B24010C: SEX BY OCCUPATION FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER (AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE ALONE)

Universe: Civilian employed American Indian and Alaska Native alone population 16 years and over 2022 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Detailed Tables

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	33,406	±2,159
Male:	16,472	±1,330
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	2,876	±647
Management, business, and financial occupations:	1,437	±53/
Management occupations	839	±228
Business and financial operations occupations	598 250	±444
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	359	±180
Computer and maintenancial occupations	38 221	±37
Life physical and social science occupations	221	±109
Education lead computity equical state and media occupations:	100	±00 +410
Education, regar, community service, arts, and metal occupations.	250	±410 ±150
	230	±139 +170
Educational instruction and library occupations	566	+267
Arts design entertainment sports and media occupations	213	+256
Heilthcare practitioners and technical occurations:	51	+50
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	6	+11
Health technologists and technicians	45	±47
Service occupations:	3,960	±811
Healthcar support occupations	302	±207
Protective service occupations:	768	±424
Firefighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	446	±312
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	322	±300
Food preparation and serving related occupations	776	±322
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,987	±717
Personal care and service occupations	127	±162
Sales and office occupations:	1,876	±538
Sales and related occupations	1,146	±438
Office and administrative support occupations	730	±276
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	3,656	±826
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	254	±160
Construction and extraction occupations	2,116	±605
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	1,286	±446
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	4,104	±731
Production occupations	1,110	±327
Transportation occupations	1,756	±504
Material moving occupations	1,238	±401
Female:	16,934	±1,602
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	6,061	±1,002
Management, business, and financial occupations:	2,635	±598
Management occupations	1,922	±483
Business and financial operations occupations	/13	±355
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	99	±/2
Arritecture and antinering comparisons	28	±43
Life physical and social science occupations	0	±170 +57
Eduction lead community equica este and media occupations:	2 203	+166
Education, regar, community service, and metha occupations.	2,295	+198
	478	+80
Educational instruction and library occupations	1 700	+399
Arts design entertainment sports and media occupations	36	+34
Heilthcare practitioners and technical occurations:	1.034	+656
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	526	+429
Health technologists and technicians	508	+471
Service occupations:	4,019	±946
Healthcare support occupations	1,465	±669
Protective service occupations:	77	±67
Firefighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	27	±35
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	50	±46
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,121	±552
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	859	±410
Personal care and service occupations	497	±189
Sales and office occupations:	5,785	±1,088

Sales and related occupations	1,218	±430
Office and administrative support occupations	4,567	±1,030
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	294	±318
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	11	±17
Construction and extraction occupations	199	±294
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	84	±101
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	775	±347
Production occupations	148	±85
Transportation occupations	262	±262
Material moving occupations	365	±191

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Occupation titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2018 Standard Occupational Classification.

The Hispanic origin and race codes were updated in 2020. For more information on the Hispanic origin and race code changes, please visit the American Community Survey Technical Documentation website.

The 2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself. N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.