

**S2411: OCCUPATION BY SEX AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2022 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER**

Universe: None

2022 American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates Subject Tables

	Alaska							
	Median earnings (dollars)		Median earnings (dollars) for male		Median earnings (dollars) for female		Women's earnings as a percentage of men's earning	
	Estimate	Margin of	Estimate	Margin of	Estimate	Margin of	Estimate	Margin of
Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings	51,079	±1,353	58,412	±3,330	44,607	±1,919	76.4%	±5.5
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	71,541	±2,529	79,755	±2,702	62,795	±2,352	78.7%	±3.8
Management, business, and financial occupations:	76,696	±4,472	83,980	±9,068	67,529	±6,773	80.4%	±10.8
Management occupations	81,085	±5,500	88,962	±20,705	75,054	±11,559	84.4%	±21.1
Business and financial operations occupations	70,016	±8,053	80,471	±4,988	62,721	±3,020	77.9%	±6.0
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	77,898	±7,250	87,931	±12,974	63,460	±14,533	72.2%	±21.4
Computer and mathematical occupations	75,356	±12,044	101,250	±48,412	71,122	±34,876	70.2%	±50.6
Architecture and engineering occupations	104,386	±12,190	105,075	±8,544	72,160	±76,716	68.7%	±74.3
Life, physical, and social science occupations	64,683	±8,462	69,907	±12,771	61,831	±6,816	88.4%	±20.7
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	53,410	±2,554	65,246	±7,647	50,338	±4,438	77.2%	±11.4
Community and social service occupations	52,866	±3,283	55,788	±8,067	52,040	±3,334	93.3%	±14.5
Legal occupations	93,695	±8,059	92,918	±10,422	98,594	±15,539	106.1%	±18.3
Educational instruction, and library occupations	51,018	±5,208	58,207	±18,488	50,336	±7,896	86.5%	±30.2
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	45,955	±6,689	68,782	±15,382	25,119	±16,361	36.5%	±25.7
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	83,739	±3,691	100,249	±26,517	82,854	±5,437	82.6%	±24.3
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	92,915	±10,358	121,315	±19,082	86,954	±7,355	71.7%	±11.9
Health technologists and technicians	57,019	±10,679	64,100	±20,162	55,063	±6,796	85.9%	±28.2
Service occupations:	32,967	±2,734	40,445	±3,277	27,782	±3,013	68.7%	±10.1
Healthcare support occupations	37,127	±2,690	41,686	±4,436	35,954	±2,820	86.2%	±12.7
Protective service occupations:	65,595	±8,959	64,973	±9,670	67,778	±31,713	104.3%	±51.0
Firefighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	59,459	±5,974	59,510	±5,024	58,155	±44,860	97.7%	±76.1
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	94,407	±24,529	93,471	±24,851	132,780	±68,694	142.1%	±79.4
Food preparation and serving related occupations	22,598	±3,800	22,682	±9,588	22,565	±4,845	99.5%	±37.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	30,680	±3,668	31,636	±4,322	25,011	±12,389	79.1%	±40.4
Personal care and service occupations	31,428	±4,182	46,917	±33,366	24,454	±4,620	52.1%	±25.9
Sales and office occupations:	38,451	±3,395	46,383	±6,436	34,564	±2,884	74.5%	±11.4
Sales and related occupations	32,205	±5,055	42,414	±3,753	24,127	±4,000	56.9%	±10.4
Office and administrative support occupations	41,529	±2,577	51,286	±1,741	38,869	±4,144	75.8%	±8.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	66,969	±9,376	69,534	±8,830	41,141	±11,540	59.2%	±17.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	53,915	±9,354	56,826	±21,524	30,833	±58,207	54.3%	±100.4
Construction and extraction occupations	63,302	±9,646	63,825	±10,025	32,388	±51,737	50.7%	±77.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	72,911	±4,582	73,115	±4,227	41,810	±41,466	57.2%	±57.1
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	40,718	±4,987	42,769	±2,785	32,959	±4,830	77.1%	±12.5
Production occupations	34,249	±5,030	34,547	±8,328	33,258	±9,601	96.3%	±35.8
Transportation occupations	59,936	±7,532	63,215	±4,240	44,087	±25,292	69.7%	±41.2
Material moving occupations	30,909	±3,337	31,960	±5,914	20,409	±19,097	63.9%	±58.4

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, the decennial census is the official source of population totals for April 1st of each decennial year. In between censuses, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Information about the American Community Survey (ACS) can be found on the ACS website. Supporting documentation including code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing, and a full list of ACS tables and table shells (without estimates) can be found on the Technical Documentation section of the ACS website. Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Occupation titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the 2018 Standard Occupational Classification.

The 2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the March 2020 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on 2020 Census data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution. For a 5-year median estimate, the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

N The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area.

(X) The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median- The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+ The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

\*\*\* The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

\*\*\*\*\* A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.