

B14003: SEX BY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY TYPE OF SCHOOL BY AGE FOR THE POPULATION 3 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Population 3 years and over

2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	705,353	±1,897
Male:	367,767	±2,789
Enrolled in public school:	68,790	±3,582
3 and 4 years	2,075	±798
5 to 9 years	16,723	±2,025
10 to 14 years	21,488	±1,952
15 to 17 years	12,713	±1,491
18 and 19 years	4,876	±1,620
20 to 24 years	3,791	±926
25 to 34 years	3,972	±1,061
35 years and over	3,152	±975
Enrolled in private school:	17,420	±2,719
3 and 4 years	993	±512
5 to 9 years	5,916	±1,522
10 to 14 years	4,255	±1,755
15 to 17 years	1,900	±733
18 and 19 years	1,042	±581
20 to 24 years	1,380	±723
25 to 34 years	472	±289
35 years and over	1,462	±739
Not enrolled in school:	281,557	±2,938
3 and 4 years	6,188	±1,218
5 to 9 years	2,988	±1,216
10 to 14 years	1,873	±802
15 to 17 years	517	±368
18 and 19 years	6,833	±1,735
20 to 24 years	21,506	±1,529
25 to 34 years	54,881	±2,185
35 years and over	186,771	±2,047
Female:	337,586	±2,559
Enrolled in public school:	67,891	±4,021
3 and 4 years	2,290	±819
5 to 9 years	18,116	±2,327
10 to 14 years	18,765	±1,911
15 to 17 years	9,727	±1,293
18 and 19 years	3,076	±705
20 to 24 years	4,937	±1,066
25 to 34 years	4,808	±1,153
35 years and over	6,172	±1,388
Enrolled in private school:	20,277	±2,596
3 and 4 years	1,670	±862
5 to 9 years	6,170	±1,338
10 to 14 years	5,022	±1,494
15 to 17 years	2,896	±871
18 and 19 years	824	±495
20 to 24 years	186	±159
25 to 34 years	1,198	±526
35 years and over	2,311	±852
Not enrolled in school:	249,418	±2,885
3 and 4 years	5,662	±1,077
5 to 9 years	2,158	±953
10 to 14 years	1,104	±623
15 to 17 years	872	±512
18 and 19 years	4,987	±958
20 to 24 years	14,055	±1,215
25 to 34 years	47,010	±1,919
35 years and over	173,570	±2,152

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-").

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.