

S2301: EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Universe: None

2022 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Total		Alaska					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Labor Force Participation Rate		Employment/Population Ratio		Unemployment rate	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population 16 years and over	575,934	±1,907	67.0%	±1.0	59.9%	±1.2	4.6%	±0.5
AGE								
16 to 19 years	34,457	±2,438	46.3%	±4.6	38.7%	±4.7	12.4%	±4.0
20 to 24 years	52,259	±1,701	82.3%	±3.1	60.6%	±3.8	9.0%	±2.5
25 to 29 years	54,076	±2,212	82.8%	±2.6	67.3%	±3.8	4.1%	±1.5
30 to 34 years	59,824	±2,262	82.8%	±2.5	73.7%	±3.2	4.1%	±1.3
35 to 44 years	104,911	±2,321	83.0%	±2.2	75.4%	±2.3	4.6%	±1.3
45 to 54 years	81,813	±2,107	84.4%	±1.6	81.1%	±1.8	2.6%	±0.8
55 to 59 years	43,503	±2,650	74.9%	±3.3	73.3%	±3.4	2.1%	±0.8
60 to 64 years	43,617	±2,428	55.4%	±3.7	53.3%	±3.8	3.6%	±1.9
65 to 74 years	68,896	±1,490	25.4%	±2.8	24.4%	±2.7	4.0%	±1.8
75 years and over	32,578	±1,048	7.7%	±2.4	7.1%	±2.5	7.3%	±6.7
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN								
White alone	361,509	±2,997	66.6%	±1.4	60.1%	±1.5	3.1%	±0.4
Black or African American alone	17,901	±2,392	70.7%	±5.3	51.5%	±7.8	9.2%	±9.2
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	68,190	±2,880	56.1%	±2.3	49.0%	±2.2	12.3%	±2.1
Asian alone	38,189	±2,112	74.6%	±3.1	70.9%	±3.4	2.6%	±1.3
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Some other race alone	11,122	±2,159	82.5%	±4.1	75.6%	±5.9	3.5%	±2.8
Two or more races	69,118	±4,717	71.2%	±2.9	62.7%	±3.2	4.7%	±1.4
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	40,026	±423	78.2%	±3.2	66.2%	±4.0	3.0%	±1.4
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	349,992	±2,400	66.1%	±1.4	59.9%	±1.5	3.2%	±0.4
Population 20 to 64 years	440,003	±2,183	79.6%	±1.0	71.1%	±1.2	4.2%	±0.6
SEX								
Male	237,060	±1,762	84.2%	±1.2	72.2%	±1.5	4.6%	±0.7
Female	202,943	±1,419	74.2%	±1.6	69.8%	±1.7	3.7%	±0.8
With own children under 18 years	69,519	±3,019	73.1%	±2.5	69.1%	±2.7	4.0%	±1.5
With own children under 6 years only	15,725	±2,016	66.1%	±5.4	61.4%	±5.5	3.4%	±2.8
With own children under 6 years and 6 to 17 years	15,283	±1,731	64.2%	±5.0	58.3%	±5.4	7.4%	±4.2
With own children 6 to 17 years only	38,511	±2,337	79.4%	±3.0	76.5%	±3.2	3.2%	±2.2
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS								
Below poverty level	42,329	±3,547	45.3%	±4.3	34.3%	±4.2	22.1%	±6.2
At or above the poverty level	386,299	±3,646	84.3%	±1.1	77.1%	±1.2	3.1%	±0.5
DISABILITY STATUS								
With any disability	51,397	±3,501	56.0%	±3.9	49.0%	±3.7	7.6%	±2.8
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Population 25 to 64 years	387,744	±2,279	79.2%	±1.1	72.5%	±1.2	3.6%	±0.6
Less than high school graduate	25,326	±2,908	56.9%	±6.0	53.2%	±5.9	6.4%	±2.7
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	115,139	±5,800	73.5%	±2.3	68.1%	±2.6	5.7%	±1.4
Some college or associate's degree	128,167	±5,378	81.2%	±1.6	71.8%	±2.3	3.9%	±1.0
Bachelor's degree or higher	119,112	±5,780	87.4%	±1.7	81.6%	±1.8	1.3%	±0.6

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

The "Employed" and "Unemployment rate" columns refer to the civilian population. For more information, see the ACS Subject Definitions.

The 2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.