B17001C: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY SEX BY AGE (AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE) Universe: American Indian and Alaska Native alone population for whom poverty status is determined

2022 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	92,120	±4,183
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:	20,251	±2,342
Male:	10,180	±1,255
Under 5 years	1,100	±404
5 years	92	±54
6 to 11 years	1,383	±462
12 to 14 years	456	±172
15 years	219	±154
16 and 17 years	437	±221
18 to 24 years	1,532	±577
25 to 34 years	1,053	±402
35 to 44 years	1,181	±362
45 to 54 years	759	±226
55 to 64 years	1,226	±358
65 to 74 years	643	±287
75 years and over	99	±64
Female:	10,071	±1,423
Under 5 years	1,076	±437
5 years	191	±90
6 to 11 years	1,289	±341
12 to 14 years	481	±220
15 years	235	±173
16 and 17 years	145	±83
18 to 24 years	915	±294
25 to 34 years	1,699	±544
35 to 44 years	1,178	±514
45 to 54 years	518	±255
55 to 64 years	1,491	±399
65 to 74 years	700	±265
75 years and over	153	±106
Income in the past 12 months at or above poverty level:	71,869	±3,963
Male:	35,553	±2,048
Under 5 years	2,335	±423
5 years	779	±286
6 to 11 years	3,535	±571
12 to 14 years	2,720	±524
15 years	511	±237
16 and 17 years	955	±364
18 to 24 years	3,611	±627
25 to 34 years	5,467	±757
35 to 44 years	4,309	±714
45 to 54 years	2,755	±499
55 to 64 years	4,984	±792
65 to 74 years	2,502	±370
75 years and over	1,090	±219
Female:	36,316	±2,638
Under 5 years	2,349	±443
5 years	439	±242
6 to 11 years	3,949	±804
12 to 14 years	2,078	±533
15 years	757	±271
16 and 17 years	1,565	±476
18 to 24 years	3,836	±801
25 to 34 years	5,836	±1,034
35 to 44 years	3,392	±960
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45 to 54 years	3,976	±823
55 to 64 years	3,858	±549
65 to 74 years	2,778	±470
75 years and over	1,503	±365

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Hispanic origin and race codes were updated in 2020. For more information on the Hispanic origin and race code changes, please visit the American Community Survey Technical Documentation website.

The 2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

 $median-The\ median\ falls\ in\ the\ lowest\ interval\ of\ an\ open-ended\ distribution\ (for\ example\ "2,500-")$

 $median + The \ median \ falls \ in \ the \ highest \ interval \ of \ an \ open-ended \ distribution \ (for \ example \ "250,000+").$

- ** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.
- *** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- ***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.