## Work activity during the reference year by industry sectors, occupation broad categories, income statistics and age: Canada, provinces and territories, census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations with parts [1], Data Tables, 2021

Universe: Population aged 15 years and over in private households, 2021 Census — 25% Sample data

	Northwest Territories									
		Total - Occupation - Broad category - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021 [2, 4]								
		Total - Income statistics [5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10] Total - Age [3]								
		Count								
Work activity during the reference year [11]	Total -	Did not	Worked	Worked	Worked	Worked	Worked	Worked	Worked	
	Work activity during the	work [14]		full time [15]	full year, full time	part year, full time	part time [16]	full year, part time	part year, part time	
	reference	[14]		[15]	iun unie	full tille	[10]	partume	part unie	
	year [13]									
Industry - Sectors - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017 [12]										
Total - Industry - Sectors - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017 [12]	31,915	9,590	22,320	19,040	14,090	4,945	3,285	810	2,480	
Industry - not applicable [18]	7,770	7,770	22,320	19,040	14,090	4,945	5,285 0	0	2,400	
All industries [19]	24,140	1,820	22,320	19,040	14,090	4,945	3,285	810	2,480	
11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	205	25	180	135	60	80	45	0	40	
21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	1,035	80	960	930	510	420	30	15	15	
22 Utilities	320	10	315	300	255	40	15	10	15	
23 Construction	1,570	125	1,440	1,225	800	425	220	50	175	
31-33 Manufacturing	250	20	235	205	135	65	35	15	20	
41 Wholesale trade	295	20	270	250	200	50	25	10	15	
44-45 Retail trade	2,315	250	2,065	1,400	1,020	380	660	170	490	
48-49 Transportation and warehousing	1,450	95	1,360	1,175	830	350	180	35	145	
51 Information and cultural industries	375	15	365	300	265	35	60	10	45	
52 Finance and insurance	295	10	285	250	215	35	30	25	10	
53 Real estate and rental and leasing	325	45	280	245	185	55	35	25	15	
54 Professional, scientific and technical services	1,075	65	1,010	845	580	270	165	55	110	
55 Management of companies and enterprises	10	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	
56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	875	130	745	595	360	230	155	40	115	
61 Educational services	2,010	130	1,880	1,655	1,390	260	230	30	200	
62 Health care and social assistance	2,625	175	2,450	2,115	1,480	640	330	85	250	
71 Arts, entertainment and recreation	470	50	420	290	185	100	135	20	110	
72 Accommodation and food services	1,205	210	995 750	715	415	300	275	40	235	
81 Other services (except public administration)	800	50	750	615	430	180	135	25	110	
91 Public administration	6,630	310	6,320	5,800	4,775	1,020	525	160	365	

Abbreviation notes: List of abbreviations and acronyms found within various Census products. (https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/ref/symb-ab-acr-eng.cfm) Footnotes:

[1] The concept of work activity is derived based on responses to the number of weeks worked during the reference year and during those weeks worked in 2020, if the individual worked mostly full-time or part-time. The work activity concept uses the reference year January to December 2020, as does census income data. As a result, when comparing to income data, there could be workers reporting a certain number of weeks worked in 2020 without any earnings reported for that year. There could also be workers who did not report any work activity (no weeks worked) in 2020 but did have earnings in that year. Although it is possible to have pre-payment or retroactive pay of employment income, it is uncertain if the extent of such arrangements is captured accurately in the long-form questionnaire. Moreover, some self-employed workers receive dividends instead of earnings and proxy reporting as well as respondents' inaccurate recall for the year 2020 could also be contributing factors to explain these inconsistencies.

[2] Occupation (based on the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 Version 1.0)

Occupation refers to the kind of work performed in a job, a job being all the tasks carried out by a particular worker to complete his or her duties. An occupation is a set of jobs that are sufficiently similar in work performed. Kind of work is described in terms of tasks, duties and responsibilities, often including factors such as materials processed or used, the industrial processes used, the equipment used, and the products or services provided. Occupations are generally homogeneous with respect to skill type and skill level. Occupation applies to the contribution of labour to that part of economic activity that is within the production boundary defined for the System of National Accounts.

## [3] Age

'Age' refers to the age of a person (or subject) of interest at last birthday (or relative to a specified, well-defined reference date).

[4] Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 version 1.0.

[5] Total income refers to the sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between: - Statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families

[6] After-tax income refers to total income lass income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

[7] Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census, the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020, unless otherwise specified.

[8] Wages, salaries and commissions - Gross wages and salaries before deductions for such items as income taxes, pension plan contributions and employment insurance premiums during the reference period. While other employee remuneration such as security options benefits, board and lodging and other taxable allowances and benefits are included in this source, employer's contributions to pension plans and employment insurance plans are excluded. Other receipts included in this source are military pay and allowances, tips, commissions and cash bonuses associated with paid employment, benefits from wage-loss replacement plans or income-maintenance insurance plans, supplementary unemployment benefits from an employer or union, research grants, royalties from a work or invention with no associated expenses and all types of casual earnings during the reference period.

[9] Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[10] Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[11] Work activity during the reference year

'Work activity during the reference year' refers to whether or not a person 15 years or over worked during the reference year. For those who did work, this refers to the number of weeks in which the person worked for pay or in selfemployment during the reference year at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

[12] Industry (based on the North American Industry Classification System [NAICS] Canada 2017 Version 3.0)

Industry refers to a generally homogeneous group of economic producing units, primarily engaged in a specific set of activities. An activity is a particular method of combining goods and services inputs, labour and capital to produce one or more goods and/or services (products). In most cases, the activities that define an industry are homogeneous with respect to the production processes used.

[13] Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2020 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

[14] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked, persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021, but not in 2020.

[15] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week). Full year is 49 weeks and more. Part year is less than 49 weeks.

[16] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week). Full year is 49 weeks and more. Part year is less than 49 weeks.

[17] Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.

[18] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked for pay or in self-employment, or last worked for pay or in self-employment prior to 2020.

[19] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who have worked at some point in time between January 2020 and May 2021.

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