B15002: SEX BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER
Universe: Population 25 years and over
2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	485,779	±2,439
Male:	250,710	±2,155
No schooling completed	3,068	±943
Nursery to 4th grade	863	±596
5th and 6th grade	692	±401
7th and 8th grade	1,896	±676
9th grade	1,371	±490
10th grade	2,637	±793
11th grade	4,600	±1,018
12th grade, no diploma	3,506	±811
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	78,318	±4,239
Some college, less than 1 year	19,193	±2,364
Some college, 1 or more years, no degree	44,089	±3,687
Associate's degree	20,170	±2,304
Bachelor's degree	42,852	±3,346
Master's degree	17,671	±1,998
Professional school degree	6,712	±1,331
Doctorate degree	3,072	±1,153
Female:	235,069	±1,726
No schooling completed	1,606	±608
Nursery to 4th grade	587	±393
5th and 6th grade	436	±254
7th and 8th grade	1,400	±443
9th grade	1,801	±653
10th grade	1,407	±525
11th grade	2,897	±735
12th grade, no diploma	3,723	±1,175
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	57,155	±3,924
Some college, less than 1 year	15,697	±1,745
Some college, 1 or more years, no degree	39,271	±3,428
Associate's degree	20,106	±2,102
Bachelor's degree	58,570	±3,852
Master's degree	21,449	±1,920
Professional school degree	5,732	±1,056
Doctorate degree	3,232	±993

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:
- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.
(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.
median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")
median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").
** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.
*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.
***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.