S1811: SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS FOR THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION BY DISABILITY STATUS

Universe: None

2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

		Alaska						
	Total Civilian Non	ivilian Noninstitutionalized		With a Disability		No Disability		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error		
Population Age 16 and Over	541,483	±3,190	85,546	±4,341	455,937	±5,163		
EMPLOYMENT STATUS								
Employed	60.6%	±1.1	32.2%	±2.9	65.9%	±1.2		
Not in Labor Force	34.9%	±1.0	62.2%	±3.1	29.8%	±1.1		
Employed Population Age 16 and Over	327,953	$\pm 6,209$	27,571	$\pm 2,937$	300,382	$\pm 5,925$		
CLASS OF WORKER								
Private for-profit wage and salary workers	58.2%	±1.3	52.5%	±4.9	58.7%	±1.4		
Employee of private company workers	54.9%	±1.2	49.9%	±4.9	55.4%	±1.3		
Self-employed in own incorporated business workers	3.2%	±0.6	2.6%	±1.4	3.3%	±0.6		
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	9.6%	±0.8	12.0%	±2.7	9.4%	±0.8		
Local government workers	9.6%	±0.9	9.0%	±2.8	9.7%	±0.9		
State government workers	9.5%	±0.9	11.7%	±4.3	9.3%	±0.9		
Federal government workers	6.8%	± 0.8	8.5%	±2.5	6.6%	±0.8		
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	6.1%	±0.8	6.1%	±2.2	6.1%	±0.8		
Unpaid family workers	0.3%	±0.1	0.2%	±0.4	0.3%	±0.2		
OCCUPATION								
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	39.9%	±1.5	34.9%	±4.6	40.3%	±1.5		
Service occupations	17.2%	±1.3	12.9%	±3.0	17.6%	±1.4		
Sales and office occupations	18.4%	±1.1	25.0%	±3.8	17.8%	±1.1		
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	10.7%	±0.9	12.1%	±2.8	10.6%	±1.0		
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	13.7%	±1.0	15.1%	±3.5	13.6%	±1.1		
INDUSTRY								
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	4.3%	±0.6	3.7%	±1.9	4.3%	±0.7		
Construction	6.8%	±0.7	7.4%	±2.6	6.7%	±0.8		
Manufacturing	4.9%	±0.7	4.0%	±2.0	5.0%	±0.7		
Wholesale trade	1.2%	±0.3	1.1%	±0.8	1.2%	±0.4		
Retail trade	10.1%	±1.0	13.9%	±4.2	9.8%	±0.9		
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	9.4%	±0.8	9.4%	±3.3	9.4%	±0.9		
Information	1.8%	±0.4	1.7%	±1.2	1.8%	±0.4		
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	3.9%	±0.5	4.6%	±2.1	3.8%	±0.6		
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	9.4%	±0.9	9.2%	±2.4	9.4%	±1.0		
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	23.0%	±1.1	19.4%	±4.8	23.4%	±1.1		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	9.1%	±1.0	7.0%	±2.5	9.3%	±1.0		
Other services (except public administration)	3.9%	±0.6	4.2%	±2.5	3.9%	±0.6		
Public administration	12.2%	±1.0	14.5%	±3.9	12.0%	±1.0		

COMMUTING TO WORK						
Workers Age 16 and Over	319,525	$\pm 6,466$	26,426	$\pm 2,857$	293,099	$\pm 6,226$
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	65.1%	±1.8	64.0%	±4.2	65.2%	±1.9
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	11.1%	±1.4	8.2%	±2.1	11.4%	±1.5
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0.8%	± 0.4	1.2%	±1.2	0.8%	±0.4
Walked	6.8%	±0.8	7.2%	±2.7	6.8%	±0.9
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	5.1%	±0.6	6.5%	±2.4	5.0%	±0.6
Worked from home	11.0%	±1.0	12.8%	±3.4	10.8%	±1.0
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Population Age 25 and Over	464,623	$\pm 3,009$	78,202	$\pm 4,095$	386,421	$\pm 4,741$
Less than high school graduate	6.6%	±0.6	11.1%	±2.0	5.7%	±0.6
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	27.8%	±1.3	31.7%	±3.1	27.0%	±1.3
Some college or associate's degree	32.5%	±1.4	36.4%	±3.3	31.7%	±1.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	33.1%	±1.2	20.9%	±2.6	35.6%	±1.4
EARNINGS IN PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2021 INFLATION ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Population Age 16 and over with earnings	372,292	$\pm 6,545$	34,429	±3,311	337,863	$\pm 6,334$
\$1 to \$4,999 or loss	8.4%	± 0.8	12.7%	±3.1	8.0%	±0.8
\$5,000 to \$14,999	11.6%	± 0.8	17.3%	±3.3	11.0%	±0.8
\$15,000 to \$24,999	9.8%	±0.9	11.1%	±2.8	9.7%	±1.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	11.4%	±1.1	10.7%	±3.3	11.5%	±1.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999	14.0%	±1.0	12.2%	±3.0	14.1%	±1.2
\$50,000 to \$74,999	18.9%	±1.1	18.8%	±3.6	18.9%	±1.3
\$75,000 or more	25.9%	±1.1	17.2%	±3.2	26.8%	±1.3
Median Earnings	41,862	±725	31,825	±4,233	42,365	$\pm 1,579$
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Population Age 16 and over for whom poverty status is determined	540,129	$\pm 3,190$	85,404	±4,314	454,725	±5,135
Below 100 percent of the poverty level	10.2%	± 0.8	18.8%	±2.7	8.6%	±0.8
100 to 149 percent of the poverty level	5.8%	±0.6	10.5%	±1.6	5.0%	±0.6
At or above 150 percent of the poverty level	83.9%	±0.9	70.7%	±3.0	86.4%	±0.9

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the Evaluation Report Covering Disability.

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2017 North American Industry Classification System. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

 $Occupation\ titles\ and\ their\ 4-digit\ codes\ are\ based\ on\ the\ 2018\ Standard\ Occupational\ Classification.$

In 2019, methodological changes were made to the class of worker question. These changes involved modifications to the question wording, the category wording, and the visual format of the categories on the questionnaire. The format for the class of worker categories are now listed under the headings "Private Sector Employee," "Government Employee," and "Self-Employed or Other." Additionally, the category of Active Duty was added as one of the response categories under the "Government Employee" section for the mail questionnaire. For more detailed information about the 2019 changes, see the 2016 American Community Survey Content Test Report for Class of Worker located at http://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2017/acs/2017_Martinez_01.html.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- -: The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
- N: The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.
- (X): The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.
- median -: The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")
- median+: The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").
- **: The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.
- ***: The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- ***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.