

**S2403: INDUSTRY BY SEX FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER**

Universe: None

2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska									
	Total		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	327,953	±6,209	173,973	±4,196	53.0%	±0.9	153,980	±4,320	47.0%	±0.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	14,032	±2,131	11,579	±1,903	82.5%	±4.4	2,453	±697	17.5%	±4.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	6,006	±1,268	4,639	±1,020	77.2%	±7.0	1,367	±538	22.8%	±7.0
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	8,026	±1,632	6,940	±1,549	86.5%	±5.5	1,086	±454	13.5%	±5.5
Construction	22,214	±2,367	18,685	±2,020	84.1%	±3.8	3,529	±975	15.9%	±3.8
Manufacturing	16,203	±2,184	11,373	±1,925	70.2%	±6.6	4,830	±1,221	29.8%	±6.6
Wholesale trade	4,026	±1,045	3,043	±904	75.6%	±11.6	983	±531	24.4%	±11.6
Retail trade	33,233	±3,116	19,073	±2,314	57.4%	±4.5	14,160	±2,004	42.6%	±4.5
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	30,863	±2,786	22,649	±2,422	73.4%	±4.3	8,214	±1,531	26.6%	±4.3
Transportation and warehousing	24,159	±2,503	17,415	±2,112	72.1%	±4.9	6,744	±1,411	27.9%	±4.9
Utilities	6,704	±1,573	5,234	±1,465	78.1%	±10.4	1,470	±758	21.9%	±10.4
Information	5,933	±1,410	3,831	±1,190	64.6%	±12.2	2,102	±836	35.4%	±12.2
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	12,670	±1,729	5,739	±1,186	45.3%	±6.7	6,931	±1,230	54.7%	±6.7
Finance and insurance	7,776	±1,354	2,926	±967	37.6%	±8.8	4,850	±889	62.4%	±8.8
Real estate and rental and leasing	4,894	±1,225	2,813	±939	57.5%	±11.9	2,081	±750	42.5%	±11.9
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	30,677	±3,120	17,101	±2,186	55.7%	±4.9	13,576	±2,141	44.3%	±4.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	17,629	±2,818	8,236	±1,806	46.7%	±7.0	9,393	±1,962	53.3%	±7.0
Management of companies and enterprises	536	±349	410	±323	76.5%	±21.8	126	±118	23.5%	±21.8
Administrative and support and waste management services	12,512	±2,142	8,455	±1,784	67.6%	±8.8	4,057	±1,331	32.4%	±8.8
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	75,547	±4,012	20,447	±2,671	27.1%	±2.7	55,100	±2,854	72.9%	±2.7
Educational services	29,836	±3,347	10,728	±1,999	36.0%	±4.2	19,108	±2,100	64.0%	±4.2
Health care and social assistance	45,711	±3,296	9,719	±1,642	21.3%	±3.2	35,992	±2,922	78.7%	±3.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	29,745	±3,382	14,394	±2,210	48.4%	±4.4	15,351	±2,059	51.6%	±4.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	4,585	±1,286	2,843	±1,159	62.0%	±13.8	1,742	±661	38.0%	±13.8
Accommodation and food services	25,160	±2,853	11,551	±1,786	45.9%	±4.7	13,609	±1,931	54.1%	±4.7
Other services, except public administration	12,756	±1,923	4,967	±1,010	38.9%	±6.6	7,789	±1,574	61.1%	±6.6
Public administration	40,054	±3,159	21,092	±2,138	52.7%	±3.7	18,962	±2,186	47.3%	±3.7

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2017 North American Industry Classification System. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.