## S1702: POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF FAMILIES

## Universe: None

2022 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska											
	All families				Married-couple families				Female householder, no spouse present			
	Total		Percent below poverty level		Total		Percent below poverty level		Total		Percent below poverty level	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Families	175,789	±4,082	7.3%	±1.0	129,511	±4,096	3.9%	±0.7	28,838	±2,564	19.3%	±4.8
With related children of householder under 18 years	83,587	±3,319	11.0%	±1.9	54,406	±2,992	5.1%	±1.2	18,799	±2,172	26.4%	±6.7
With related children of householder under 5 years	15,519	±2,062	15.2%	±5.7	10,682	±1,677	5.2%	±3.1	3,381	±950	42.4%	±14.0
With related children of householder under 5 years and 5 to 17 years	15,839	±1,453	21.4%	±4.9	11,051	±1,281	11.5%	±4.3	3,205	±860	48.7%	±14.7
With related children of householder 5 to 17 years	52,229	±3,124	6.5%	±1.8	32,673	±2,436	3.0%	±1.1	12,213	±1,747	16.1%	±7.7
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN												
Families with a householder who is												
White alone	116,372	±3,253	4.6%	±0.8	93,717	±3,221	3.1%	±0.7	13,903	±2,108	13.5%	±4.5
Black or African American alone	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	20,605	±1,395	17.5%	±3.3	9,457	±1,146	8.7%	±2.8	7,233	±904	23.5%	±7.4
Asian alone	10,574	$\pm 1,188$	8.2%	±4.2	7,271	±1,047	7.4%	±4.7	1,397	±555	16.2%	±15.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν
Some other race alone	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν
Two or more races	17,507	±2,112	5.2%	±2.3	12,354	±2,004	3.8%	±2.5	3,338	±962	10.5%	±7.3
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	9,871	±1,290	7.6%	±4.5	6,755	±1,059	5.6%	±3.5	2,054	±837	18.4%	±17.3
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	112,946	±3,149	4.7%	±0.8	91,232	±3,210	3.1%	±0.7	13,505	±2,089	13.8%	±4.6
Householder worked	130,997	±4,033	4.8%	±1.0	94,976	±4,216	2.2%	±0.7	22,568	±2,374	14.7%	±5.3
Householder worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	89,628	±4,192	2.0%	±0.8	66,520	±3,836	1.2%	±0.6	13,510	±1,972	4.7%	±3.8
Householder 65 years and over	35,776	±2,152	5.5%	±1.7	28,603	±1,857	4.3%	±1.9	4,995	±952	6.3%	±3.8
Family received												
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and/or cash public assistance												
income in the past 12 months	12,700	±1,721	16.0%	±5.6	7,001	±1,364	10.3%	±6.0	3,954	±989	28.9%	±11.5
Social security income in the past 12 months	43,007	$\pm 2,482$	5.7%	$\pm 1.8$	33,864	±2,125	4.3%	$\pm 2.0$	5,740	$\pm 1,075$	11.6%	±6.1
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Less than high school graduate	9,374	±1,445	21.2%	±6.5	5,742	$\pm 1,065$	10.3%	±6.1	1,939	±584	41.5%	±14.6
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	43,650	±3,247	12.0%	±2.8	26,820	±2,728	6.0%	$\pm 2.1$	9,390	±1,521	28.2%	±9.7
Some college, associate's degree	64,740	±3,983	6.8%	±1.5	47,689	±3,387	4.4%	$\pm 1.4$	11,114	$\pm 1,601$	16.7%	±6.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	58,025	$\pm 3,350$	2.0%	±0.8	49,260	±3,141	1.5%	±0.7	6,395	±1,491	4.1%	±2.7
NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN OF THE HOUSEHOLDER												
UNDER 18 YEARS												
No child	92,202	±4,241	3.9%	±0.9	75,105	±3,549	3.0%	±0.9	10,039	±1,719	6.1%	±3.2
1 or 2 children	63,299	±3,263	8.4%	±2.0	40,455	±2,672	3.0%	±1.2	14,707	$\pm 1,884$	20.8%	±6.0
3 or 4 children	16,887	$\pm 1,984$	18.1%	±4.7	11,561	±1,479	11.7%	$\pm 4.4$	3,292	±1,107	42.8%	$\pm 18.6$
5 or more children	3,401	±966	22.9%	±11.2	2,390	±735	9.2%	$\pm 6.8$	800	±571	61.3%	±34.5

## NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN OF THE HOUSEHOLDER UNDER

18 VEARS

No own child of the householder	99,660	$\pm 4,478$	4.2%	±0.8	78,890	$\pm 3,638$	3.0%	±0.9	12,647	±1,892	6.6%	±2.6
1 or 2 own children of the householder	57,983	$\pm 3,160$	8.6%	±2.2	37,962	$\pm 2,511$	3.0%	±1.3	12,421	±1,919	23.5%	±7.1
3 or 4 own children of the householder	15,262	±1,864	18.8%	±4.9	10,605	±1,323	12.3%	±4.7	3,052	±1,109	44.8%	±19.9
5 or more own children of the householder	2,884	±932	25.0%	±13.3	2,054	±711	10.4%	$\pm 8.0$	718	±573	64.2%	$\pm 38.0$
NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN FAMILY												
2 people	83,077	±3,927	4.8%	±1.4	60,908	$\pm 3,420$	2.5%	±0.9	14,486	±1,918	12.0%	±6.0
3 or 4 people	66,331	±3,676	8.5%	±2.0	47,792	$\pm 3,074$	3.5%	$\pm 1.4$	11,081	±1,359	25.8%	±7.4
5 or 6 people	20,450	±2,138	11.0%	±3.1	16,362	$\pm 1,884$	8.7%	±3.1	2,253	±775	26.8%	±13.9
7 or more people	5,931	±1,134	14.8%	±7.5	4,449	±945	8.8%	$\pm 5.1$	1,018	±545	37.1%	±32.5
NUMBER OF WORKERS IN FAMILY												
No workers	23,917	$\pm 2,062$	20.0%	±3.8	18,117	±1,641	11.5%	±3.4	3,626	±976	49.5%	$\pm 15.0$
1 worker	54,920	±2,776	11.1%	±2.7	31,234	$\pm 2,648$	5.5%	±2.0	15,296	±1,932	21.5%	±7.3
2 workers	75,405	±3,623	2.2%	±0.8	62,679	$\pm 3,640$	1.7%	±0.7	8,255	±1,630	5.3%	±4.5
3 or more workers	21,547	$\pm 1,971$	1.4%	±0.9	17,481	±1,949	1.0%	±0.9	1,661	±576	3.7%	±3.2
INCOME DEFICIT												
Mean income deficit for families (dollars)	13,725	±926	(X)	(X)	13,052	$\pm 1,405$	(X)	(X)	14,483	$\pm 1,809$	(X)	(X)
TENURE												
Owner occupied	129,507	$\pm 4,408$	4.3%	±0.7	101,856	$\pm 3,550$	2.8%	±0.6	15,142	$\pm 1,900$	10.8%	±3.2
Renter Occupied	46,282	±3,163	15.5%	±3.3	27,655	$\pm 2,878$	7.8%	±2.5	13,696	$\pm 2,082$	28.7%	±8.7
ALL FAMILIES WITH INCOME BELOW THE FOLLOWING												
POVERTY RATIOS												
50 percent of poverty level	6,131	±1,364	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
125 percent of poverty level	17,939	$\pm 2,010$	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
150 percent of poverty level	22,503	±2,037	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
185 percent of poverty level	30,304	±2,521	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
200 percent of poverty level	32,621	±2,663	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
300 percent of poverty level	58,978	±3,287	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
400 percent of poverty level	79,632	$\pm 3,360$	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
500 percent of poverty level	102,090	±4,420	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Dollar amounts are adjusted to respective calendar years. For more information, see: Change to Income Deficit. The categories for relationship to householder were revised in 2019. For more information see Revisions to the Relationship to Household item. The 2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.