750	335	415	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tiace of work status	Worked at home	170	20	0	15	2.7	0.0	3.6
	Worked outside Canada		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	No fixed workplace address		60	40	25	8.0	11.9	6.0
	Usual place of work		670	290	375	89.3	86.6	90.4
Commuting destination	Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work -		070	270	313	07.3	00.0	70.4
Communing destination	25% sample data	199	670	290	375	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence	1//	560	235	325	83.6	81.0	86.7
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division (CD) of residence		30	15	15	4.5	5.2	4.0
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division (CD) within province or territory of		30	15	15	7.5	3.2	-1.0
	residence		80	45	35	11.9	15.5	9.3
	Commute to a different province or territory		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Main mode of commuting	Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of		o o	O	Ü	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wan mode of communing	work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data	200	725	330	395	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Car, truck or van	200	290	130	160	40.0	39.4	40.5
	Car, truck or van - as a driver		260	125	135	35.9	37.9	34.2
	Car, truck or van - as a passenger		30	10	20	4.1	3.0	5.1
	Public transit		10	10	0	1.4	3.0	0.0
	Walked		200	90	110	27.6	27.3	27.8
	Bicycle		0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other method		235	110	125	32.4	33.3	31.6
Commuting duration	Total - Commuting duration for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work or		233	110	123	32.4	33.3	51.0
Communing duration	no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data	201	725	330	395	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Less than 15 minutes	201	625	275	350	86.2	83.3	88.6
	15 to 29 minutes		40	20	20	5.5	6.1	5.1
	30 to 44 minutes		15	0	10	2.1	0.0	2.5
	45 to 59 minutes		15	10	0	2.1	3.0	0.0
	60 minutes and over		35	20	10	4.8	6.1	2.5
Time leaving for work	Total - Time leaving for work for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over with a usual place of work		55	20	10		0.1	2.0
Time reaving for work	or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data	202	725	330	395	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	202	25	25	0	3.4	7.6	0.0
	Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.		40	35	10	5.5	10.6	2.5
	Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.		105	60	45	14.5	18.2	11.4
	Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.		400	150	250	55.2	45.5	63.3
	Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m.		85	30	55	11.7	9.1	13.9
	Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m.		60	35	30	8.3	10.6	7.6
Children eligible for	Total - Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language for the population in private households born in		00	33	50	0.5	10.0	7.0
instruction in the minority	2003 or later							
official language	- 100% data	203	700	330	365	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language	203	25	15	10	3.6	4.5	2.7
	emace engage to manactor in the minority official anguage		23	13	10	5.0	7.5	2.7

	Children not eligible for instruction in the minority official language		680	320	355	97.1	97.0	97.3
Eligibility and instruction	Total - Eligibility and instruction in the minority official language, for the population in private households born							
in the minority official	between 2003 and 2015 (inclusive) - 100% data	204	505	230	275	100.0	100.0	100.0
language for school-aged	Children eligible for instruction in the minority official language		15	10	5	3.0	4.3	1.8
children	Eligible children†who have been instructed in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level							
	in Canada		5	0	0	1.0	0.0	0.0
	Eligible children†who have not been instructed in the minority official language at the primary or secondary							
	level in Canada		15	10	0	3.0	4.3	0.0
	Children not eligible for instruction in the minority official language		485	220	270	96.0	95.7	98.2

## Symbols:

...: not applicable

x: suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

Note

[1] 2021 and 2016 population

Statistics Canada is committed to protect the privacy of all Canadians and the confidentiality of the data they provide to us. As part of this commitment some population counts of geographic areas are adjusted in order to ensure confidentiality.

The adjustment to counts of the total population for any dissemination block is controlled to ensure that the population counts for dissemination areas will always be within 5 of the actual values. The adjustment has no impact on the population counts of census divisions and large census subdivisions.

[2] Total private dwellings

Private dwelling refers to a separate set of living quarters with a private entrance either from outside the building or from a common hall lobby vestibule or stairway inside the building. The entrance to the dwelling must be one that can be used without passing through the living quarters of some other person or group of persons.

[3] Private dwellings occupied by usual residents

A private dwelling occupied by usual residents refers to a private dwelling in which a person or a group of persons is permanently residing.

Also included are private dwellings whose usual residents are temporarily absent on May 11 2021.

- [4] The category 'Movable dwelling' includes mobile homes and other movable dwellings such as houseboats recreational vehicles† and railroad cars.
- [5] A census family is defined as a married couple (with or without children) a common-law couple (with or without children) or a one-parent family. For more information refer to the†Census Dictionary: Census family structure.
- [6] There is no age restriction on children. Includes children living with a grandparent or grandparents without a parent present.
- [7] Includes foster children.
- [8] Multigenerational households represent all households where there is at least one person who is both the grandparent of a person in the household and the parent of another person in the same household. They also represent all households where there is at least one person who is both the child of a person in the household and the grandchild of another person in the same household. In previous censuses multigenerational households were only created based on the former definition not the latter. As a result there may be small differences in counts for 2011 and 2016 in archived tables.
- [9] Excludes multigenerational households.
- [10] Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
- \*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families
- \*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations
- \*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

\*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor

\*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan

\*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan

\*child benefits from federal and provincial programs

\*social assistance benefits

\*workers' compensation benefits

\*Canada workers benefit (CWB)

\*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit

\*other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

Employment income

All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[11] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\* income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Ouébec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- \*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- \*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- \*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- \*child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- \*social assistance benefits
- \*workers' compensation benefits
- \*Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- \*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- \*other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

## Employment income:

All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

- [12] Employment income All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.
- [13] Full-year full-time workers Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.
- [14] Median income The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).
- [15] Average income Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).
- [16] Part year or part time workers Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week) or 48 weeks or less during 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.
- [17] Composition of total income The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[18] Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[19] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[20] Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

\*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor

\*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan

\*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan

\*child benefits from federal and provincial programs

\*social assistance benefits

\*workers' compensation benefits

\*Canada workers benefit (CWB)

\*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit

\*other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[21] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[22] After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[23] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- \*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- \*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- \*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- \*child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- \*social assistance benefits
- \*workers' compensation benefits
- \*Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- \*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- \*other income from government sources.

## Employment income:

All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment sickness maternity paternity adoption compassionate care work sharing retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Ouébec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[24] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- \*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families
- \*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations
- \*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

- \*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds
- \*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)
- \*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

- \*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income
- \*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance
- \*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- \*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- \*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- \*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- \*child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- \*social assistance benefits
- workers' compensation benefits
- \*Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- \*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- \*other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment sickness maternity paternity adoption compassionate care work sharing retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Ouébec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars. Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[25] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables.

Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[26] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of households are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[27] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of households are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[28] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

Economic family structure - The combination of relatives that comprise a family. Classification on this variable considers the presence or absence of: married spouses or common-law partners

[29] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of persons not in families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[30] Calculation includes persons not in economic families without income (with an income of zero).

[31] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

Income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income - The average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

Economic family structure - The combination of relatives that comprise a family. Classification on this variable considers the presence or absence of: married spouses or common-law partners

[32] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period.

Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of persons not in families are calculated for all units whether or not they had income.

[33] Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year.

Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Prior to the 2021 Census the LIM thresholds and the LIM low income statistics were derived and reported for the population residing outside of the territories and off reserve only. It was based on the consideration that the income prices and expenditure patterns could be quite different in the territories and on reserve and thus could make the interpretation of the LIM low-income statistics difficult.

Since the 2016 Census there were research studies that analyzed the feasibility of defining LIM thresholds that include the population living in the territories and on reserve and examined the aspects that should be considered when interpreting low-income statistics based on this definition. With the guidance and support of such research the 2021 Census expanded the coverage of the LIM concept to all regions in Canada making it the only low-income concept that is applicable to the population living in the territories and on reserve.

Low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) - The Low-income measure after tax refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population the line applicable to a household is defined as half the Canadian median of the adjusted household after-tax income multiplied by the square root of household size. The median is determined based on all persons in private households where low-income concepts are applicable. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the unadjusted after-tax income of household pertaining to a person falls below the threshold applicable to the person based on household size the person is considered to be in low income according to LIM-AT. Since the LIM-AT threshold and household income are unique within each household low-income status based on LIM-AT can also be reported for households.

Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT) - The Low-income cut-offs after tax refers to an income threshold defined using 1992 expenditure data below which economic families or persons not in economic families would likely have devoted a larger share of their after-tax income than average to the necessities of food shelter and clothing. More specifically the thresholds represented income levels at which these families or persons were expected to spend 20 percentage points or more of their after-tax income than average on food shelter and clothing. These thresholds have been adjusted to current dollars using the all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI).

The LICO-AT has 35 cut-offs varying by seven family sizes and five different sizes of area of residence to account for economics of scale and potential differences in cost of living in communities of different sizes. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.5 Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT - 1992 base) for economic families and persons not in economic families 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the after-tax income of an economic family member or a person not in an economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the person is considered to be in low income according to LICO-AT. Since the LICO-AT threshold and family income are unique within each economic family low-income status based on LICO-AT can also be reported for economic families.

Prevalence of low income - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.

[34] Economic family after-tax income decile group - The economic family income decile group provides a rough ranking of the economic situation of a person based on his or her relative position in the Canadian distribution of the adjusted after-tax income of economic families for all persons in private households.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population the population in private households is sorted according to its adjusted after-tax family income and then divided into 10 equal groups each containing 10% of the population. The decile cut-points are the levels of adjusted after-tax family income that define the 10 groups.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[35] The Gini coefficient or Gini index is a measure of inequality that indicates how equally income is distributed for a given population. It measures how much an income distribution deviates from perfect equality. Values of the Gini coefficient can range from 0 to 1. A value of 0 indicates that income is equally divided among the population with all units receiving exactly the same amount of income. At the opposite extreme a Gini coefficient of 1 denotes a perfectly unequal distribution where one unit has all of the income in the economy.

For the census Gini coefficients are calculated for three types of adjusted household income total income and after tax income. Adjusted income is computed by dividing the household income by a factor equal to the square root of the household size (known as the equivalence scale). This adjustment for different household sizes takes into account economies of scale. It reflects the fact that the needs of a household increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

The P90/P10 ratio is a measure of inequality. It is the ratio of the 90th and the 10th percentile of the adjusted household after-tax income. The 90th percentile means 90% of the population has income that falls below this threshold. The 10th percentile means 10% of the population has income that falls below this threshold.

[36] Knowledge of official languages†refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[37] First official language spoken†refers to the first official language (English or French) spoken by the person.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[38] Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned more than one language at the same time in early childhood the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has more than one mother tongue only if they learned these languages at the same time and still understands them. For a child who has not yet learned to speak the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. A child who has not yet learned to speak has more than one mother tongue only if these languages are spoken to them equally often so that the child learns these languages at the same time.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[39] Users should be aware that estimates associated with Indigenous languages are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

[40] All languages spoken at home refers to all languages that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection.n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[41] Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as "spoken most often at home" if the languages are spoken equally often.

For a person who lives alone the language spoken most often at home is the language in which they feel most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this is the language spoken most often to the child at home. Where more than one language is spoken to the child the language spoken most often at home is the language spoken most often.

If more than one language is spoken equally often to the child then these languages are included here.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[42] Other language(s) spoken regularly at home†refers to the language(s) if any that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection other than the language(s) they speak most often at home. Comparisons to previous Census data is not recommended for the 'Other languages spoken regularly at home' variable.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[43] Knowledge of official languages†refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

Knowledge of non-official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys depending on the objectives of the survey.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[44] Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

- [45] This category includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- [46] This category includes persons who identify as only one Indigenous group that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- [47] This category includes persons who identify as any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit).

- [48] This category includes persons who do not identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who report having Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- [49] Registered or Treaty Indian status†refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.
- [50] Tenure refers to whether the household owns or rents their private dwelling. The private dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium. A household is considered to own their dwelling if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim on it. A household is considered to rent their dwelling if no member of the household owns the dwelling. A household is considered to rent that dwelling even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative.

For historical and statutory reasons shelter occupancy on Indian reserves or settlements does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore a special category 'dwelling provided by the local government First Nation or Indian band 'has been created for census purposes.

- [51] Condominium status refers to whether the private dwelling is part of a condominium development. A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land and common elements are held in joint ownership with others.
- [52] Bedrooms refers to rooms in a private dwelling that are designed mainly for sleeping purposes even if they are now used for other purposes such as guest rooms and television rooms. Also included are rooms used as bedrooms now even if they were not originally built as bedrooms such as bedrooms in a finished basement. Bedrooms exclude rooms designed for another use during the day such as dining rooms and living rooms even if they may be used for sleeping purposes at night. By definition one-room private dwellings such as bachelor or studio apartments have zero bedrooms.
- [53] Rooms refers to enclosed areas within a private dwelling which are finished and suitable for year round living. The number of rooms in a private dwelling includes kitchens bedrooms and finished rooms in the attic or basement. The number of rooms in a private dwelling excludes bathrooms halls vestibules and rooms used solely for business purposes. Partially divided rooms are considered to be separate rooms if they are considered as such by the respondent (e.g. L-shaped dining-room and living-room arrangements).
- [54] Number of persons per room Refers to an indicator of the level of crowding in a private dwelling. It is calculated by dividing the number of persons in the household by the number of rooms in the dwelling.
- [55] Housing suitability refers to whether a private household is living in suitable accommodations according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS)

Housing suitability' assesses the required number of bedrooms for a household based on the age sex and relationships among household members. An alternative variable 'persons per room' considers all rooms in a private dwelling and the number of household members.

Housing suitability and the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) on which it is based were developed by Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) through consultations with provincial housing agencies.

[56] Period of construction refers to the period in time during which the building or dwelling was originally constructed.

This refers to the period in which the building was completed not the time of any later remodeling additions or conversions.

For properties having multiple residential structures this refers to the period in which the most recent structure was completed.

- [57] Includes data up to May 11 2021.
- [58] Dwelling condition refers to whether the dwelling is in need of repairs. This does not include desirable remodelling or additions.
- [59] Refers to whether or not a person residing in the household is responsible for paying the rent or the mortgage or the taxes or the electricity or other services or utilities. Where a number of people may contribute to the payments more than one person in the household may be identified as a household maintainer. If no person in the household is identified as making such payments the reference person is identified by default.
- [60] Primary household maintainer The first person in the household identified as someone who pays the rent or the mortgage or the taxes or the electricity or other services or utilities for the dwelling. When more than one member of the household contributes to the payments the first person listed is chosen as the primary household maintainer.

If no person in the household is identified as making any such payments the first person listed is selected by default.

The order of the persons in a household is determined by the order in which they are listed on the questionnaire. Generally an adult is listed first followed if applicable by their spouse or common-law partner and then by their children. The order does not necessarily correspond to the proportion of household payments made by each person.

[61] Shelter-cost-to-income ratio - Refers to the proportion of average total income of household which is spent on shelter costs.

Shelter-cost-to-income ratio is calculated for private households who reported a total household income greater than zero.

Private households located on an agricultural operation that is operated by a member of the household and households who reported a zero or negative total household income are excluded.

The relatively high shelter-costs-to-household income ratios for some households may have resulted from the difference in the reference period for shelter costs and household total income data. The reference period for shelter cost data is 2021 while household total income is reported for the year 2020. As well for some households the 2020 household total income may represent income for only part of a year.

For more information on household total income or shelter costs refer to the Census Dictionary: Total income and Shelter cost.

- [62] Acceptable housing refers to whether a household meets each of the three indicator thresholds established by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation for housing adequacy suitability and affordability. Housing indicator thresholds are defined as follows:
- \*Adequate housing is reported by their residents as not requiring any major repairs.
- \*Affordable housing has shelter costs equal to less than 30% of total before-tax household income.
- \*Suitable housing has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of resident households according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) conceived by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and provincial and territorial representatives.

Acceptable housing identifies which thresholds the household falls below if any. Housing that is adequate in condition suitable in size and affordable is considered to be acceptable.

Households below and above the thresholds are based on the indicators for which individual households can be assessed. Farm and on-reserve households whose housing does not meet either or both of the suitability and adequacy thresholds are counted in the total of households below the thresholds. Farm and on-reserve households who live in housing that meets both the suitability and adequacy thresholds are counted in the total of households above the thresholds (even though it is not possible to assess housing affordability for these households). Farm households and on-reserve households cannot be assessed for housing affordability because the concept is not applicable.

Housing affordability is assessed for owner and tenant households with household total income greater than zero in non-farm non-reserve private dwellings.

- [63] Core housing need refers to whether a private household's housing falls below at least one of the indicator thresholds for housing adequacy affordability or suitability and would have to spend 30% or more of its total before-tax income to pay the median rent of alternative local housing that is acceptable (attains all three housing indicator thresholds). Housing indicator thresholds are defined as follows: Adequate housing is reported by their residents as not requiring any major repairs. Affordable housing has shelter costs equal to less than 30% of total before-tax household income. Suitable housing has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of resident households according to the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) conceived by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and provincial and territorial representatives. Only private non-farm non-reserve and owner- or renter-households with incomes greater than zero and shelter-cost-to-income ratios less than 100% are assessed for 'core housing need.' Non-family households with at least one maintainer aged 15 to 29 attending school are considered not to be in 'core housing need' regardless of their housing circumstances. Attending school is considered a transitional phase and low incomes earned by student households are viewed as being a temporary condition.
- [64] Presence of mortgage payments refers to whether an owner household makes regular mortgage or loan payments for their dwelling.
- [65] Shelter cost refers to the average monthly total of all shelter expenses paid by households.

Shelter costs for owner households include where applicable mortgage payments property taxes and condominium fees along with the costs of electricity heat water and other municipal services. For renter households shelter costs include where applicable the rent and the costs of electricity heat water and other municipal services. For households living in a dwelling provided by the local government First Nation or Indian band shelter costs include where applicable the monthly use or occupancy payment and the costs of electricity heat water and other municipal services.

[66] Value (owner estimated) refers to the dollar amount expected by the owner if the asset were to be sold.

In the context of dwelling it refers to the value of the entire dwelling including the value of the land it is on and of any other structure such as a garage which is on the property. If the dwelling is located in a building which contains several dwellings or a combination of residential and business premises all of which the household owns the value is estimated as a portion of the market value that applies only to the dwelling in which the household resides.

- [67] Subsidized housing refers to whether a renter household lives in a dwelling that is subsidized. Subsidized housing includes rent geared to income social housing public housing government-assisted housing non-profit housing rent supplements and housing allowances.
- [68] Indigenous ancestry' refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act 1982 Section 35 (2) as including the Indian Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. The term 'Aboriginal' has been replaced with the updated term of 'Indigenous' when referring to individuals who identify themselves as First Nations people Métis and/or Inuit. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

- [69] Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [70] Single Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [71] Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [72] Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [73] Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [74] Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [75] 'Non-Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Indigenous ancestry only.
- [76] 'Citizenship' refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless that is they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

For more information on citizenship variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [77] 'Canadian citizens' includes persons who are citizens of Canada only and persons who are citizens of Canada and at least one other country.
- [78] 'Not Canadian citizens' includes persons who are not citizens of Canada. They may be citizens of one or more other countries. Persons who are stateless are included in this category.
- [79] 'Immigrant status' refers to whether the person is a non-immigrant an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

Period of immigration' refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [80] 'Non-immigrants' includes persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- [81] Immigrants' includes persons who are or who have ever been landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2021 Census of Population Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.
- [82] Includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.
- [83] 'Non-permanent residents' includes persons from another country with a usual place of residence in Canada and who have a work or study permit or who have claimed refugee status (asylum claimants). Family members living with work or study permit holders are also included unless these family members are already Canadian citizens landed immigrants or permanent residents.
- [84] 'Age at immigration' refers to the age at which an immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

'Immigrants' includes persons who are or who have ever been landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2021 Census of Population 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[85] 'Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2021 Census of Population 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who were admitted to Canada on or prior to May 11 2021.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by immigrants at the Canada level.

Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2021 Census of Population the geographic location refers to a country or area of interest if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on the place of birth variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[86] Serbia excludes Kosovo.

[87] The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland Wales England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).

[88] The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.

[89] The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.

[90] China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.

[91] The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.

[92] The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.

[93] The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere such as 'born at sea.'

[94] 'Recent immigrant' refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1 2016 and May 11 2021.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by recent immigrants at the Canada level.

Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2021 Census of Population the geographic location refers to a country or area of interest if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on the place of birth variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[95] The official name of Venezuela is Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.

[96] Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.

[97] The full name of Sudan is the Republic of the Sudan.

[98] The category 'Other places of birth' includes other places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere such as 'born at sea.'

[99] 'Generation status' refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada.

For more information on generation status variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[100] 'First generation' includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part these are people who are now or once were immigrants to Canada.

[101] Second generation includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part these are the children of immigrants.

[102] 'Third generation or more' includes persons who were born in Canada with all parents born in Canada.

[103] 'Admission category' refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

'Applicant type' refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant the spouse or the dependant on their application for permanent residence.

Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2021 Census of Population data on admission category and applicant type are available for immigrants who were admitted to Canada between January 1 1980 and May 11 2021.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[104] 'Economic immigrants' includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs to own and manage or to build a business to make a substantial investment to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.

[105] Principal applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the principal applicant on their application for permanent residence.

[106] 'Secondary applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the married spouse the common-law or conjugal partner or the dependant of the principal applicant on their application for permanent residence.

[107] 'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse partner parent grand-parent child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.

[108] 'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race religion nationality membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency another designated referral organization or private sponsors.

[109] 'Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.

[110] 'Pre-admission experience' refers to the category under which an immigrant was authorized to enter Canada for temporary residence purposes before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.

In the 2021 Census of Population data on pre-admission experience are available for immigrants who were admitted to Canada between January 1 1980 and May 11 2021.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is or who has ever been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

For more information on immigration variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Place of Birth Generation Status Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [111] This category includes immigrants who had an asylum claim before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. This category includes immigrants who had an asylum claim with a work and/or study permit before admission.
- [112] This category includes immigrants who had a work permit only before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. A work permit is a document issued by Immigration Refugees and Citizenship Canada that authorizes a person to work on a temporary basis in Canada. Work permits set out conditions for the worker such as the type of work and employer location of work and timeline of work.
- [113] This category includes immigrants who had a study permit only before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident. A study permit is a document issued by Immigration Refugees and Citizenship Canada that authorizes a person to study at an educational institution in Canada for the duration of the program of study.
- [114] This category includes immigrants who had both a work and a study permit before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.
- [115] This category includes immigrants who had a permit other than a work permit study permit or asylum claim before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.
- [116] This category includes immigrants who did not have a permit for temporary residence purposes before admission as a landed immigrant or permanent resident.
- [117] 'Visible minority' refers to whether a person is a visible minority or not as defined by the Employment Equity Act. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons" other than Aboriginal peoples who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour." The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups:

South Asian Chinese Black Filipino Arab Latin American Southeast Asian West Asian Korean and Japanese.

In 2021 Census analytical and communications products the term "visible minority" has been replaced by the terms "racialized population" or "racialized groups" reflecting the increased use of these terms in the public sphere.

For more information on visible minority and population group variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Visible Minority and Population Group Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[118] In 2021 Census analytical and communications products the term "visible minority" has been replaced by the terms "racialized population" or "racialized groups" reflecting the increased use of these terms in the public sphere.

[119] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes persons who provided responses that are classified as a visible minority but that cannot be classified with a specific visible minority group. Such responses include for example "Guyanese" "Pacific Islander" "Polynesian" "Tibetan" and "West Indian."

[120] In 2021 Census analytical and communications products this category is referred to as "the rest of the population."

[121] 'Ethnic or cultural origin' refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors.

Ancestors may have Indigenous origins origins that refer to different countries or other origins that may not refer to different countries.

The sum of the ethnic or cultural origins in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic or cultural origin in the census.

The ethnic groups selected are the most frequently reported at the Canada level.

For more information on ethnic or cultural origin variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Ethnic or Cultural Origin Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [122] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating French origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "French").
- [123] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating British Isles origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "British " "United Kingdom").
- [124] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Caucasian (White) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Caucasian").
- [125] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating First Nations (North American Indian) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "First Nations" "North American Indian").
- [126] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "European").
- [127] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "African").
- [128] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Arab origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Arab").
- [129] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Asian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Asian").
- [130] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Cree origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Cree").
- [131] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes responses indicating Christian origins not included elsewhere (e.g., "Christian" "Baptist" "Catholic").
- [132] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American Indigenous origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Aboriginal" "Indigenous").
- [133] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating South Asian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "South Asian").
- [134] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Mi'kmaq origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Mi'kmaq").
- [135] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Northern European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Northern European" "Scandinavian").
- [136] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Latin Central or South American origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "Latin American" "South American").

- [137] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Black origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Black").
- [138] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Inuit origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Inuit").
- [139] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Eastern European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Eastern European").
- [140] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating East or Southeast Asian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "East Asian" "Southeast Asian").
- [141] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating West or Central Asian or Middle Eastern origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Central Asian" "Middle Eastern" "West Asian").
- [142] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Caribbean origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Caribbean").
- [143] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating West Indian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "West Indian").
- [144] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Hispanic origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Hispanic").
- [145] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Western European origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Western European").
- [146] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Czechoslovakian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Czechoslovakian").
- [147] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Yugoslavian origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Yugoslavian").
- [148] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Slavic origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Slavic").
- [149] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Innu origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Innu " "Montagnais").
- [150] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Celtic origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Celtic").
- [151] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "North American").
- [152] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Dene origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Dene").
- [153] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Blackfoot origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Blackfoot").
- [154] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Iroquois" "Haudenosaunee").
- [155] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "North African").
- [156] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Southern or East African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "East African").
- [157] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified.' This category includes responses indicating Anishinaabe origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Anishinaabe").
- [158] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Bantu origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Bantu").
- [159] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Akan origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Akan").
- [160] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Central or West African origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Central African").
- [161] 'Religion' refers to the person's self-identification as having a connection or affiliation with any religious denomination group body or other religiously defined community or system of belief. Religion is not limited to formal membership in a religious organization or group.

This variable shows the aggregated responses to the religion question.

For infants or children religion refers to the specific religious group or denomination in which they are being raised if any.

Persons without a religious connection or affiliation can self-identify as atheist agnostic or humanist or can provide another applicable response.

For more information on religion variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Religion Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [162] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses of "Christian" not otherwise specified (e.g. "Christian" "Christianity").
- [163] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date
- [164] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- [165] For information on data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.
- [166] This includes all persons with a high school diploma or equivalency certificate regardless of whether they also completed a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.
- [167] 'High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational credential. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.
- [168] Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at colleges institutes of technology vocational centres and similar institutions.
- It also includes qualifications from vocational training programs in the province of Quebec such as the DiplÜme d'études professionnelles (DEP)/Diploma of Vocational Studies (DVS).
- [169] 'Apprenticeship certificate' includes Certificates of Apprenticeship Certificates of Qualification and Journeyperson's designations.
- [170] College CEGEP and other non-university certificates and diplomas obtained from programs that are typically completed in less than three months are not included in this category.
- [171] 'Earned doctorate' does not include honorary doctorates.

[172] This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2021 - Alternative primary groupings 'with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies 'these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification see the Classification of Instructional Programs Canada 2021.

For information on classification and data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

[173] 'No postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' is made up of persons who have not completed any credentials above a high school diploma.

[174] Includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies '30.21 Holocaust and related studies '30.22 Classical and ancient studies '30.29 Maritime studies '30.45 History and language/literature '30.47 Linguistics and anthropology '30.51 Integrated philosophy politics and economics '30.52 Digital humanities and textual studies 'and '30.53 Thanatology.'

[175] Includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution '30.11 Gerontology '30.14 Museology/museum studies '30.15 Science technology and society '30.17 Behavioural sciences '30.20 International/globalization studies '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies '30.25 Cognitive science '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis '30.28 Dispute resolution '30.31 Human computer interaction '30.33 Sustainability studies '30.34 Anthrozoology '30.36 Cultural studies and comparative literature '30.40 Economics and foreign language/literature '30.44 Geography and environmental studies 'and '30.46 History and political science.'

[176] Includes '30.10 Biopsychology ' '30.18 Natural sciences ' '30.19 Nutrition sciences ' '30.27 Human biology ' '30.32 Marine sciences ' '30.35 Climate science ' '30.38 Earth systems science ' '30.41 Environmental geosciences ' '30.42 Geoarchaeology ' '30.43 Geobiology ' and '30.50 Mathematics and atmospheric/oceanic science.'

[177] Includes '30.06 Systems science and theory '30.08 Mathematics and computer science '30.30 Computational science '30.39 Economics and computer science '30.48 Linguistics and computer science '30.49 Mathematical economics '30.70 Data science' and '30.71 Data analytics.'

[178] Veterinary medicine veterinary science veterinary science veterinary technology and veterinary administrative support services which were included in series '51. Health professions and related programs' in CIP 2016 are now included in series '01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields' in CIP 2021.

[179] Includes '30.00 Inclusive postsecondary education' and '30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies other.'

[180] For information on classification and data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.

[181] Postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma 'college CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates diplomas and degrees.

[182] The location of study is not compared with the location of residence for persons who studied outside Canada. The locations of study outside Canada that are listed here are those which were the most frequently reported at the Canada level.

[183] The official name of Moldova is Republic of Moldova.

[184] Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday May 2 to Saturday May 8 2021.

For information on the comparability of the 2021 Census labour force status data with those of the Labour Force Survey see Appendix 2.11 of the Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[185] Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2020 at all jobs held even if only for a few hours and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

[186] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021 but not in 2020.

[187] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021 but not in 2020.

[188] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked†full year mostly part time or part year either mostly full time or mostly part time in 2020. Part year is less than 49 weeks and part time is less than 30 hours per week.

[189] Class of worker including job permanency refers to whether a person is a paid employee or is self-employed. Employees' positions are further classified as either permanent or temporary.

[190] Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment or who had last worked prior to January 1 2020.

[191] Includes persons aged 15 years and over in the labour force who have worked at some point in time between January 1 2020 and May 8 2021.

[192] Includes self-employed persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business and with or without paid help as well as unpaid family workers.

[193] Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 Version 1.0.

[194] Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked.

The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.

[195] All languages used at work refers to all languages that the person uses in their job on a regular basis.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[196] Language used most often at work†refers to the language the person uses most often at work.

A person can report more than one language as "used most often at work" if the languages are used equally often.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[197] Other language(s) used regularly at work refers to the languages if any that the person uses in their job on a regular basis other than the language or languages they use most often at work.

Comparisons to previous census data is not recommended for the ëOther languages used regularly at workí variable.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[198] Place of work status refers to whether a person worked at home worked outside Canada had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

[199] Commuting destination refers to whether or not a person commutes to another municipality (i.e. census subdivision) another census division or another province or territory. Commuting refers to the travel of a person to their usual place of work.

[200] Main mode of commuting refers to the main mode of transportation a person uses to travel to their place of work.

The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence but this may not always be the case. Sometimes respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.

[201] Commuting duration refers to the length of time in minutes usually required by a person to travel to their place of work.

[202] Time leaving for work refers to the time of day at which a person usually leaves to go to their place of work.

[203] Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language indicates whether a child is eligible for instruction at the primary and secondary levels in English in Quebec or in French in Canada outside Quebec pursuant to the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms' criteria except citizenship.

In the 2021 Census the child eligible for instruction in the minority official language is younger than 18 years of age on December 31 2020.

More information on the variables related to instruction in the minority official language including definitions concepts and classifications the questions from which they are derived and data quality can be found in the Instruction in the Minority Official Language Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Minority language educational rights: Technical report on changes for the 2021 Census.

[204] Eligibility for instruction in the minority official language indicates whether a child is eligible for instruction at the primary and secondary levels in English in Quebec or in French in Canada outside Quebec pursuant to the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms' criteria except citizenship.

In the 2021 Census the child eligible for instruction in the minority official language is younger than 18 years of age on December 31 2020. However the total population for this profile is school-aged children born between 2003 and 2015 (inclusive) representing children 5 to 17 years of age on December 31 2020.

For residents of Quebec instruction in the minority official language at the primary or secondary level in Canada refers to children who have been instructed for at least one year in an English-language school) at the primary or secondary level in Canada. For residents of Canada outside Quebec it refers to children who have been instructed for at least one year in a regular French program in a French-language school (excluding in a French immersion program in an English-language school) at the primary or secondary level in Canada.

More information on the variables related to instruction in the minority official language including definitions concepts and classifications the questions from which they are derived and data quality can be found in the Instruction in the Minority Official Language Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Minority language educational rights: Technical report on changes for the 2021 Census.

Data quality:

Division No. 11, Census division (CDR)

Total non-response (TNR) rate, short-form census questionnaire: 22.3%

Total non-response (TNR) rate, long-form census questionnaire: 23.8%

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021 Census of Population.

How to cite: Statistics Canada. 2023. Census Profile. 2021 Census.

Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-316-X2021001. Ottawa. Released February 8 2023.

https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/dp-pd/prof/index.cfm?Lang=E