B14002: SEX BY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY LEVEL OF SCHOOL BY TYPE OF SCHOOL FOR THE POPULATION 3 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Population 3 years and over

2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
T-4-1		Margin of Error
Total: Male:	705,353	±1,897
	367,767	±2,789
Enrolled in school:	86,210	±2,811
Enrolled in nursery school, preschool:	4,063	±1,096
Public school	2,243	±893
Private school	1,820	±666
Enrolled in kindergarten:	4,189	±1,024
Public school	3,548	±968
Private school	641	±436
Enrolled in grade 1 to grade 4:	18,943	±2,187
Public school	14,319	±1,943
Private school	4,624	±1,422
Enrolled in grade 5 to grade 8:	22,088	±1,993
Public school	18,613	±1,707
Private school	3,475	±1,352
Enrolled in grade 9 to grade 12:	20,578	±2,109
Public school	17,458	±2,129
Private school	3,120	±1,091
Enrolled in college undergraduate years:	13,179	$\pm 1,760$
Public school	10,377	±1,816
Private school	2,802	±967
Enrolled in graduate or professional school:	3,170	±1,058
Public school	2,232	±817
Private school	938	±639
Not enrolled in school	281,557	±2,938
Female:	337,586	±2,559
Enrolled in school:	88,168	±3,453
Enrolled in nursery school, preschool:	6,012	$\pm 1,414$
Public school	3,148	±947
Private school	2,864	$\pm 1,050$
Enrolled in kindergarten:	4,762	±1,098
Public school	3,712	±1,097
Private school	1,050	±573
Enrolled in grade 1 to grade 4:	20,050	±1,782
Public school	14,929	±1,743
Private school	5,121	±1,283
Enrolled in grade 5 to grade 8:	18,733	±1,909
Public school	15,200	±1,830
Private school	3,533	±1,165
Enrolled in grade 9 to grade 12:	17,063	±1,105
Public school	13,629	±1,610
Private school	3,434	±974
Enrolled in college undergraduate years:	15,331	±974 ±2,123
Public school	12,370	±1,887
Private school	2,961	±961
Enrolled in graduate or professional school:	6,217	±1,230
Public school	4,903	±1,217
Private school	1,314	±580
Not enrolled in school	249,418	±2,885

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area. (X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.