

S2502: DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS FOR OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Universe: None

2021 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska											
	Occupied housing units		Percent occupied housing units		Owner-occupied housing units		Percent owner-occupied housing units		Renter-occupied housing units		Percent renter-occupied housing units	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Occupied housing units	271,311	±3,313	271,311	±3,313	181,145	±3,790	181,145	±3,790	90,166	±3,901	90,166	±3,901
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER												
One race --												
White	186,669	±3,461	68.8%	±1.0	133,104	±3,178	73.5%	±1.1	53,565	±3,852	59.4%	±2.7
Black or African American	8,247	±1,518	3.0%	±0.6	2,241	±906	1.2%	±0.5	6,006	±1,314	6.7%	±1.4
American Indian and Alaska Native	27,623	±1,365	10.2%	±0.5	17,333	±1,403	9.6%	±0.8	10,290	±1,177	11.4%	±1.3
Asian	12,509	±1,431	4.6%	±0.5	6,995	±1,192	3.9%	±0.7	5,514	±1,268	6.1%	±1.4
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	2,983	±732	1.1%	±0.3	1,110	±784	0.6%	±0.4	1,873	±531	2.1%	±0.6
Some other race	5,572	±1,239	2.1%	±0.5	2,001	±647	1.1%	±0.4	3,571	±1,166	4.0%	±1.3
Two or more races	27,708	±2,849	10.2%	±1.0	18,361	±2,297	10.1%	±1.2	9,347	±1,605	10.4%	±1.8
Hispanic or Latino origin	15,797	±1,533	5.8%	±0.6	7,078	±1,342	3.9%	±0.7	8,719	±1,321	9.7%	±1.5
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	181,927	±3,385	67.1%	±1.0	131,199	±3,189	72.4%	±1.2	50,728	±3,798	56.3%	±2.8
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Under 35 years	62,939	±2,644	23.2%	±0.8	22,332	±2,181	12.3%	±1.1	40,607	±3,173	45.0%	±2.6
35 to 44 years	52,235	±2,334	19.3%	±0.8	36,080	±2,283	19.9%	±1.2	16,155	±1,826	17.9%	±1.9
45 to 54 years	44,129	±2,116	16.3%	±0.8	31,642	±2,091	17.5%	±1.1	12,487	±1,522	13.8%	±1.7
55 to 64 years	52,542	±1,945	19.4%	±0.8	41,840	±2,075	23.1%	±1.1	10,702	±1,282	11.9%	±1.4
65 to 74 years	40,892	±1,830	15.1%	±0.7	34,356	±1,668	19.0%	±0.9	6,536	±1,245	7.2%	±1.3
75 to 84 years	14,853	±1,124	5.5%	±0.4	12,175	±989	6.7%	±0.5	2,678	±734	3.0%	±0.8
85 years and over	3,721	±794	1.4%	±0.3	2,720	±624	1.5%	±0.3	1,001	±450	1.1%	±0.5
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Less than high school graduate	12,373	±1,600	4.6%	±0.6	6,825	±1,065	3.8%	±0.6	5,548	±1,167	6.2%	±1.3
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	66,659	±3,638	24.6%	±1.3	38,914	±2,424	21.5%	±1.3	27,745	±2,800	30.8%	±3.1
Some college or associate's degree	97,214	±4,660	35.8%	±1.6	62,140	±3,787	34.3%	±1.9	35,074	±3,312	38.9%	±2.9
Bachelor's degree or higher	95,065	±4,037	35.0%	±1.4	73,266	±3,506	40.4%	±1.7	21,799	±2,212	24.2%	±2.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
Moved in 2019 or later	81,532	±3,980	30.1%	±1.4	32,406	±2,759	17.9%	±1.4	49,126	±3,180	54.5%	±2.4
Moved in 2015 to 2018	56,909	±3,019	21.0%	±1.1	32,458	±2,238	17.9%	±1.2	24,451	±2,605	27.1%	±2.7
Moved in 2010 to 2014	35,529	±2,806	13.1%	±1.0	27,524	±2,702	15.2%	±1.4	8,005	±1,389	8.9%	±1.5
Moved in 2000 to 2009	49,359	±2,963	18.2%	±1.1	43,062	±2,919	23.8%	±1.4	6,297	±1,186	7.0%	±1.3
Moved in 1990 to 1999	25,483	±2,039	9.4%	±0.8	24,164	±2,054	13.3%	±1.2	1,319	±515	1.5%	±0.6
Moved in 1989 or earlier	22,499	±1,672	8.3%	±0.6	21,531	±1,674	11.9%	±0.9	968	±370	1.1%	±0.4

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 2021 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- : The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N : The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) : The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- : The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-").

median+ : The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** : The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** : The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** : A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.