

S2403: INDUSTRY BY SEX FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: None

2022 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska									
	Total		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	345,201	±6,741	187,542	±3,914	54.3%	±0.8	157,659	±4,506	45.7%	±0.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	16,250	±2,058	13,245	±1,873	81.5%	±5.7	3,005	±1,020	18.5%	±5.7
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	5,529	±1,079	4,130	±703	74.7%	±10.3	1,399	±738	25.3%	±10.3
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	10,721	±2,021	9,115	±1,811	85.0%	±6.1	1,606	±745	15.0%	±6.1
Construction	25,127	±2,740	20,708	±2,378	82.4%	±3.6	4,419	±1,033	17.6%	±3.6
Manufacturing	15,265	±2,165	11,851	±1,921	77.6%	±7.5	3,414	±1,271	22.4%	±7.5
Wholesale trade	4,757	±1,141	3,714	±1,034	78.1%	±8.4	1,043	±444	21.9%	±8.4
Retail trade	36,390	±3,353	18,547	±2,198	51.0%	±4.3	17,843	±2,380	49.0%	±4.3
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	29,892	±3,171	21,220	±2,373	71.0%	±4.1	8,672	±1,645	29.0%	±4.1
Transportation and warehousing	26,619	±2,875	18,792	±2,151	70.6%	±4.6	7,827	±1,627	29.4%	±4.6
Utilities	3,273	±844	2,428	±846	74.2%	±14.3	845	±454	25.8%	±14.3
Information	6,016	±1,288	3,611	±822	60.0%	±8.2	2,405	±783	40.0%	±8.2
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	14,570	±2,252	6,707	±1,411	46.0%	±7.2	7,863	±1,653	54.0%	±7.2
Finance and insurance	8,107	±1,399	3,349	±920	41.3%	±9.3	4,758	±1,136	58.7%	±9.3
Real estate and rental and leasing	6,463	±1,659	3,358	±1,100	52.0%	±11.0	3,105	±1,068	48.0%	±11.0
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	29,652	±3,044	18,409	±2,639	62.1%	±5.0	11,243	±1,659	37.9%	±5.0
Professional, scientific, and technical services	17,957	±2,435	10,611	±2,032	59.1%	±6.8	7,346	±1,436	40.9%	±6.8
Management of companies and enterprises	854	±350	377	±197	44.1%	±19.4	477	±277	55.9%	±19.4
Administrative and support and waste management services	10,841	±1,986	7,421	±1,635	68.5%	±7.4	3,420	±989	31.5%	±7.4
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	84,691	±4,849	24,457	±2,480	28.9%	±2.3	60,234	±3,853	71.1%	±2.3
Educational services	30,928	±2,837	10,174	±1,739	32.9%	±4.0	20,754	±1,964	67.1%	±4.0
Health care and social assistance	53,763	±3,885	14,283	±1,812	26.6%	±2.9	39,480	±3,288	73.4%	±2.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	27,855	±2,882	15,134	±2,077	54.3%	±4.5	12,721	±1,723	45.7%	±4.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6,152	±1,323	3,652	±1,024	59.4%	±8.5	2,500	±656	40.6%	±8.5
Accommodation and food services	21,703	±2,651	11,482	±1,932	52.9%	±5.6	10,221	±1,654	47.1%	±5.6
Other services, except public administration	15,758	±2,724	7,397	±1,581	46.9%	±6.6	8,361	±1,861	53.1%	±6.6
Public administration	38,978	±3,156	22,542	±2,133	57.8%	±2.9	16,436	±1,760	42.2%	±2.9

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2017 North American Industry Classification System. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

The 2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

** The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

*** The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

***** A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.