

S1501: EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Universe: None

2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska											
	Total		Percent		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
AGE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT												
Population 18 to 24 years	67,493	±2,489	(X)	(X)	39,428	±2,053	(X)	(X)	28,065	±1,209	(X)	(X)
Less than high school graduate	8,915	±1,931	13.2%	±2.8	6,171	±1,682	15.7%	±4.1	2,744	±839	9.8%	±2.9
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	33,691	±3,309	49.9%	±4.5	19,837	±2,210	50.3%	±4.9	13,854	±1,632	49.4%	±5.7
Some college or associate's degree	22,510	±2,235	33.4%	±3.2	12,604	±1,522	32.0%	±3.8	9,906	±1,581	35.3%	±5.2
Bachelor's degree or higher	2,377	±707	3.5%	±1.0	816	±380	2.1%	±1.0	1,561	±553	5.6%	±2.0
Population 25 years and over	485,779	±2,439	(X)	(X)	250,710	±2,155	(X)	(X)	235,069	±1,726	(X)	(X)
Less than 9th grade	10,548	±1,929	2.2%	±0.4	6,519	±1,527	2.6%	±0.6	4,029	±879	1.7%	±0.4
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	21,942	±2,119	4.5%	±0.4	12,114	±1,373	4.8%	±0.5	9,828	±1,590	4.2%	±0.7
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	135,473	±6,164	27.9%	±1.3	78,318	±4,239	31.2%	±1.7	57,155	±3,924	24.3%	±1.7
Some college, no degree	118,250	±6,153	24.3%	±1.3	63,282	±4,261	25.2%	±1.7	54,968	±3,354	23.4%	±1.4
Associate's degree	40,276	±3,063	8.3%	±0.6	20,170	±2,304	8.0%	±0.9	20,106	±2,102	8.6%	±0.9
Bachelor's degree	101,422	±5,224	20.9%	±1.1	42,852	±3,346	17.1%	±1.3	58,570	±3,852	24.9%	±1.6
Graduate or professional degree	57,868	±3,800	11.9%	±0.8	27,455	±2,565	11.0%	±1.0	30,413	±2,511	12.9%	±1.1
High school graduate or higher	453,289	±3,305	93.3%	±0.6	232,077	±2,595	92.6%	±0.8	221,212	±2,238	94.1%	±0.8
Bachelor's degree or higher	159,290	±6,063	32.8%	±1.2	70,307	±4,391	28.0%	±1.7	88,983	±3,902	37.9%	±1.6
Population 25 to 34 years	112,341	±3,017	(X)	(X)	59,325	±2,090	(X)	(X)	53,016	±1,701	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	105,320	±2,946	93.8%	±1.2	54,967	±2,043	92.7%	±1.7	50,353	±1,772	95.0%	±1.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	33,270	±2,860	29.6%	±2.3	12,989	±2,086	21.9%	±3.3	20,281	±1,949	38.3%	±3.5
Population 35 to 44 years	102,955	±2,525	(X)	(X)	52,579	±1,581	(X)	(X)	50,376	±1,512	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	97,463	±2,621	94.7%	±1.1	49,162	±1,652	93.5%	±1.6	48,301	±1,536	95.9%	±1.2
Bachelor's degree or higher	35,727	±2,389	34.7%	±2.4	13,312	±1,407	25.3%	±2.7	22,415	±1,884	44.5%	±3.6
Population 45 to 64 years	172,073	±2,430	(X)	(X)	89,130	±1,793	(X)	(X)	82,943	±1,613	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	159,970	±2,666	93.0%	±1.0	81,972	±1,895	92.0%	±1.3	77,998	±1,601	94.0%	±1.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	56,342	±3,599	32.7%	±2.1	27,406	±2,738	30.7%	±3.0	28,936	±1,969	34.9%	±2.4
Population 65 years and over	98,410	±1,439	(X)	(X)	49,676	±972	(X)	(X)	48,734	±1,073	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	90,536	±1,830	92.0%	±1.3	45,976	±1,137	92.6%	±1.8	44,560	±1,290	91.4%	±1.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	33,951	±2,347	34.5%	±2.3	16,600	±1,600	33.4%	±3.0	17,351	±1,592	35.6%	±3.2
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT												
White alone	314,524	±2,273	(X)	(X)	166,046	±1,482	(X)	(X)	148,478	±1,425	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	302,619	±2,445	96.2%	±0.5	158,910	±1,784	95.7%	±0.8	143,709	±1,746	96.8%	±0.8
Bachelor's degree or higher	121,059	±5,074	38.5%	±1.6	56,132	±3,334	33.8%	±2.0	64,927	±3,259	43.7%	±2.2
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	308,121	±2,067	(X)	(X)	163,817	±1,395	(X)	(X)	144,304	±1,097	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	296,692	±2,402	96.3%	±0.5	156,871	±1,757	95.8%	±0.8	139,821	±1,499	96.9%	±0.8
Bachelor's degree or higher	120,167	±5,011	39.0%	±1.6	55,978	±3,337	34.2%	±2.0	64,189	±3,170	44.5%	±2.1
Black alone	14,708	±1,581	(X)	(X)	7,822	±1,194	(X)	(X)	6,886	±1,060	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	14,092	±1,599	95.8%	±2.8	7,504	±1,248	95.9%	±3.8	6,588	±1,043	95.7%	±3.9
Bachelor's degree or higher	4,549	±1,135	30.9%	±6.8	1,845	±829	23.6%	±8.8	2,704	±865	39.3%	±12.5
American Indian or Alaska Native alone	58,526	±2,467	(X)	(X)	29,301	±1,604	(X)	(X)	29,225	±1,647	(X)	(X)

High school graduate or higher	49,941	±2,560	85.3%	±1.8	24,426	±1,673	83.4%	±2.4	25,515	±1,639	87.3%	±2.2
Bachelor's degree or higher	5,138	±1,176	8.8%	±1.9	1,169	±447	4.0%	±1.6	3,969	±1,029	13.6%	±3.3
Asian alone	32,328	±2,074	(X)	(X)	13,602	±1,339	(X)	(X)	18,726	±1,149	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	28,154	±1,962	87.1%	±4.8	12,040	±1,210	88.5%	±7.7	16,114	±1,239	86.1%	±4.1
Bachelor's degree or higher	9,719	±1,845	30.1%	±5.3	3,535	±1,040	26.0%	±7.1	6,184	±1,241	33.0%	±6.6
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	5,537	±917	(X)	(X)	2,353	±713	(X)	(X)	3,184	±533	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	5,101	±895	92.1%	±7.4	2,158	±668	91.7%	±13.1	2,943	±582	92.4%	±8.4
Bachelor's degree or higher	912	±689	16.5%	±11.9	141	±213	6.0%	±9.5	771	±709	24.2%	±21.8
Some other race alone	12,429	±2,095	(X)	(X)	7,162	±1,401	(X)	(X)	5,267	±1,219	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	10,316	±2,013	83.0%	±6.8	5,366	±1,299	74.9%	±10.7	4,950	±1,246	94.0%	±4.9
Bachelor's degree or higher	2,355	±844	18.9%	±6.1	1,070	±510	14.9%	±6.9	1,285	±570	24.4%	±9.6
Two or more races	47,727	±3,993	(X)	(X)	24,424	±2,689	(X)	(X)	23,303	±2,312	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	43,066	±3,478	90.2%	±2.4	21,673	±2,489	88.7%	±3.7	21,393	±2,126	91.8%	±3.0
Bachelor's degree or higher	15,558	±2,477	32.6%	±4.2	6,415	±1,686	26.3%	±5.6	9,143	±1,632	39.2%	±5.8
Hispanic or Latino Origin	28,495	±949	(X)	(X)	14,316	±1,003	(X)	(X)	14,179	±719	(X)	(X)
High school graduate or higher	25,134	±1,117	88.2%	±3.0	12,123	±1,199	84.7%	±5.4	13,011	±813	91.8%	±3.6
Bachelor's degree or higher	6,197	±1,218	21.7%	±4.2	2,679	±1,052	18.7%	±7.0	3,518	±774	24.8%	±5.7

POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT LEVEL

Less than high school graduate	(X)	(X)	22.8%	±3.9	(X)	(X)	21.2%	±4.6	(X)	(X)	24.8%	±5.7
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	(X)	(X)	14.3%	±1.9	(X)	(X)	12.8%	±2.0	(X)	(X)	16.2%	±2.9
Some college or associate's degree	(X)	(X)	8.4%	±1.2	(X)	(X)	7.6%	±1.7	(X)	(X)	9.2%	±1.7
Bachelor's degree or higher	(X)	(X)	4.1%	±1.1	(X)	(X)	3.0%	±1.3	(X)	(X)	4.9%	±1.4

MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2021 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Population 25 years and over with earnings	50,554	±840	(X)	(X)	57,145	±3,167	(X)	(X)	41,715	±1,216	(X)	(X)
Less than high school graduate	31,565	±4,207	(X)	(X)	34,907	±10,431	(X)	(X)	26,669	±8,505	(X)	(X)
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	39,150	±2,210	(X)	(X)	44,846	±4,445	(X)	(X)	30,885	±1,805	(X)	(X)
Some college or associate's degree	44,785	±3,147	(X)	(X)	53,253	±6,308	(X)	(X)	37,697	±2,319	(X)	(X)
Bachelor's degree	60,141	±4,609	(X)	(X)	70,386	±5,809	(X)	(X)	51,908	±3,191	(X)	(X)
Graduate or professional degree	80,892	±4,612	(X)	(X)	91,175	±12,084	(X)	(X)	77,477	±4,523	(X)	(X)

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.