

**S1903: MEDIAN INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2021 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)**

Universe: None

2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Number		Percent Distribution		Median income (dollars)	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>						
Households	271,311	±3,313	271,311	±3,313	77,845	±2,148
One race--						
White	186,669	±3,461	68.8%	±1.0	82,051	±3,417
Black or African American	N	N	N	N	61,411	±18,948
American Indian and Alaska Native	27,623	±1,365	10.2%	±0.5	50,892	±4,890
Asian	12,509	±1,431	4.6%	±0.5	80,106	±16,999
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N	N	N	N	66,513	±9,809
Some other race	5,572	±1,239	2.1%	±0.5	64,187	±22,926
Two or more races	27,708	±2,849	10.2%	±1.0	87,839	±7,076
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	15,797	±1,533	5.8%	±0.6	61,216	±9,480
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	181,927	±3,385	67.1%	±1.0	83,864	±3,414
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>						
15 to 24 years	13,392	±1,742	4.9%	±0.6	39,965	±4,846
25 to 44 years	101,782	±3,093	37.5%	±1.0	82,206	±4,747
45 to 64 years	96,671	±2,564	35.6%	±1.0	88,273	±4,895
65 years and over	59,466	±2,241	21.9%	±0.8	63,567	±4,221
<b>FAMILIES</b>						
Families	172,376	±4,293	172,376	±4,293	95,344	±3,852
With own children of householder under 18 years	76,737	±3,788	44.5%	±1.9	94,023	±5,564
With no own children of householder under 18 years	95,639	±3,977	55.5%	±1.9	96,775	±5,034
Married-couple families						
With own children under 18 years	54,040	±3,998	31.4%	±2.1	115,261	±7,127
Female householder, no spouse present	27,515	±2,275	16.0%	±1.3	51,701	±4,768
With own children under 18 years	16,174	±1,961	9.4%	±1.1	43,276	±4,172
Male householder, no spouse present	14,924	±1,965	8.7%	±1.1	66,661	±10,671
With own children under 18 years	6,523	±1,245	3.8%	±0.7	73,505	±18,048
<b>FAMILY INCOME BY FAMILY SIZE</b>						
2-person families	78,245	±3,855	45.4%	±1.9	83,268	±4,806
3-person families	38,064	±3,277	22.1%	±1.7	104,659	±12,579
4-person families	29,692	±2,747	17.2%	±1.6	112,092	±16,451
5-person families	15,542	±1,884	9.0%	±1.0	97,912	±16,242
6-person families	5,147	±1,207	3.0%	±0.7	105,673	±21,182
7-or-more person families	5,686	±1,287	3.3%	±0.8	96,538	±25,255
<b>FAMILY INCOME BY NUMBER OF EARNERS</b>						
No earners	21,171	±2,034	12.3%	±1.2	58,011	±7,732
1 earner	57,646	±3,594	33.4%	±1.8	70,545	±4,153
2 earners	74,232	±3,725	43.1%	±1.8	119,004	±5,071
3 or more earners	19,327	±2,057	11.2%	±1.2	142,279	±12,379
<b>NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDS</b>						
Nonfamily households	98,935	±4,237	98,935	±4,237	48,081	±3,783
Female householder						
Living alone	46,300	±3,175	46.8%	±2.5	43,284	±6,013
Not living alone	37,681	±3,084	38.1%	±2.6	38,236	±3,819
Male householder						
Living alone	8,619	±1,359	8.7%	±1.3	97,423	±10,272
Not living alone	52,635	±3,303	53.2%	±2.5	50,681	±3,240
Living alone	40,000	±2,878	40.4%	±2.4	39,969	±3,525
Not living alone	12,635	±2,020	12.8%	±2.0	85,723	±11,386

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The categories for relationship to householder were revised in 2019. For more information see Revisions to the Relationship to Household item.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.